2005 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for Shelby County (CAFR)

Shelby County provides a full range of services, including law enforcement, judicial system, jail and correction facilities, health services, community services, fire protection and recreational activities. This CAFR is a comprehensive overview of these financial activities

Terms of Use and Disclaimer

Use of this web page constitutes acknowledgement and acceptance of the following terms and conditions. *Please read carefully before proceeding*.

Information on this web page is not an offer to sell securities or the solicitation of an offer to buy securities, nor shall there be any sale of securities in any jurisdiction in which such offer, solicitation or sale would be unlawful prior to registration or qualification under the securities laws of such jurisdiction. The information, estimates and expressions of opinion herein are subject to change without notice and the posting of information on this web page does not imply that there has been no change in such information or the affairs of Shelby County, Tennessee or any agency thereof since the date of posting such information.

The Department of Finance of Shelby County, Tennessee has not participated in the preparation, compilation or selection of information on any other web page or site, and assumes no responsibility or liability for the contents thereof.

Shelby County Government has taken reasonable security measures to protect the integrity of its website and information posted thereon. Absent any unauthorized act that deletes, edits or manipulates the words or data in the financial reports and statements, such financial reports and statements are accurate as of their date.

The financial reports and statements included on this web page represents the financial position and results of operations as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Of Shelby County, Tennessee For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Prepared by the Department of Finance

and Changes in Fund Balances 98

P	age		Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION			
Letter of Transmittal	1	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Budgetary	
County Officials	6	Comparsion Schedules	
County Organization Chart	7	Roads and Bridges Fund	100
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	8	Solid Waste Management Fund	101
		Hotel Motel Tax Fund	102
FINANCIAL SECTION		Sheriff Narcotics Fund	
TINANCIAL SECTION		Register Data Processing Fund	
		Car Rental Tax Fund	105
Independent Auditors' Report	9	Health Services Restricted Fees	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	11	Special Revenue Fund	106
		Internal Service Funds	
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		Combining Statement of Net Assets	
		Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Government-wide Financial Statements		Changes in Fund Net Assets	
Statement of Net Assets	27	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	112
Statement of Activities		Nonmajor Component Units	
Statement of Activities	_20	Combining Statement of Net Assets	116
Fund Financial Statements		Combining Statement of Activities	_ 117
		Constitutional Officers	
Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	20	General and Agency Funds-Combined Schedule	
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental	_30	of Assets and Liabilities	118
Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	33	General and Agency Funds-Combined Schedule	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and	_ 33	of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Balances	120
Changes in Fund Balances	3.1	General Fund-Combined Schedule of Changes	
Reconciliation of Changes in Fund Balances of	_ 54	in Fee and Commission Accounts	122
Governmental Funds to the Statement of		General Obligation Bonds	
Activities	37	Schedule of General Obligation Bonds-	
Proprietary Funds	_57	Except for School Purposes	124
Statement of Net Assets	38	Schedule of General Obligation Bonds-	120
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes	_50	School Purposes Schedule of Defeased Bonds	130
in Fund Net Assets	39	Schedule of Defeased Bonds	134
Statement of Cash Flows	40		
Fiduciary Funds		OTHER BUDGETARY COMPARISON	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets	44	SCHEDULES	
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets	45		
Component Units		Debt Service Fund	125
Combining Statement of Net Assets	46	General Fund Budgetary Comparisons	133
Combining Statement of Activities	48	Summary By Type	136
	-	Summary By Type Summary By Department	137
Notes to Financial Statements		Mayor's Office	142
Index of Notes to Financial Statements	51	Public Affairs	143
Notes to Financial Statements		Chief Administrative Officer	144
		Office of Health Policy	145
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY		Public Defender	146
INFORMATION		Divorce Referee	147
11 (1 (11) (11) (11)		County Attorney	148
Budgetary Comparison Schedules		Director – Administration & Finance	149
General Fund	91	Central Operations	
Education Fund		County Grants	
Grants Fund		Personnel	152
Retirement System	-	Purchasing	153
Shelby County Retirement System	94	Information Technology	154
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	Finance	155
COMBINING AND OTHER STATEMENT	ГC	Board of Equalization	156
	13	Election Commission	157
AND SCHEDULES		Jury Commission	158
Normalian Communication 1		Department of Housing	159
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	06	Public Works – Director & Staff	160
Combining Balance Sheet	96	County Engineer	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures	00	Emergency Services	

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Table of Contents (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Page
Environmental Improvement Commission	163
Soil Conservation	
Weights and Measures	165
Shelby Farms	
Agricultural Extension Service	167
Conservation Board	168
Port Commission	169
Security & Investigation	
Support Services	171
Archives	172
Director – Health Services	173
Forensic Services	174
Administration & Finance – Health Services	175
Environmental Health Services	
Personal Health Services	
Assessment & Assurance	178
Director – Community Services	179
Special Funded Projects	180
Victims' Assistance Center	181
Office on Aging	182
Pretrial Services	183
Sheriff	
Chancery Court Judges	185
Circuit Court Judges	186
Criminal Court Judges	187
General Sessions Civil Court Judges	188
General Sessions Criminal Court Judges	189
Probate Court Judges	190
Chancery Court Clerk	191
Circuit Court Clerk	192
Criminal Court Clerk	193
General Sessions Court Clerk	194
Probate Court Clerk	195
Juvenile Court Clerk	196
Juvenile Court	197
Commissioner's Contingency	198
Legislative Operation	199
Equal Opportunity Compliance	200
Assessor	201
Attorney General	202
County Clerk	203
Register	204
Trustee Grants Fund Budgetary Comparisons	205
Grants Fund Budgetary Comparisons	
Summary By Type	206
Summary By Department	207
Personnel	
Finance	212
Economic & Resource Management	213
Department of Housing	214
Department of Regional Services	215
County Engineer	216
Emergency Services	217
Environmental Improvement	218
Chickasaw Basin Authority	219
Roads & Bridges	220
Corrections Administration	221
Administration & Finance-Health Services	222
Environmental Health Services	223
Personal Health Services	224
Assessment & Assurance	225
Community Services Administration	
Headstart	221

	rage
Special Funded Projects	228
Victims' Assistance Center	229
Pretrial Services	
Aging Commission of the Mid South	
Sheriff	
General Sessions Criminal Court Judges	
Juvenile Court	
Attorney General	

STATISTICAL SECTION

General Government Expenditures	
By Function-Last Ten Fiscal Years	237
General Government Revenues	
By Source–Last Ten Fiscal Years	238
Property Tax Levies and Collections-	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	239
Construction Permits-Last Ten Fiscal Years	240
Assessed and Estimated Value of Taxable	
Property-Last Ten Fiscal Years	241
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping	
Government-Last Ten Fiscal Years	242
Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed	
Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita-	
Last Ten Fiscal Years	243
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures For	
General Bonded Debt to General Government	
Expenditures-Last Ten Fiscal Years	244
Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
Miscellaneous Statistics	246
Schedule of Salaries and Fidelity Bonds of	
Principal Officials	248



Shelby County Government

December 1, 2005

To the Members of the Board of County Commissioners and the Citizens of Shelby County, Tennessee:

The comprehensive annual financial report of Shelby County, Tennessee (hereafter, Shelby County) for the year ended June 30, 2005 is hereby submitted as required by both local ordinances and state statutes. These require that Shelby County publish each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements as required by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free from any material misstatement.

Thompson Dunavant PLC, certified public accountants have issued an unqualified opinion on Shelby County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides an analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of Shelby County, Tennessee

Shelby County, established in 1819, is the largest county in the State of Tennessee with Memphis as the County seat. The County is located in the extreme southwest corner of Tennessee on the east bank of the Mississippi River and is the hub of the 105 county Mid-South Region. Contained within the County's 783 square miles are seven incorporated municipalities, including Arlington, Bartlett, Collierville, Germantown, Lakeland, Memphis and Millington. The population of the County is 903,186. The County is empowered to levy, without limit, a property tax on both real and personal property located within its boundaries.

Since the implementation of the Restructure Act on January 1, 1976, the County has operated under the Mayor-Commission form of government. The Mayor, as the County's chief executive officer, oversees the operations of the County's six divisions. The thirteen members of the Shelby County Board of Commissioners (the Commission), the legislative branch of the government, review and approve the County's programs and budgets. The Mayor and each

Commissioner serves a four year term. The Sheriff, who oversees law enforcement, County Clerk, Assessor, Register, Trustee, Circuit Court Clerk, Criminal Court Clerk, General Sessions Court Clerk, Juvenile Court Clerk and Probate Court Clerk are also elected to four year terms.

Shelby County provides a full range of services, including law enforcement, judicial system, jail and corrections facilities, health services, community services, fire protection and recreational activities. Shelby County also is financially accountable for a legally separate school district, public hospital, agricultural center and emergency communications district, which are reported separately within the Shelby County financial statements. Additional information on these entities can be found in Note I. A. in the notes to the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Shelby County's financial planning and control. All departments and elected officials submit their requested budget to the County Mayor by early March. After a series of reviews, the County Mayor presents a proposed consolidated budget to the County Commission by April 30. The County Commission holds budget hearings and then adopts a final budget. This process is generally completed by July 1, the start of the fiscal year. However, the County Commission has the authority to adopt a continuing budget until a final budget can be adopted. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, division (function such as public works), and department (e.g., parks). The Mayor may make transfers of appropriations within personnel or non-personnel categories within a department or between departments within a division. Any other transfers require approval of the County Commission.

Local economy

Shelby County experienced some growth in the local economy this past year as did most of the country. In recent years, the economy of the County has experienced notable success attracting new businesses along with the continued growth of existing businesses. The result has been relatively steady total employment in the County during periods of sluggish growth or decline in the national economy with substantial increases when the national economy improved. This success is due, in large part, to the County's location near the geographic center of the nation and its excellent transportation facilities. Also, the County benefits from serving as the trade center for the surrounding area.

The County is the major wholesale and retail center for western Tennessee, eastern Arkansas and northern Mississippi. The Memphis MSA is considered one of the top 100 suburban markets and ranks forty-third in total effective buying income according to Sales & Marketing management's September 2004 publication. The industrial economy of the County encompasses not one, but many industries. Twenty major industrial groups, as classified by the Bureau of the Budget, are listed in the Directory of Memphis Manufacturers. Major industries include chemicals, electronics, foods and beverages, paper products, hardwood lumber products, pharmaceuticals, soybean and cotton oil derivatives and fertilizers.

The major areas of employment in Shelby County are the services, government, and wholesale and retail trade. Comparatively, both the Southeast Region and the United States overall show a heavier concentration in manufacturing than does the County, but they also display lower employment in transportation and public utilities. According to the Tennessee Department of Labor, the unemployment rate for Shelby County as of September 30, 2005 was 5.7%, as compared to the state's rate of 4.9% and the national rate of 4.8%.

Long-term financial planning

During the past ten years, excluding capital projects, the County's governmental expenditures related to education, law enforcement and debt service have increased as a percent of total expenditures from 54.3% to 67.8%. Education expenditures increased by 8.3% to 37.6% in 2005.

During this same ten-year period, local taxes have increased as a percent of total revenue from 66.2% to 74.9% because the areas of relative increase in expenditures are primarily supported by local taxes. Elected officials fees and fines have only increased by 2.1% and, as a percent of total revenue have decreased from 11.7% to 6.4%. State revenue has also decreased as a percent of total revenue from 11.7% to 7.8%.

In 2003 the Mayor, with the support of the Commission, made it a priority to replenish the General Fund and to avoid unplanned withdrawals from that fund. A goal was established to increase the General Fund unreserved fund balance to approximately 10% of General Fund expenditures over 2 years. This goal was substantially accomplished in one year and exceeded in the second year. The General Fund unreserved fund balance at June 30, 2005 is 12.5% of General Fund expenditures. The County intends to maintain this ratio between 10% and 15%.

In 2004 the Administration, with the support of the Commission engaged Public Financial Management, Inc., a financial advisory firm, to conduct a study to determine whether Shelby County Government is operating efficiently and effectively. The result of this study was the issuance of a five-year strategic financial and management plan. The study found that Shelby County Government is relatively efficient compared to similar governments, but it also pointed to a number of areas where we can improve. All of the recommendations have been addressed, many have been adopted and we are currently working toward implementing additional recommendations.

Closer cooperation has been established between the Administration and the Commission including an open, thorough and timely budgeting process, which focuses on a clear understanding of debt funding, in addition to funding for operations. We have aggressively reduced our capital plan from over \$150 million in 2003 to under \$80 million annually starting in 2008 to stop the growth of debt. However, the City and County School Systems have identified needs well beyond the amounts provided in our capital plan. Through growth management and needs assessment as addressed below, school needs will be more clearly identified and alternative funding sources may be established. Should any increase to the capital plan be necessary, funding must also be provided.

Major initiatives

The Administration has identified a number of priorities designed to shore up the long-term financial position of the County as addressed above in long-term financial planning. We have established the following initiatives that focus on structural changes in areas that are costly to County Government.

1. Growth Management – Shelby County has instituted a Smart Growth plan designed to manage development, particularly in the unincorporated areas. This plan is designed to insure that incentives are created that will encourage inner city redevelopment where infrastructure already is in place. Additionally, the Shelby County Mayor is seeking passage of legislation to ensure that new development pays for itself and is sustainable. These steps are necessary to relieve the increasing dependence on property taxes.

- 2. Healthcare Funding Shelby County continues to pursue more equitable funding from the State of Tennessee for the Regional Medical Center at Memphis. The State has recently provided some increase in its funding level and we are continuing to pursue additional funding. Additionally, both Mississippi and Arkansas have begun to provide some funding for the services rendered to their residents by the MED. Presently, Shelby County Government contributes approximately \$25 million annually to The Med and pays another \$11 million in debt service for The Med. The funding to The Med is not only for the hospital itself, but for a network of community healthcare centers.
- 3. Education Capital Needs The County established a Needs Assessment Committee to address the financial burden of the current capital funding mechanism for public schools, including both Memphis City Schools and Shelby County Schools. The Committee will:

 1) Develop uniform standards and costs for school construction; 2) Annually assess capital needs of each school system and create a comprehensive plan for capital projects and funding; 3) Review, as necessary, capital requests of both school systems that fall outside of the comprehensive plan and make recommendations to the County Commission regarding those requests.
- 4. Economic Development One of the County's primary attractions for economic development is the combination of its central location in the United States and its excellent transportation facilities, including air, rail and water. Another attractive feature for certain companies is the relatively low cost of living compared with other urban areas, including real estate prices. In conjunction with the City of Memphis, a new "Mayor's Office of Economic Development" is being formed to increase the emphasis placed on economic growth. This office will work with and coordinate the activities of many regional development groups, in addition to the local Industrial Development Board, Office of Planning and Development, Center City Commission and others.
- 5. Real Estate Asset Management An effort is underway to incorporate best practices with regard to the management, utilization and disposal of our real estate assets. We have engaged Cushman & Wakefield, who in cooperation with Commercial Advisors, are evaluating procedures and processes regarding our real estate holdings in order to develop a revised business plan for utilization and disposal of these assets. A uniform decision approach will be adopted to evaluate the current inventory of real estate assets held by the county on broad based utilization criteria. These assets can then be assigned on a priority basis to program areas or disposed of at the completion of thorough analysis to determine highest and best use.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Shelby County, Tennessee for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the year ended June 30, 2004. This was the twentieth consecutive year that Shelby County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded the Certificate of Achievement, a government had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Due credit also is given to all County Commissioners for their interest and support in planning and conducting the operations of Shelby County in a responsible and progressive manner.

Sincerely,

A C Wharton, Jr.

Mayor

James F. Huntzicker, Director

Division of Administration and Finance

Shelby County, Tennessee County Officials As of June 30, 2005

Shelby County Board of Commissioners

Michael A. Hooks, Chairman Tom Moss, Chairman Pro Tempore

Joyce AveryJoe FordDeidre MaloneWalter Lee Bailey, Jr.Cleo C. KirkBruce ThompsonJulian BoltonDavid LillardJohn WillinghamGeorge S. Flinn, Jr.Marilyn Loeffel

Roster of Publicly Elected Officials

Assessor of Property – Rita C. Clark
Attorney General – William L. Gibbons
County Clerk – Jayne Creson
County Mayor – A C Wharton, Jr.
County Register – Tom Leatherwood
County Trustee – Bob Patterson
Sheriff – Mark H. Luttrell, Jr.

Chancery Court Clerk & Master –
Kenny W. Armstrong
Circuit Court Clerk – Jimmy Moore
Criminal Court Clerk – William R. Key
General Sessions Court Clerk – Chris Turner
Juvenile Court Clerk – Steve Stamson
Probate Court Clerk – Chris Thomas

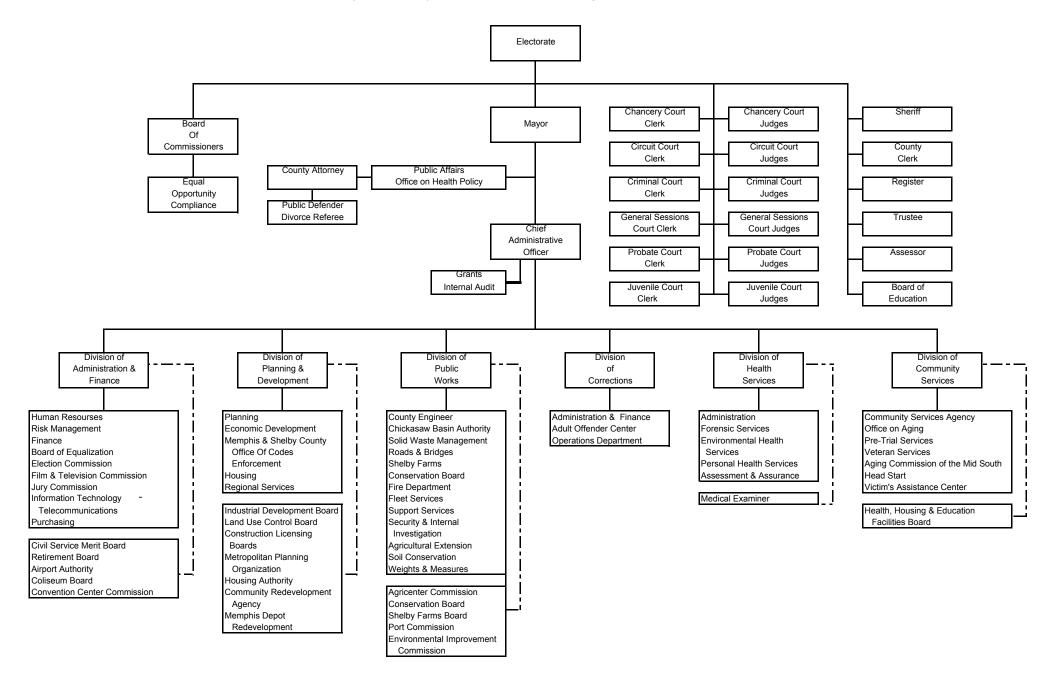
Roster of Shelby County Administrative Officials

A C Wharton Jr. - Mayor
John Fowlkes - Chief Administrative Officer
Earnest Lee Gunn - Assistant Chief Administrative Officer
Brian Kuhn - County Attorney
James Huntzicker - Director of Administration and Finance
Richard Copeland - Director of Planning and Development
Theodore C. Fox III - Director of Public Works
George Little - Director of Corrections
Yvonne Smith-Madlock - Director of Health Services
Linda Rendtorff - Director of Community Services

Shelby County Board of Education

David Pickler, Chairman Anne Edmiston Ernest Chism Joseph Clayton Wyatt Bunker, Vice Chairman Virginia Harvell Ron Lollar

Shelby County Government Organizational Chart



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Shelby County, Tennessee

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2004

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Manugh. Zielle

President

Executive Director

THOMPSON DUNAVANT PLC

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Chairman and Members Shelby County Board of Commissioners and the Mayor of Shelby County, Tennessee Memphis, Tennessee

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Tennessee, as of and for the year ended June 30,2005, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Shelby County, Tennessee's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Shelby County Health Care Corporation, Agricenter International, Inc., and Emergency Communications District of Shelby County, Tennessee which represent \$189,697,366 and \$309,736,488, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the component units, and Shelby County Retirement System, which represents \$843,058,392 of the assets and 100% of the revenues of the fiduciary funds. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for those component units and Shelby County Retirement System is based on the reports of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the reports of other auditors provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelby County, Tennessee, as of June 30, 2005, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Page Two

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2005 on our consideration of Shelby County, Tennessee's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 11 through 25 and the budgetary comparison information and the Shelby County Retirement System Schedule on pages 91 through 94 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Shelby County, Tennessee's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as combining and other statements and schedules and other budgetary comparison schedules in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors and, in our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us and the other auditors in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Thompson Dunavant PLC

Memphis, Tennessee November 18, 2005

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The management of Shelby County Government (County) presents this narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with information in the transmittal letter found at the front of this report and the basic financial statements, which follow in this section.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental entities are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). This is the fourth annual financial report issued by Shelby County using the standards established by the GASB's Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments. Statement No. 34 made significant changes to financial reporting, including new "government-wide" financial statements. Shelby County follows all GASB standards in addition to Statement No. 34 as well as other authoritative literature known collectively within the accounting profession as "generally accepted accounting principles."

Financial Highlights

- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved undesignated fund balance for the general fund was \$37,539,543, or 12.5 percent of total general fund expenditures. This was an increase of \$7,358,304, or a 24.4% increase.
- Fund balance for the debt service fund increased \$19.8 million to \$29,241,588, which is 21.7% of total expenditures of the debt service fund. The balance is well above our target minimum level of \$4 million.
- Total liabilities of Shelby County exceed total assets as of June 30, 2005 by \$1,364,376,086. The largest contributing factor causing this deficit is the fact that the County issues debt on behalf of entities not a part of the County's primary financial reporting unit and the related assets are not recorded by the County. These entities include the school systems of Shelby County and the City of Memphis, joint ventures with the City of Memphis, and others.
- The decrease in net assets of \$21.9 million results primarily from the issuance of debt for school construction of \$77.3 million, offset by the fund balance increases noted above in the general and debt service funds and a \$7.9 million increase in net assets of the internal service funds.

More details on these highlights and other information are in the remainder of this discussion and analysis.

Overview of the Financial Report

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report includes three major sections – Introductory Section, Financial Section, and Statistical Section. The Introductory Section includes a transmittal letter and general information about the County. The Statistical Section includes financial and non-financial data, some from sources other than financial records and often

covering up to ten years. The Financial Section is the major part of the financial report. The Independent Auditor's Report applies only to the Financial Section. This discussion and analysis applies only to the Financial Section.

The Financial Section includes the following statements and schedules:

- Basic Financial Statements
 - Government-wide financial statements
 - Fund financial statements
 - Notes to financial statements
- Required Supplemental Information (Budgetary Comparison Schedules)
- Combining Statements and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Shelby County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide a broad overview of Shelby County's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The two government-wide financial statements present highly summarized information for all of County government.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of Shelby County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of changes in the financial position of Shelby County. However, because the County issues substantial amounts of debt for capital assets of others, such as the Memphis City Schools, annual decreases in net assets are expected in years when such debt is issued.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying economic event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cashflows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Shelby County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Shelby County include general government, hospital, planning & development, public works, corrections, health services, community services, law enforcement, judicial, other elected officials, education and interest on debt. The business-type activities of Shelby County consist of codes enforcement, fire services and corrections.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Shelby County itself - known as the *primary government* - but also four legally separate entities for which Shelby County is financially accountable. These entities are the Shelby County Board of Education, Shelby County Health Care Corporation (The Med), Agricenter International, and the Emergency Communications District. Financial information for these *component units* is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. This discussion and analysis is devoted to Shelby County government rather than the component units.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Shelby County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Shelby County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental funds</u>. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is more narrow than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Shelby County maintains twelve individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, debt service fund, capital projects fund, education fund, and grants fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the nonmajor governmental funds combining statements elsewhere in this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>. Shelby County maintains two types of proprietary funds. <u>Enterprise funds</u> are used to report the same functions presented as <u>business-type activities</u> in the government-wide financial statements. Shelby County uses enterprise funds to account for Consolidated Codes Enforcement, Correction Center and Fire Services. <u>Internal service funds</u> are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Shelby County's various functions. Shelby County uses internal service funds to account for its central services, group hospital, group life, tort liability and employer insurance funds. Because these services

predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each enterprise fund. Internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of a *combining statement* elsewhere in this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support Shelby County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The Shelby County Retirement System is the major fiduciary fund.

<u>Component units combining statements</u>. Component units are not "funds" of Shelby County as the primary government. However, the government-wide financial statements include one column for all component units as discussed above. In order to provide details on each component unit, a combining statement of net assets and a combining statement of activities are included in the fund financial statements section of the basic financial statements.

Differences between government-wide and fund financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are much more aggregated and summarized than the fund financial statements. The government-wide statement of net assets includes capital assets and long-term debt, whereas the fund balance sheets include neither. The government-wide statement of activities does not report the issuance or repayment of long-term debt during the year and reports depreciation expense but not amounts expended for capital assets during the year. The fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes as other financing sources the amount of long-term debt incurred during the year and as expenditures the amount of principal repaid. This statement also includes amounts expended for capital assets but not depreciation. These are some of the most common, significant differences but there are others. Following the fund balance sheet and the fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances is a reconciliation of those statements to the government-wide statement of net assets and the statement of activities.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. "Notes" is the traditional term applied to this information; however the term is misleading in that the notes can vary in length from one paragraph to several pages.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

This section contains other information that financial reporting standards specify should be included under this caption. Shelby County is required to present information on budgetary compliance and the retirement system. Budgetary comparison schedules are presented for the

general fund and other "major" special revenue funds (the education fund and the grants fund) to demonstrate compliance with their budget. Other budgetary comparison schedules not fitting the criteria defined for this section are presented under "Combining Statements and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules." For the Shelby County Retirement System (a fiduciary fund), the required supplementary information is a schedule of funding progress and disclosures related to the actuarial valuations.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Combining fund statements for the non-major special revenue funds and internal service funds are included in this section of the report. Supplemental schedules include general fund and grants fund budgetary comparisons by department, detail of constitutional officers' activities and schedules of debt by debt issue.

Government-wide Financial Analysis (Reporting the County as a Whole)

FINANCIAL POSITION

Table 1 shows a condensed version of the Statement of Net Assets (see the government-wide financial statements for the full version as of June 30, 2005). This statement shows the financial position of the County as a whole at specific points in time – in this case as of June 30, 2005 and as of June 30, 2004. The 2004 amounts have been restated for items reported in Note IV (Q) of the Notes to Financial Statements.

Property taxes receivable is by far the largest portion of Shelby County's assets (60.3% at June 30, 2005 and 57.8% at June 30, 2004). The June 30, 2005 property taxes receivable includes \$642 million, offset by an equal deferred revenue amount in other liabilities, that became a property lien on January 1, 2005 but are levied for next fiscal year's operations. The similar amount at June 30, 2004 was \$564 million. Total assets increased \$79.7 million, attributable primarily to increases in property taxes receivable and capital assets.

Liabilities increased \$101.6 million during the year. This increase was due primarily to an increase of \$101.5 million in notes payable from short term borrowing and \$75 million in deferred revenues, offset by a decrease of \$49 million in long-term liabilities and of \$25 million in other liabilities.

Table 1 Condensed Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2005 and 2004

•		June 30, 2005	June 30, 2004		Change
Governmental Activities	_			_	
Property taxes receivable	\$	683,388,277	\$ 608,918,477	\$	74,469,800
Current and other assets		182,230,392	193,207,184		(10,976,792)
Capital assets		230,194,262	 209,775,976		20,418,286
Total assets		1,095,812,931	 1,011,901,637		83,911,294
Long-term liabilities		1,615,507,305	 1,664,400,266		(48,892,961)
Other liabilities		876,309,709	 724,406,873		151,902,836
Total liabilities		2,491,817,014	 2,388,807,139		103,009,875
Invested in capital, net of related debt		(165,081,297)	 (187,605,328)		22,524,031
Restricted		46,561,030	25,939,996		20,621,034
Unrestricted		(1,277,483,816)	(1,215,240,170)		(62,243,646)
Total net assets		(1,396,004,083)	(1,376,905,502)		(19,098,581)
Business-Type Activities					
Current and other assets		8,845,780	12,101,589		(3,255,809)
Capital assets		28,975,090	29,910,693		(935,603)
Total assets		37,820,870	 42,012,282		(4,191,412)
Long-term liabilities		5,066,405	 5,402,422		(336,017)
Other liabilities		1,126,468	2,210,313		(1,083,845)
Total liabilities		6,192,873	 7,612,735		(1,419,862)
Invested in capital, net of related debt		28,180,902	 29,047,386		(866,484)
Unrestricted		3,447,095	5,352,161		(1,905,066)
Total net assets		31,627,997	34,399,547		(2,771,550)
Total Primary Government					
Property taxes receivable		683,388,277	608,918,477		74,469,800
Current and other assets		191,076,172	205,308,973		(14,232,601)
Capital assets		259,169,352	239,686,669		19,482,683
Total assets		1,133,633,801	 1,053,913,919		79,719,882
Long-term liabilities		1,620,573,710	 1,669,802,688		(49,228,978)
Other liabilities		877,436,177	726,617,186		150,818,991
Total liabilities		2,498,009,887	2,396,419,874		101,590,013
Invested in capital, net of related debt		(136,900,395)	(158,557,942)		21,657,547
Restricted		46,561,030	25,939,996		20,621,034
Unrestricted		(1,274,036,721)	 (1,209,888,009)		(64,148,712)
Total net assets	\$	(1,364,376,086)	\$ (1,342,505,955)	\$	(21,870,131)

[&]quot;Net assets" are the difference between assets and liabilities and, in a general sense, may be considered the recorded financial "net worth" of the County. The most obvious concern that can be noted about net assets is the large negative net asset amount. The negative net asset amount is caused by two significant factors. The first factor and largest dollar amount relates to debt issued for capital assets (buildings, roads, etc.) where the capital asset values are *not* recorded in the County's financial records but the debt *is* on the County's records. Some of this debt has been

issued to provide capital assets to component units of the County, including the Shelby County Board of Education and the Shelby County Health Care Corporation (The Med). These component units report the capital assets but not the debt. Other debt is issued for entities not a part of the County reporting entity, including the Memphis City Schools Board of Education and the Convention Center. As a result of reporting the debt liabilities without reporting the assets acquired with the proceeds of the debt, a negative net asset amount is reported in the County's statement of net assets.

The following long-term debt and notes payable are reported by the County for which related capital assets are not recorded by Shelby County:

	June 30, 2005			June 30, 2004	
Shelby County and City of Memphis schools	\$	996,948,343	\$	951,593,850	
Shelby County Health Care					
Corporation (component unit)		109,735,538		115,761,611	
Convention Center (joint venture)		73,511,090		75,355,398	
Other		77,219,418		80,136,996	
Total	\$	1,267,414,389	\$	1,222,847,855	

The second factor that contributes to the negative net asset amount relates to "infrastructure" capital assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001. These are mostly roads and bridges. GASB Statement No. 34 referenced above requires that these infrastructure capital assets be reported not later than fiscal year 2006. The County will report these capital assets next fiscal year. Some of the long-term debt liability reported was used to acquire or construct these infrastructure capital assets. Since the debt is being reported but the assets have not yet been reported, a negative net asset amount results.

Shelby County, the component units, and other entities (such as Memphis City Schools) use these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Shelby County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's total net assets decreased by \$21.9 million, which is primarily due to the increase in debt for schools' capital assets as discussed above. Excluding the increase in debt for which the related capital assets are not recorded by Shelby County (schedule above) of \$44.6 million, the County's total net assets increased by \$22.7 million. Changes in net assets are discussed below.

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – REVENUES, EXPENSES AND TRANSFERS

Table 2 summarizes the financial activity for the County as a whole for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, with comparative amounts for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2004.

For governmental activities, program revenues are those revenues generated by the department or program as a result of the activities engaged in by the department or program. Program revenues decreased 2.1% during the year. General revenues are those revenues not generated through the activities of the County; property taxes produce the largest amount of general revenues. General revenues increased 1.5% during the year. Overall revenues increased 0.7% during the year.

Table 2 Shelby County Change in Net assets Fiscal Years Ending June 30, 2005 and 2004

Tisour Tour	3 Liidi	FY 2005	os ui	FY 2004		Change
Governmental activities:			_		-	
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$	87,079,570	\$	81,410,002	\$	5,669,568
Operating grants and contributions		119,186,843		121,711,056		(2,524,213)
Capital grants and contributions		277,257		7,818,000		(7,540,743)
Total program revenues		206,543,670		210,939,058		(4,395,388)
General revenues:	-					
Property taxes		587,164,493		582,711,510		4,452,983
Other taxes		85,517,893		82,726,123		2,791,770
Other		5,660,042		2,782,079		2,877,963
Total general revenues		678,342,428		668,219,712		10,122,716
Total revenues-governmental activities	-	884,886,098		879,158,770		5,727,328
Expenses:						
General government		46,228,263		62,965,112		(16,736,849)
Hospital		25,566,667		28,213,585		(2,646,918)
Planning & development		6,084,407		7,363,302		(1,278,895)
Public works		34,934,896		23,258,832		11,676,064
Corrections		371,598		825,555		(453,957)
Health services		50,576,288		50,318,012		258,276
Community services		41,010,999		39,778,703		1,232,296
Law enforcement		128,391,275		126,651,679		1,739,596
Judicial		52,348,970		50,271,461		2,077,509
Other elected officials		31,109,337		29,561,524		1,547,813
Education		404,270,674		428,873,650		(24,602,976)
Interest on debt		75,944,617		65,885,498		10,059,119
Total expenses-governmental activities		896,837,991		913,966,913		(17,128,922)
Increase (decrease) in net assets						
before transfers		(11,951,893)		(34,808,143)		22,856,250
<u>Transfers</u>		(7,146,688)		(11,861,324)		4,714,636
Increase (decrease) in net assets		(19,098,581)		(46,669,467)		27,570,886
Net assets – beginning of year		(1,376,905,502)		(1,330,236,035)		(46,669,467)
Net assets - end of year		(1,396,004,083)		(1,376,905,502)		(19,098,581)

Business-type activities:	FY 2005	FY 2004	Change
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	56,282,351	63,770,875	(7,488,524)
Operating grants and contributions	56,960	60,960	(4,000)
Total operating revenues	56,339,311	63,831,835	(7,492,524)
Non-operating revenues	283,040	486,261	(203,221)
Total revenues	56,622,351	64,318,096	(7,695,745)
Expenses:			
Codes enforcement	12,753,672	8,081,482	4,672,190
Nursing homes	-0-	15,783,099	(15,783,099)
Fire services	11,218,053	11,408,991	(190,938)
Corrections	42,568,864	44,288,051	(1,719,187)
Total expenses	66,540,589	79,561,623	(13,021,034)
Increase (decrease) in net assets			
before transfers	(9,918,238)	(15,243,527)	5,325,289
<u>Transfer</u>	7,146,688	11,861,324	(4,714,636)
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(2,771,550)	(3,382,203)	610,653
Net assets - beginning of year	34,399,547	37,781,750	(3,382,203)
Net assets - end of year	31,627,997	34,399,547	(2,771,550)
Total primary government:			
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(21,870,131)	(50,051,670)	28,181,539
Net assets - beginning of year	(1,342,505,955)	(1,292,454,285)	(50,051,670)
Net assets - end of year	\$ (1,364,376,086)	\$ (1,342,505,955)	\$ (21,870,131)

Total expenses for the year in governmental activities decreased \$17.1 million (1.9%). The decrease in general government (\$16.7 million) and the increase in public works (\$11.7 million) includes the shift of \$12.5 million from general government to public works. Education expenses decreased \$24.6 million because the prior year included \$29 million of school debt to build a new high school.

In business-type activities, total revenues decreased by \$7.7 million. However, FY 2004 included \$9.7 million of revenue from the Oakville Health Care Center; Oakville was sold as of June 30, 2004 so there was no revenue from this activity in FY 2005. Approximately 75% of the inmates at the Corrections Center are the responsibility of the State of Tennessee. The State pays the Corrections Center their share of actual cost per inmate day. The general fund provides an operating transfer for the costs not recovered from the state. The change in net assets in this fund generally represents non-cash changes in long term assets and liabilities.

CHANGE IN FINANCIAL POSITION DURING YEAR

The overall change in the financial position of Shelby County during fiscal year 2005 was a decrease in net assets of \$21.9 million.

The County's governmental activities operated at a deficit of approximately \$19.1 million. This was mostly debt issued for component units, the City of Memphis Board of Education, and others where the County retains liability for the debt but does not hold the related capital assets. This situation is discussed more at length above.

The business-type activities had a net decrease of \$2.8 million. This resulted from a planned reduction in net assets of Consolidated Codes Enforcement, offset somewhat by operating profits in the Fire Services Fund.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Shelby County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Shelby County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Shelby County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, Shelby County's governmental funds reported a combined ending deficit fund balance of \$48,337,208. The components of the balances are:

	June 30, 2005		June 30, 2004
General Fund-reserved/designated	\$ 4,158,337	\$	5,260,223
General Fund-unreserved	37,539,543		30,181,239
Debt Service Fund	29,241,588		9,457,475
Special revenue funds	17,374,768		16,482,521
Total, except Capital Projects Fund	88,314,236	_	61,381,458
Capital Projects Fund	(132,651,444)		(24,919,442)
Total all governmental funds	\$ (48,337,208)	\$	36,462,016

There was a \$26.9 million increase in fund balance excluding capital projects. The decrease in the capital projects fund results from the use of short-term borrowing for capital projects as discussed below.

The general fund operated with net revenue of \$6.1 million, resulting from revenue exceeding budget by \$3 million and expenditures being \$3 million under budget. The County had planned to increase unreserved fund balance by at least \$1 million to provide more resources to absorb potential negative financial events. The general fund unreserved amount is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of fund balance has been committed to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period and for advances to the Fire Services Fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of Shelby County. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 12.5 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 13.8 percent of that same amount. General fund revenues were \$24 million (7.2%) below the prior year, which resulted primarily from shifting local property taxes from the general fund to the debt service fund. Expenditures were \$15.4 million less (4.9%) than the prior year and net transfers were \$4.4 million less. Before the beginning of FY 2004 management committed to increasing unreserved fund balance of the general fund by \$10 million over the next two years; the actual increase for those two years was \$19.3 million.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$29,241,588 to be used for the payment of debt service. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$19,784,113. This increase resulted from revenue exceeding budget by \$4.5 million and a refinancing debt issue providing \$10.7 million as an other financing source and a \$4.7 million reduction in debt service expenditures.

The increase in the fund deficit of the capital projects fund was the result of issuing short-term debt for capital improvement projects. At the conclusion of each short-term borrowing program (generally two years), the short-term debt is refinanced with long-term general obligation debt. Short-term debt is recorded as a liability of the capital projects fund and, to the extent such borrowings have been spent, a fund deficit is created. The deficit is cleared when long-term debt is issued. Short-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2005 was \$141.0 million compared to \$39.5 million at June 30, 2004.

All special revenue balances are available only for the specific purposes designated by the provider of the funds or the legislation establishing the fees and charges that generate the revenue.

Proprietary funds. Shelby County's proprietary funds report financial information on the same basis as the government-wide financial statements (full accrual accounting based on the economic substance of transactions), but in more detail. Proprietary funds consist of two types of funds business-type activities - enterprise funds and governmental activities - internal service funds.

The County has three business-type activities; these are essentially self-supporting activities. Two of the activities have consistently been able to support themselves; these are the Consolidated Codes Enforcement Fund and the Fire Services Fund. The Corrections Center receives reimbursement from the State of Tennessee for housing State prisoners, which are about 75% of the prison population. The general fund provides the remaining cost, excluding depreciation. Unrestricted net assets of the enterprise funds at the end of the year amounted to \$3,447,095, a decrease of 48.2%.

Total net assets of the enterprise funds decreased \$2,771,550, or about 8.1%, during the year. This decrease was caused by the planned use of fund balance in the Consolidated Codes Enforcement Fund.

The County has five internal service funds. These funds are reported using full accrual accounting. For the government-wide financial statements, these funds are combined with governmental activities. At June 30, 2005 these funds combined had net assets of \$7,861,063, an improvement of \$7,892,499 over the deficit of \$31,436 from the prior year. The employer insurance fund had a deficit at June 30, 2004 of \$3,894,774; this was reduced to a deficit of \$3,114,027 at June 30, 2005. This deficit is the result of claims that will be paid over a period of years being recorded when the claim occurs. The County's policy is to provide funding for long term claims on a claims paid basis. All the other funds have positive net assets.

Fiduciary funds. Shelby County reports two fiduciary funds. The largest is the Shelby County Retirement System. The funds in this trust are available only for retirement benefits of current and retired County employees. The accumulated funds in the retirement system are equal to the currently calculated actuarial liability, meaning the system is properly funded. The County provides funding as required each year for the increased liability for benefits being earned by current employees.

The County also maintains agency funds for a number of the County's elected "constitutional officers" (those officials designated by the State's constitution). These funds do not belong to the County, but are funds held for others. There are no "fund balances" for agency funds.

Governmental Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for the general fund can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Overall the expenditure budget decreased during the year by \$546,453, or about two-tenths of one percent. Actual expenditures were \$3 million below the amended budget, or 1.0%.
- The budget for general government was increased during the year by \$3.4 million, or 9.5%.
- The budget for health services was decreased during the year by \$2.2 million, or 7.2%.
- The budget for law enforcement was decreased during the year by \$2.0 million, or 1.6%. Actual expenditures were also \$1.2 million below the amended budget, or about 1.0%.
- The budget for judicial was decreased during the year by \$1.6 million, or about 4.2%.
- The budget for other elected officials was increased during the year by \$2.8 million, or about 10.9%.
- The revenue budget was decreased during the year by \$213,435, or less than one-tenth of one percent, from the original budget. Actual revenues were \$3.1 million, or about 1.0%, above the amended budget.
- Budgeted net transfers out were increased by \$1.4 million.

Capital Assets. Shelby County Government's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2005 amounts to \$259,169,352 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities and roads. Infrastructure, primarily roads, acquired prior to July 1, 2001 are not included. GASB Statement No. 34 requires the inclusion of infrastructure acquired beginning July 1, 2001 with retroactive reporting of infrastructure required not later than the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2006.

Additional information on Shelby County Government's capital assets can be found in note IV (E) of the Notes to Financial Statements of this report.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Roadway improvements, drainage improvements, and sanitary sewer upgrades continued within the County with an estimated cost of \$7.6 million.
- Renovation work continued at the Criminal Justice Complex, with projects including centralization of the floor pod control, jail door retrofit, and jail control center.
- Funding for the radio frequency and equipment upgrades project totaled \$10.8 million.

Construction in progress as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$43,087,654.

Long-term Debt. At June 30, 2005 Shelby County's general obligation bonded debt (bonds payable) outstanding totaled \$1,569,111,426 which represented approximately 10.35 percent of assessed value. In addition, the County has short-term notes payable of \$141 million, an increase of \$101.5 million. These notes payable will be converted to long term debt during the next two years. The County's bonds and notes payable increased by approximately \$51.1 million (3.1%) during the year. Debt, generally, may be issued without regard to any limit on indebtedness. The ad valorem tax levy is also without legal limit.

The County uses notes payable programs to initially finance capital projects. This allows the County to borrow only as the proceeds are actually needed and to take advantage of lower short-term interest rates. Annually, the County adopts a five-year capital projects plan. Based on this plan for the current year and capital projects cash flow projections, a notes payable program is established with a maximum borrowing amount. Borrowing occurs as needed for up to two years. After completion of each program, the notes payable are converted to bonds payable to be repaid within 25 years. In fiscal year 2004 a \$115 million notes payable program was authorized that had notes payable of \$111 million outstanding at June 30, 2005. In fiscal year 2005 a \$275 million notes program was authorized that had notes payable of \$30 million outstanding at June 30, 2005.

In 1999 the County signed a funding agreement with the Shelby County and the City of Memphis School boards of education to provide \$655,250,000 of capital funding over eight years. Under this agreement, the County is committed to provide approximately \$77 million of capital funding to the schools in the next fiscal year, the final year of the agreement. A new agreement was signed in 2005 to provide \$100 million to be divided equally between the two school systems to provide a new high school for the County schools and to provide funding for

renovations for the City of Memphis schools. In addition, this agreement provides for capital funding to the schools of \$60 million per year for fiscal years 2007, 2008 and 2009, to be divided based on average daily attendance.

The County maintains ratings from Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's"), Standard & Poor's Corporation ("Standard & Poor's") and Fitch IBCA, Inc. ("Fitch") on its previously issued general obligation bonds not secured by letter of credit as follows:

Moody's	Standard & Poor's	Fitch IBCA, Inc.
Aa2	AA+	AA

Moody's issues ratings from Aaa to C to designate the relative investment qualities of bonds. The Aa rating is in the second highest of the rating categories. The modifier 2 indicates that the Bonds are in the middle range of the Aa category. Moody's describes its Aa ratings as "Bonds which are rated Aa are judged to be a high quality by all standards. They are rated lower than the best bond because margins of protection may not be as large as in Aaa or fluctuation of protection elements may be of greater amplitude or there may be other elements present which make the long term risk appear somewhat larger than Aaa securities."

Standard & Poor's and Fitch issue ratings from AAA to D to designate the relative investment qualities of bonds. The AA rating is the second highest of the ten such ratings. Standard & Poor's and Fitch describes their rating as "Debt rate AA+ has a very strong capacity to pay interest and repay principal and differs from the highest rated issues only in small degree. Plus or minus signs are used to show relative standing within the major rating categories."

Additional information on Shelby County Government's long-term debt can be found in note IV(H) of the Notes to Financial Statements of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The June 2005 unemployment rate for Shelby County was 7.7 percent, compared to the state's rate of 6.3 percent.
- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.

For 2006 the property tax rate was maintained at the same amount as 2005. All properties were reappraised as of January 1, 2005, which are the basis for property taxes for fiscal 2006. As a result of the combination of growth and the increase in appraised values, current property taxes are budgeted to increase 9% or \$51 million in 2006 over the 2005 budget. Education was provided an increase of \$24 million (8.5%) and debt service was provided an increase of \$24 million to meet debt service growth as discussed below. The general fund was only allocated an increase of \$3 million or 1.6%.

For fiscal 2006 general fund revenue growth is budgeted to be 2.9% over the 2005 budget. Actual revenue for 2005 exceeded the amount budgeted so that only 1.7% growth in actual revenue will be necessary to reach the budget. General fund expenditures were also budgeted to

increase by 2.9% compared to 2005. The County Mayor and Commission are committed to holding general fund expenditures in line with general fund revenue growth. With a substantial portion of the County incorporated and annexations increasing the incorporated area, county government is shifting responsibilities to the cities and focusing on our primary mission of education, criminal justice and health. A consulting firm was engaged in 2004 to perform an efficiency study and assist us in preparing a five year strategic plan which was completed in October 2004. Substantial efficiencies have been identified and implemented. Also, controls have been put in place to minimize hiring to shrink county government through attrition. These measures have allowed the 2006 general fund budgeted expenditures to be less than actual expenditures in 2003.

Because of the school capital needs and converting notes payable to long term-debt to take advantage of low interest rates, debt service expenditures are increasing \$6 million in 2006. Property reappraisal as of January 1, 2005 allowed us to transfer 10 cents of the property tax rate to the debt service fund to replace non-recurring revenue and to provide for debt service projected increases through fiscal 2009.

Debt service requirements will continue to increase for the next several years because of the school funding commitment previously noted and the current debt structure. However, various steps are being taken to move towards ending the growth of debt and the debt service requirements. Capital outlays have been reduced from \$154 million in 2002 to \$116 million in 2005. The five-year capital improvement plan was updated with reductions in new debt requirements except for the additional \$100 million commitment for schools noted above which is expected to be split equally between 2006 and 2007. Starting in 2008, the capital improvement plan provides for expenditures of less than \$80 million per year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Shelby County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrator, Department of Finance, Shelby County Government, 160 North Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee 38103.

	Governmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities	Total	(Component Units
Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 85,061,373	\$	9,841,167	\$ 94,902,540	\$	45,847,206
Investments	35,875,414			35,875,414		71,896,230
Property taxes receivable, net of						
allowance for uncollectibles	683,388,277			683,388,277		
Other receivables	10,790,285		1,242,982	12,033,267		37,898,028
Due from other governmental entities	19,386,499		5,950,000	25,336,499		13,619,605
Due from component units	7,260,732			7,260,732		
Due from primary government						1,795,372
Internal balances	8,457,394		(8,457,394)			
Inventories	215,522			215,522		3,388,062
Deposits held by others	1,446,927		269,025	1,715,952		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Notes receivable	13,736,246			13,736,246		
Other assets						4,108,997
Restricted and other investments						21,362,066
Land	10,204,433			10,204,433		
Construction in progress	43,087,654			43,087,654		
Depreciable capital assets, net	176,902,175		28,975,090	 205,877,265		383,006,206
Total Assets	\$ 1,095,812,931	\$	37,820,870	\$ 1,133,633,801	\$	582,921,772
	 	-				
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 44,530,136	\$	721,324	\$ 45,251,460	\$	56,349,425
Interest payable	15,335,863			15,335,863		
Due to other governmental entities	5,891,618			5,891,618		4,887
Due to component units	1,795,372			1,795,372		
Due to primary government						7,260,732
Deposits held for others	7,583,653		330,864	7,914,517		
Unearned revenue	648,069,196		74,280	648,143,476		858,512
Notes payable	141,000,000			141,000,000		
Claims payable	12,103,871			12,103,871		2,629,467
Long-term liabilities						
Due within one year	79,886,449		2,647,417	82,533,866		369,859
Due in more than one year	 1,535,620,856		2,418,988	 1,538,039,844		10,622,133
Total Liabilities	 2,491,817,014		6,192,873	 2,498,009,887		78,095,015
Net Assets:						
	(165 001 207)		29 190 002	(126,000,205)		275 541 017
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	(165,081,297)		28,180,902	(136,900,395)		375,541,017
Restricted for:						0.200.162
Education						8,280,162
Debt service	29,241,588			29,241,588		
Roads and bridges	11,108,014			11,108,014		
Special revenues and hospitals	6,211,428			6,211,428		3,755,530
Unrestricted	 (1,277,483,816)		3,447,095	 (1,274,036,721)		117,250,048
Total Net Assets	 (1,396,004,083)		31,627,997	 (1,364,376,086)		504,826,757
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 1,095,812,931	\$	37,820,870	\$ 1,133,633,801	\$	582,921,772

					Prog	gram Revenues		
						Operating	Capital	
	_			Charges for		Grants and	Grants and Contributions	
		Expenses		Services		Contributions		
Functions/Programs								
Primary government								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	46,228,263	\$	13,108,931	\$	16,892,058	\$	
Hospital		25,566,667						
Planning and development		6,084,407		1,123,836		4,565,843		
Public works		34,934,896		4,632,696		11,374,390		277,257
Corrections		371,598				371,598		
Health services		50,576,288		12,413,470		27,071,144		
Community services		41,010,999		702,269		36,727,209		
Law enforcement		128,391,275		4,160,517		1,984,203		
Judicial		52,348,970		17,427,231		17,701,691		
Other elected officials		31,109,337		33,510,620		1,147,751		
Education		404,270,674						
Interest on debt		75,944,617				1,350,956		
Total governmental activities		896,837,991		87,079,570		119,186,843		277,257
Business-type activities:								
Codes enforcement		12,753,672		9,966,304				
Fire services		11,218,053		12,921,848		41,760		
Corrections		42,568,864		33,394,199		15,200		
Total business-type activities		66,540,589		56,282,351		56,960		
Total primary government	\$	963,378,580	\$	143,361,921	\$	119,243,803	\$	277,257
Component units:								
Board of Education	\$	315,903,839	\$		\$	168,496,368	\$	
Shelby County Health Care Corporation		287,719,360		253,884,966				
Nonmajor component units		5,523,177		8,210,362				
Total component units	\$	609,146,376	\$	262,095,328	\$	168,496,368	\$	

General revenues:

Property taxes - levied for education

Property taxes - levied for debt service

Property taxes - levied for general government

Sales taxes

Business taxes

Hotel/Motel taxes

Wheel taxes

Other taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs:

Payments from Shelby County

Other sources

Unrestricted investment earnings

Special items - transfer assets to Memphis City Schools

Transfers, net

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net assets

Net assets - June 30, 2004 restated

Net assets - June 30, 2005

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

			Changes	ın Net A	ssets				
			Government				_		
(Governmental	Business-type					Component		
Activities		Acti	ivities		Total	Units			
\$	(16,227,274)	\$		\$	(16,227,274)	\$			
	(25,566,667)				(25,566,667)				
	(394,728)				(394,728)				
	(18,650,553)				(18,650,553)				
	(11,091,674)				(11,091,674)				
	(3,581,521)				(3,581,521)				
	(122,246,555)				(122,246,555)				
	(17,220,048)				(17,220,048)				
	3,549,034				3,549,034				
	(404,270,674)				(404,270,674)				
	(74,593,661)				(74,593,661)				
	(690,294,321)	_			(690,294,321)				
		,	2 505 2 (0)		(2.707.2(0)				
			2,787,368)		(2,787,368)				
			1,745,555		1,745,555				
			9,159,465)		(9,159,465)				
		(1	0,201,278)		(10,201,278)				
	(690,294,321)	(1	0,201,278)		(700,495,599)				
							(147,407,471)		
					(33,834,394)				
							2,687,185		
							(178,554,680)		
			_						
	294,207,408				294,207,408				
	102,276,181			102,276,181					
	190,680,904				190,680,904				
	10,200,007				10,200,007		38,775,666		
	8,123,470				8,123,470				
	10,522,938				10,522,938				
	29,237,237				29,237,237				
	27,434,241				27,434,241				
							141,940,318		
	 5 ((0 042	5.660.042			5.042.002	9,309,454			
	5,660,042		283,040		5,943,082		12,558,368		
	(7,146,688)		7,146,688				(29,952,197)		
-	671,195,740		7,429,728		678,625,468		172,631,609		
	(19,098,581)		2,771,550)		(21,870,131)	(5,923,071			
	(1,376,905,502)	3	4,399,547		(1,342,505,955)		510,749,828		
\$	(1,396,004,083)	\$ 3	1,627,997	\$	(1,364,376,086)	\$	504,826,757		

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	23,253,096 8,875,414	\$	1,257,397 27,000,000	\$	14,414,753
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Accrued interest receivable Accounts receivable and accrued revenues Due from other governmental entities		206,992,309 523,446 2,035,275 4,109,250		136,474,360 75,069 239,098 1,343,783		13,436 419,369
Due from other funds Due from component units Advance to other funds Deposits held by others		11,049,190 2,837,359 		3,905,886		3,354,846 749,139
Notes receivable Total Assets	<u> </u>	373,994 260,049,333	\$	9,191,636 179,487,229	\$	3,574,889 22,526,432
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governmental entities Due to other funds Due to component units Deposits held for others Deferred revenue Notes payable Claims payable	\$	8,921,322 1,243,824 521,174 207,183,758 481,375	\$	1,206,804 149,038,837 	\$	7,231,770 3,964,372 6,981,734 141,000,000
Total Liabilities		218,351,453		150,245,641		159,177,876
Fund Balances (deficit): Reserved for encumbrances Reserved for advances Unreserved:		1,320,978 2,837,359		 		
Major governmental funds Nonmajor governmental special revenue funds		37,539,543		29,241,588		(136,651,444)
Total Fund Balances		41,697,880		29,241,588		(136,651,444)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	260,049,333	\$	179,487,229	\$	22,526,432

Education Fund		 Grants Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	2,128,429	\$ 	\$	\$ 15,303,643		\$ 56,357,318 35,875,414		
	339,921,608 1,373,358 1,343,782 	 6,250,691 9,711,435 4,966 595,727		156,897 2,195,227 431,297	_	683,388,277 598,515 10,068,755 19,122,846 11,049,190 7,260,732 2,837,359 1,185,402 13,736,246		
\$	344,767,177	\$ 16,562,819	\$	18,087,064	_	\$ 841,480,054		
\$	4,578,957 1,795,372 338,392,848 	\$ 3,304,967 68,837 5,429,155 2,725,536 3,375,156 	\$	1,998,893 372,571 	; 	\$ 22,663,756 5,891,618 5,429,155 1,795,372 7,583,653 704,972,333 141,000,000 481,375		
	344,767,177	 14,903,651		2,371,464	_	889,817,262		
	 	 1,659,168		2,102,322		3,423,300 2,837,359 (68,211,145)		
		 		13,613,278	_	13,613,278		
		 1,659,168		15,715,600		(48,337,208)		
\$	344,767,177	\$ 16,562,819	\$	18,087,064	_	\$ 841,480,054		

Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

Fund balance - total governmental funds (page 31)	\$ (48,337,208)
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net assets (page 27) are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in funds	229,784,113
Receivables not available to pay for current expenditures are reported as deferred revenue in the funds	60,302,904
Amounts payable to schools from receivables not available to pay current expenditures	(18,867,848)
Interest on long-term debt is not payable with current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the funds	(15,335,863)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds	(1,611,411,244)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of central services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service	
funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets	 7,861,063
Net assets of governmental activities (page 27)	\$ (1,396,004,083)

	 General Fund	1	Debt Service Fund	Ca	pital Projects Fund
Revenues:					
Local taxes	\$ 212,588,811	\$	121,689,521	\$	
Local revenue	26,178,599		2,704,356		12,247,232
State revenue	14,258,452		1,350,957		277,257
Federal revenue	12,035				
Patient service revenue	497,522				
Elected officials' fines & fees	53,040,414		1,023,679		
Other revenue	 4,985,342		396,818		784,442
Total revenues	 311,561,175		127,165,331		13,308,931
Expenditures:					
Current					
General government	37,769,265				
Hospital	20,566,667				
Planning and development	537,304				
Public works	19,637,348				
Corrections					
Health services	28,281,433				
Community services	3,712,722				
Law enforcement	125,490,249				
Judicial	35,123,060				
Other elected officials	28,491,976				
Education					
Debt service & related cost	1,348,213		134,430,668		1,807,885
Capital outlay: capital projects	 				116,166,362
Total expenditures	 300,958,237		134,430,668		117,974,247
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	 10,602,938		(7,265,337)		(104,665,316)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	12,962,317		16,689,941		3,000,215
Transfers out	(17,457,983)		(324,815)		(10,066,901)
General obligation bonds issued at face value			407,165,000		
Bond issue premium (discount), net			36,575,125		
Payment to refunding bond escrow agent	 		(433,055,801)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (4,495,666)		27,049,450		(7,066,686)
Net change in fund balances	6,107,272		19,784,113		(111,732,002)
Fund balances June 30, 2004, as restated	 35,590,608		9,457,475		(24,919,442)
Fund balances June 30, 2005	\$ 41,697,880	\$	29,241,588	\$	(136,651,444)

		Nonmajor	Total
Education	Grants	Governmental	Governmental
Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
\$ 325,859,655	\$	\$ 11,898,094	\$ 672,036,081
	6,092,890	1,319,100	48,542,177
	51,807,203	14,812,316	82,506,185
	26,469,182		26,481,217
	1,514,519		2,012,041
		2,091,737	56,155,830
	493,369	347,937	7,007,908
	,		, ,
325,859,655	86,377,163	30,469,184	894,741,439
	828,357	10,801,377	49,398,999
			20,566,667
	5,572,838		6,110,142
	1,618,322	8,598,530	29,854,200
	371,598		371,598
	21,320,330	793,425	50,395,188
	37,202,404		40,915,126
	558,562	1,266,891	127,315,702
	15,673,215		50,796,275
	1,041,736	743,422	30,277,134
325,859,655			325,859,655
			137,586,766
			116,166,362
325,859,655	84,187,362	22,203,645	985,613,814
	2,189,801	8,265,539	(90,872,375)
	3,334,941	274,830	36,262,244
	(5,383,212)	(8,946,320)	(42,179,231)
			407,165,000
			36,575,125
			(433,055,801)
	(2,048,271)	(8,671,490)	4,767,337
	141,530	(405,951)	(86,105,038)
	1,517,638	16,121,551	37,767,830
\$	\$ 1,659,168	\$ 15,715,600	\$ (48,337,208)

Reconciliation of Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (page 35)	\$ (86,105,038)
Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 29) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation and net gains and losses on retirements	
in the current period.	20,736,073
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(10,997,869)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of	40.011.140
these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	49,911,149
Changes in other long-term liabilities other than in internal service funds	(535,395)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of central services to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with community activities.	7 902 400
with governmental activities.	 7,892,499
Change in net assets of governmental activities (page 29)	\$ (19,098,581)

		Business-type Activ	rities - Enterprise Funds			
A	Consolidated Codes Enforcement Fund	Fire Services Fund	Corrections Center Fund	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds	
Assets: Current Assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and accrued revenues Due from other governmental entities Inventories	\$ 8,841,298 108,310 	\$ 999,869 1,093,518 	\$ 41,154 5,950,000	\$ 9,841,167 1,242,982 5,950,000	\$ 28,704,055 123,015 263,653 215,523	
Deposits held in trust			269,025	269,025	261,525	
Total Current Assets	8,949,608	2,093,387	6,260,179	17,303,174	29,567,771	
Noncurrent Assets: Depreciable capital assets, net	1,843,394	2,604,744	24,526,952	28,975,090	410,148	
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,843,394	2,604,744	24,526,952	28,975,090	410,148	
Total Assets	\$ 10,793,002	\$ 4,698,131	\$ 30,787,131	\$ 46,278,264	\$ 29,977,919	
Liabilities and Net Assets: Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deposits held for others Interfund loans payable	\$ 60,488 61,839	\$ 72,237 2,837,359	\$ 588,599 5,620,035 269,025	\$ 721,324 5,620,035 330,864 2,837,359	\$ 2,998,532 	
Deferred revenue Sick and annual leave payable Capital lease obligations Claims payable	74,280 301,685 	977,603 110,989	1,257,140 	74,280 2,536,428 110,989	3,399,767 32,007 11,622,496	
Total Current Liabilities	498,292	3,998,188	7,734,799	12,231,279	18,052,802	
Noncurrent Liabilities: Capital lease obligations Claims payable Sick and annual leave payable	 272,949	683,199 357,345	 1,105,495	683,199 1,735,789	4,024,859 39,195	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	272,949	1,040,544	1,105,495	2,418,988	4,064,054	
Total Liabilities	771,241	5,038,732	8,840,294	14,650,267	22,116,856	
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	1,843,394 8,178,367	1,810,556 (2,151,157)	24,526,952 (2,580,115)	28,180,902 3,447,095	410,148 7,450,915	
Total Net Assets	10,021,761	(340,601)	21,946,837	31,627,997	7,861,063	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 10,793,002	\$ 4,698,131	\$ 30,787,131	\$ 46,278,264	\$ 29,977,919	

		Business-typ	e Activiti	ies - Ente	rprise Funds		
	nsolidated Codes cement Fund	Fire Serv		Corr	rections Center Fund	Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:							
Federal revenue	\$ 	\$		\$	15,200	\$ 15,200	\$
State revenue			41,760		32,570,585	32,612,345	
Permits and fees	9,966,304	12,9	21,848		823,614	23,711,766	
Premium revenue							62,894,955
Charges for services	 					 	 5,328,543
Total operating revenues	 9,966,304	12,9	63,608		33,409,399	 56,339,311	 68,223,498
Operating expenses:							
Salaries and wages	7,363,438	8,0	56,756		24,127,074	39,547,268	700,902
Fringe benefits	2,090,342	1,9	68,034		6,846,981	10,905,357	209,273
Supplies	229,798	1-	48,991		3,245,198	3,623,987	1,078,962
Services	114,482		37,906		92,035	244,423	4,588,984
Professional and contracted services	415,209		73,475		4,373,648	4,862,332	189,027
Rent, utilities and maintenance	206,705	1	82,072		2,466,665	2,855,442	2,876,628
Depreciation	249,058	3	07,377		1,063,267	1,619,702	94,454
Other expenses	1,994,672	2	52,174		127,067	2,373,913	277
Claims incurred	 					 	 49,741,961
Total operating expenses	 12,663,704	11,0	26,785		42,341,935	 66,032,424	 59,480,468
Operating income (loss)	(2,697,400)	1,9	36,823		(8,932,536)	(9,693,113)	8,743,030
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Interest income	270,209		12,831			283,040	31,509
Interest expense		(1	91,268)		(225,179)	(416,447)	
Loss on disposition of assets	 (89,968)				(1,750)	 (91,718)	 (50,457)
Income (loss) before transfers	 (2,517,159)	1,7	58,386		(9,159,465)	 (9,918,238)	 8,724,082
Transfers:							
Transfers in	127,646				11,300,000	11,427,646	379,009
Transfers out	(1,451,983)	(6	(00,000)		(2,700,000)	(4,751,983)	(1,210,592)
Capital contributions	 				471,025	 471,025	
Net Transfers	 (1,324,337)	(6	00,000)		9,071,025	 7,146,688	 (831,583)
Change in net assets	(3,841,496)	1,1	58,386		(88,440)	(2,771,550)	7,892,499
Net Assets:							
June 30, 2004, as restated	 13,863,257	(1,4	98,987)		22,035,277	 34,399,547	 (31,436)
June 30, 2005	\$ 10,021,761	\$ (3	40,601)	\$	21,946,837	\$ 31,627,997	\$ 7,861,063

		Business	-type A	ctivities Enterpri	ise Func	ls	
		onsolidated Codes reement Fund	I	Fire Services Fund	Corrections Center Fund		
Cash flows from operations: Receipts from customers	\$	9,949,861	\$	12,931,001	\$	35,168,883	
Premiums received	Э	9,949,861	\$	12,931,001	Þ	33,108,883	
Cash payments to suppliers		(2,961,178)		(654,250)		(10,168,866)	
Cash payments to employees		(9,486,849)		(10,121,257)		(31,111,417)	
Claims paid							
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(2,498,166)		2,155,494		(6,111,400)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Transfers from other funds		127,646				9,149,618	
Transfers to other funds		(1,451,983)		(600,000)		(2,700,000)	
Advances from other funds repayment				(450,602)			
Interest on advance from other funds				(149,398)			
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		(1,324,337)		(1,200,000)		6,449,618	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Acquisition of capital assets		(197,504)				(113,039)	
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		5,751					
Capital lease obligation payments				(69,119)			
Interest paid				(41,870)		(225,179)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(191,753)		(110,989)		(338,218)	
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest income		270,209		12,831			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		270,209		12,831			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(3,744,047)		857,336			
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2004		12,585,345		142,533			
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2005	\$	8,841,298	\$	999,869	\$		

	Governmental
	Activities- Internal
Total	Service Funds
 Total	Service Funds
\$ 58,049,745	\$ 5,189,761
	63,143,662
(13,784,294)	(9,756,457)
(50,719,523)	(1,063,515)
	(50,535,385)
 (6,454,072)	6,978,066
0 277 264	270 000
9,277,264 (4,751,983)	379,009 (992,737)
(450,602)	(992,737)
(149,398)	
 3,925,281	(613,728)
(310,543)	(41,978)
5,751	
(69,119)	
 (267,049)	
 (640,960)	(41,978)
 283,040	31,509
 283,040	31,509
(2,886,711)	6,353,869
 12,727,878	22,350,186
\$ 9,841,167	\$ 28,704,055
	(continued)

	 Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds									
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	onsolidated Codes orcement Fund	F	ire Services Fund	Corrections Center Fund						
Operating Income (loss)	\$ (2,697,400)	\$	1,936,823	\$	(8,932,536)					
Adjustments: Depreciation	249,058		307,377		1,063,267					
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Sick and annual leave Deferred revenue Insurance claims payable Deposits Accounts receivable and accrued revenues Inventories	 (312) (33,069) 23,834 8,100 (48,377)		40,367 (96,467) (32,606)		135,747 (137,362) 1,759,484					
Total adjustments	 199,234		218,671		2,821,136					
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Increase in advance from General Fund Decrease in unrestricted fund equity Assets received from Capital Projects Fund	\$ (2,498,166)	\$ \$ \$	2,155,494 1,305,814 (1,305,814)	<u>\$</u> \$	(6,111,400) 471,025					

Total	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Funds
\$ (9,693,113)	\$ 8,743,030
1,619,702	94,454
 175,802 (266,898) 23,834 8,100 1,678,501 3,239,041	 (140,731) (153,340) (65,594) (1,517,140) (120,638) 175,519 (37,494)
\$ (6,454,072)	\$ 6,978,066

Assets:	Shelby County Retirement System	Constitutional Officers Agency Fund
Cash and cash equivalents Investments:	\$ 63,344,218	\$ 58,243,318
U.S. Government and agency obligations	78,263,209	
Corporate bonds	132,773,514	
Corporate stocks	440,897,950	
Certificates of deposit Other investments	123,089,607	5,600,000
Accounts receivable		728,108
Accrued interest and dividends receivable	2,634,624	
Due from brokers - investment sales	2,055,270	
Total Assets	\$ 843,058,392	\$ 64,571,426
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,220,942	\$ 90,854
Funds held for others		44,536,433
Due to brokers and others	6,496,159	
Due to other governmental entities		19,944,139
Total Liabilities	7,717,101	\$ 64,571,426
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	835,341,291	
Total plan net assets	835,341,291	
Total liabilities and plan net assets	\$ 843,058,392	

	nelby County irement System
Additions:	
Contributions:	
Employer contributions	\$ 18,800,000
Member contributions	 2,024,119
Total contributions:	 20,824,119
Investment income:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	42,741,186
Interest income	12,210,886
Dividend income	7,042,041
Other Income	 507,031
Total investment income	62,501,144
Less investment management expenses	3,940,122
Net investment income	58,561,022
Net additions:	 79,385,141
Deductions:	
Benefit payments	38,444,507
Administrative expenses	1,778,279
Refund of member contributions	 2,415,264
Total deductions:	 42,638,050
Change in net assets	36,747,091
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits: June 30, 2004	 798,594,200
June 30, 2005	\$ 835,341,291

		Board of Education		Shelby County Health Care Corporation		Nonmajor Component Units		Total
Assets:	Ф	7.760.201	•	26 111 010	¢.	1.066.015	Ф	45.047.207
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	7,769,381	\$	36,111,810	\$	1,966,015	\$	45,847,206
Receivables		64,568,367		2,819,757		4,508,106		71,896,230
		525,836		36,322,213		1,049,979		37,898,028
Due from primary government		1,795,372						1,795,372
Due from other governments		13,619,605				2.055		13,619,605
Inventories Other assets		3,385,107		4,072,237		2,955 36,760		3,388,062
Restricted and other investments				, ,		,		4,108,997
		301,560,738		21,362,066		6,365,397		21,362,066
Capital assets, net		301,360,738		75,080,071		0,303,397		383,006,206
Total Assets	\$	393,224,406	\$	175,768,154	\$	13,929,212	\$	582,921,772
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	22,327,696	\$	33,681,475	\$	340,254	\$	56,349,425
Insurance claims payable		2,629,467						2,629,467
Deferred revenue		671,627				186,885		858,512
Due to other agencies		4,887						4,887
Due to primary government				7,260,732				7,260,732
Long-term liabilities								
Due within one year				185,185		184,674		369,859
Due in more than one year				10,610,000		12,133		10,622,133
Total Liabilities		25,633,677		51,737,392		723,946		78,095,015
Net Assets:								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		301,560,738		67,634,154		6,346,125		375,541,017
Restricted for:		,,		.,,		*,* **,*=*		-,-,-,-,-,
Student activities		4,152,875						4,152,875
Insurance claims		4,127,287						4,127,287
Building construction				2,502,733				2,502,733
Indigent care				1,252,797				1,252,797
Unrestricted		57,749,829		52,641,078		6,859,141		117,250,048
Total Net Assets		367,590,729		124,030,762		13,205,266		504,826,757
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	393,224,406	\$	175,768,154	\$	13,929,212	\$	582,921,772

					Program Revenues				
						Operating	Capital		
			Charges for			Grants and	Gra	nts and	
		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Cont	ributions	
Board of Education									
Instruction programs	\$	207,130,912	\$		\$	147,561,695	\$		
Support services		11,279,011							
General administration		28,564,889							
Operation and maintenance of plant		34,684,741							
Student transportation		8,752,461							
Food services		14,787,683				9,799,372			
Student activities		10,704,142				11,135,301			
Total Board of Education		315,903,839				168,496,368			
Shelby County Health Care Corporation		287,719,360		253,884,966					
Nonmajor component units		5,523,177		8,210,362					
Total component units	\$	609,146,376	\$	262,095,328	\$	168,496,368	\$		

General revenues:

Shelby County

Local sales tax

Other sources

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Unrestricted investment earnings

Transfer of assets to Memphis City Schools

Total general revenues and transfers

Changes in net assets

Net assets - June 30, 2004, as restated

Net assets - June 30, 2005

Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

		Shelby	Changes in		Nonmajor			
Board of			alth Care		Component	To	tal Component	
	Education		poration	`	Units	Units		
	Education		Corporation		Omes		Omo	
\$	(59,569,217)	\$		\$		\$	(59,569,217)	
	(11,279,011)						(11,279,011)	
	(28,564,889)						(28,564,889)	
	(34,684,741)						(34,684,741)	
	(8,752,461)						(8,752,461)	
	(4,988,311)						(4,988,311)	
	431,159						431,159	
	(147,407,471)						(147,407,471)	
		((33,834,394)				(33,834,394)	
			<u></u>		2,687,185		2,687,185	
	(147,407,471)		(33,834,394)		2,687,185		(178,554,680)	
	110,573,651		31,366,667				141,940,318	
	38,775,666						38,775,666	
	5,593,329		3,290,849		425,276		9,309,454	
			12,474,955		83,413		12,558,368	
	(29,952,197)						(29,952,197)	
	124,990,449		47,132,471		508,689		172,631,609	
	(22,417,022)		13,298,077		3,195,874		(5,923,071)	
	390,007,751		10,732,685		10,009,392		510,749,828	
\$	367,590,729	\$ 1	24,030,762	\$	13,205,266	\$	504,826,757	

Note			Page
I.	Summary of	of Significant Accounting Policies	C
	A.	Reporting Entity	52
	B.	Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34	53
		Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements	
	D.	Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation	53
	E.	Assets, Liabilities and Equity	
II.	Reconcilia	tion of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements	
	A.	Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance	
		Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets	58
	B.	Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement	
		of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the	
		Government-wide Statement of Activities	58
III.	Stewardshi	ip, Compliance and Accountability	
	A.	Budgetary Information	59
		Deficit Fund Equity	
IV.		otes on All Funds	
	A.	Deposits and Investments	60
		Property Taxes Receivable	
		Notes Receivable	
		Leases Receivable	
		Capital Assets	
		Lease Obligations	
	G.	Deferred Revenue	65
	H.	Debt and Long-term Liabilities	66
	I.		80
	J.		
	K.	Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues	
	L.	Contingencies and Commitments	
		Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations and Related Organizations	
	N.	Other Post-Employment Benefits	87
		Pensions	
	P.	Subsequent Events	89
	Q.	Restatement of Fund Balance/Net assets	90

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(A) Reporting Entity

Shelby County, Tennessee (the County) is governed by an elected mayor and a thirteen member Board of Commissioners. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of a government's operations. The County has no blended component units. Each discreetly presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the combining component unit financial statements (see notes below for descriptions) with combined totals in government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the government. Each discretely presented component unit has a June 30 year-end and their separate financial statements are available as indicated below. The significant accounting policies followed by component units are generally the same as those followed by the primary government.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Major Component Units

Shelby County Board of Education (the Board of Education) – The Board of Education includes all the public schools in Shelby County outside the City of Memphis, serving over 44,000 students. The Board of Education has a separately elected governing board but is fiscally dependent on the County. The County levies taxes for the Board's operation, approves its operating budget and issues debt for its capital projects. The operations of the Shelby County Board of Education are reported as a governmental component unit. Financial statements for the Board can be obtained from Shelby County Board of Education, 160 South Hollywood, Memphis, Tennessee 38112, (901) 321-2500.

Shelby County Health Care Corporation, d/b/a Regional Medical Center at Memphis (The Med) – The Med provides both inpatient and outpatient hospital services to residents of Shelby County and the surrounding area. The County Mayor appoints The Med Board of Directors and substantial funding is provided by the County. The Med is reported as a proprietary component unit. Financial statements for The Med can be obtained from Shelby County Health Care Corporation, C/O Regional Medical Center at Memphis, 877 Jefferson Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee 38103, (901) 545-8234.

Other Component Units

Agricenter International, Inc. – The purpose of the Agricenter is to promote educational and applied research endeavors intended for the improvement of agriculture by the establishment of one convenient location for exhibition, demonstration, research, education and meetings by agribusiness industry, related organizations, and government agencies. The County Mayor appoints the members of the Agri-Center Commission and some funding is provided by the County. Agricenter International, Inc. is reported as a proprietary component unit. Financial statements for the Agricenter can be obtained from Agricenter International, Inc., Suite 9, 7777 Walnut Grove Road, Memphis, Tennessee 38120, (901) 757-7777.

Emergency Communications District of Shelby County, Tennessee, d/b/a Shelby County 9-1-1 District (the District) – The District was established in 1984, pursuant to provisions of T.C.A. Title 7, Chapter 86 of the State of Tennessee. The District is responsible for establishing local emergency telephone service and a primary emergency telephone number for the residents of Shelby County. The District is governed by a nine-member board of directors, appointed by the County Mayor and approved by the County Board of Commissioners. The District's board has the authority to levy an emergency telephone service charge to be used to fund the operation of the District. The District must obtain County Commission approval before the issuance of most debt and the County Commission has the ability to adjust the District's service charges.

The District is reported as a proprietary component unit. Financial statements for the District can be obtained from Shelby County 9-1-1 District, 6470 Haley Road, Memphis, Tennessee 38134, (901) 380-3911.

(B) Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASBS No. 34)

GASBS No. 34 Basic Financial Statements-and Management Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2002. The statement substantially changed the financial reporting of state and local governments, including the requirement of government-wide financial statements. This statement also requires the reporting of infrastructure (roads, bridges, etc.) as an asset beginning July 1, 2001. Retroactive reporting of infrastructure assets is required by the County's fiscal year ending June 30, 2006. Infrastructure assets acquired since July 1, 2001 are included in this report but infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001 are not included.

(C) Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements - the statement of net assets and the statement of activities - report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part the effect of the interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Similarly, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual proprietary (enterprise) funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

(D) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements, except that agency funds have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon

enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, gross receipt taxes, sales taxes, grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal, interest and related costs on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

The *Capital Projects Fund* accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. The primary funding source is bond proceeds.

The *Education Fund* accounts for tax collections allocated for school operations. Taxes are collected and allocated to the Shelby County Board of Education and the Board of Education of the Memphis City Schools based on average daily attendance.

The *Grants Fund* accounts for the receipt and expenditure of federal, state and local government grants and designated contributions to be used for approved programs.

The County reports the following major proprietary (enterprise) funds:

The Consolidated Codes Enforcement Fund accounts for the operations of the Memphis and Shelby County Office of Construction Codes Enforcement. Revenues are generated through permit and inspection fees charged by the office.

The *Fire Services Fund* accounts for operations of the Shelby County Fire Department. The Fire Department services the areas of Shelby County not within any municipality. Revenues are generated through fees charged to residents in the service area.

The *Corrections Center Fund* accounts for the operations of the Shelby County Corrections Center. Approximately 75% of the population at this facility are State prisoners. For State prisoners, the State reimburses the County's actual cost per prisoner day, including depreciation expense and indirect costs.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent FASB guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to the same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent FASB guidance.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds are a separate category of proprietary funds. These funds account for telecommunications, mail services, printing, group health and life insurance, other employer insurance, and tort liability insurance provided to other departments and agencies of the County, or to other governments on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *Pension Trust Fund* is a fiduciary fund. It accounts for the activities of the County's retirement plan, which accumulates resources for pension payments to employees.

Agency Funds is also a fiduciary fund. It accounts for assets held by the County's constitutional officers and other elected officials in an agent capacity for governments, litigants, heirs and others. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Similarly, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales, services, and insurance. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

(E) Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, savings accounts and short-term investments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase. The County pools substantially all of its cash and cash equivalents. Each fund participating owns a pro rata share in the pool. Investment earnings of the pool are allocated monthly to each fund based upon average balances.

Deposits with the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) may be withdrawn with a maximum of one day's notice, are classified as cash equivalents and are valued at cost. The LGIP is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. However the LGIP has a policy that it will – and does – operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Rule 2a7 allows SEC-registered mutual funds to use amortized cost rather than fair value to report net assets to compute share prices if certain conditions are met. State statutes require the State Treasurer to administer the LGIP under the same terms and conditions, including collateral requirements, as required for other funds invested by the Treasurer. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

Investments of the government as well as its component units are generally stated at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices, if available, or estimated using quoted market prices for similar securities. The County uses amortized cost on all investments that mature within a year or less of the date of purchase. State statutes authorize the County to make direct investments in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations issued or guaranteed by any U.S. Government agency, LGIP, bonds of any state or political subdivision, repurchase agreements, prime banker's acceptances and prime commercial paper. The maximum maturity is two years.

The Pension Trust Fund is authorized to invest in common and preferred stocks, corporate bonds rated B3 or better, commercial paper rated A2/P2 or better, real estate, venture capital investments, co-mingled investment funds, and call option writing programs. Investment parameters require that no more than 70% of total investments be in stock, no more than 5% in real estate, and no more than 12% in international equities. The Board of Administration has also authorized investments in limited partnerships.

Receivables and Payables

Property taxes are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which levied. Property taxes based on property values during the current fiscal year but levied for the next fiscal year are recorded as receivables and deferred revenue. Allowances for doubtful accounts are maintained for receivables which historically experience uncollectible accounts.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in/first-out (FIFO) method.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost greater than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of donation. Infrastructure assets do not include such assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	10
Buildings	40
Equipment	3-20
Infrastructure	50

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue includes amounts that were unearned and amounts that were receivable and measurable at yearend but were not available to finance expenditures for the current year. Deferred revenues primarily include unearned or unavailable revenues from property taxes, operating subsidies received in advance and notes receivable. Government-wide financial statements include only unearned revenue but governmental funds may include both unearned and unavailable revenue.

Claims and Judgments

Claims and judgments which can be reasonably estimated and could result in probable material losses to the County have been given proper recognition under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. For governmental funds and similar fund types, the liability is recognized within the applicable fund if it is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources. All other material unpaid claims and judgments are recorded as a liability in the governmental activities of the primary government. In proprietary and similar fund types, probable and measurable loss contingencies are recorded as incurred within the applicable fund.

Landfill Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions for thirty years after closure of its landfill sites. The \$3.64 million reported as postclosure care liability at June 30, 2005 represents the estimated postclosure care costs that have not been paid for the Walnut Grove and Shake Rag Road landfills. The estimate is based on what it would cost to perform all postclosure care as of the end of FY 2005. Actual future costs may differ due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. The landfills have been closed and the County has no landfills currently in operation. No County assets are restricted for landfill closure costs. However, the County has entered into a surety contract in lieu of a performance bond as a commitment to comply with the terms set forth in its 30 year post-closure maintenance plan for the Shake Rag Road landfill. This surety contract is with the State of Tennessee under the State's cooperative agreement with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). There is no surety contract pertaining to the Walnut Grove landfill.

Compensated Absences

County employees are granted sick and annual leave in varying amounts in accordance with administrative policies and union memorandums of understanding. Accumulated vacation days are required to be used annually, with a maximum accumulation of one and one-half times the amount of leave an employee can earn in a year. In the event of termination or retirement, the employees are paid for accumulated vacation days. Generally, employees are paid for accumulated sick leave, not to exceed the lesser of 75 days or \$5,772, only upon retirement. Certain exceptions to this policy occur in accordance with the terms of various union agreements.

All sick and annual pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Interest Rate Swaps

Shelby County has entered into several interest rate swap agreements to modify interest rates on outstanding debt. Amounts received to enter swap agreements are recorded as revenue in the Debt Service Fund. In the government-wide financial statements, such amounts are amortized over the life of the swap agreement. These agreements provide for net interest payments to or from the County which are also recorded in the Debt Service Fund.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(A) Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance* – *total governmental funds* and *net assets* – *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." Internal service funds include \$4,096,061 of long-term liabilities and are not part of this reconciling amount. The details of this \$1,611,411,244 are as follows:

Bonds payable	\$ 1,537,189,948
Accreted value on bonds	31,921,478
Net premium and issuance cost on bonds issued	14,522,807
Claims and judgements	5,000,522
Compensated absences	19,137,543
Landfill post-closure	 3,638,946
Net adjustment to reduce <i>fund balance – total governmental</i>	
funds to arrive at net assets – governmental activities	\$ 1,611,411,244

(B) Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances* – *total governmental funds* and *changes in net assets of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense."

The details of this \$20,736,073 difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 31,567,472
Depreciation expense	 (10,831,399)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets	
of governmental activities	\$ 20,736,073

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayments of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance cost, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$49,911,149 difference are as follows:

Debt issued or incurred:	
Issuance of general obligation bonds	\$ 407,165,000
Premium on debt issued, net of issuance costs and amortization	2,977,876
Accretion of zero coupon bonds	(6,588,972)
Change in accrued interest expense	(692,596)
Change in deferred swap proceeds	(1,799,182)
Principal repayments:	
General obligation debt	(57,560,007)
Refunding	 (393,413,268)
Net adjustment to decrease <i>net changes in fund balances – total</i>	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (49,911,149)

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

(A) Budgetary Information

The revenues and expenditures accounted for in each of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Debt Service Fund have legally adopted budgets and are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements that govern County operations. The County Board of Commissioners approves and appropriates the budgets for these funds annually.

Expenditures may not exceed appropriations by line item at the department level. The County mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items of the same category (personnel related versus all other types of expenditures) of the same division (group of departments). Any adjustments that create a new line item, increase the total budget, or require transfers between divisions or categories must be approved by the County Board of Commissioners. The reported budgetary data has been revised for amendments authorized during the year and thereafter.

All funds requiring legally adopted budgets have budgets which are adopted on a basis consistent with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. Project-length financial plans are adopted for all capital projects funds. Encumbrances represent significant commitments related to unperformed purchase orders, contracts, or other commitments for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting

under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for future expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation - is utilized in the governmental funds during the year to facilitate effective budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as reservations of the applicable fund balances but do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

(B) Deficit Fund Equity

The deficit in the Capital Projects Fund of \$136,651,444 results from the use of short-term debt (notes payable of \$141,000,000 as of June 30, 2005) to fund capital projects, pending the issuance of long-term debt.

The Fire Services Fund, an enterprise fund, reduced its net assets deficit during 2005 by \$1,158,386 to \$340,601 at June 30, 2005. This deficit is expected to be eliminated in 2006.

The Employer Insurance Fund, an internal service fund, has deficit net assets at June 30, 2005 of \$3,114,027. The fund incurs long-term claims that are recognized as liabilities, however, they will be funded on a current basis. The long-term portion of these claims was \$4,024,859 at June 30, 2005. Also, premiums have been increased and other steps have been taken which reduced the deficit net assets by \$780,747 in 2005 and are expected to continue to reduce this deficit.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

(A) Deposits and Investments

Bank deposits and certificates of deposit of the County, consistent with State statutes, are covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or are collateralized by a multiple financial institution collateral pool administered by the Treasurer of the State of Tennessee. On limited occasions the County may have deposits with financial institutions that do not participate in the State collateral pool; in these instances separate collateral equal to at least 105% of the uninsured deposit is collateralized and held in the County's name by a third party. These provisions covered all County deposits at year-end.

The County, including agency funds but excluding the retirement system, had the following investments at June 30, 2005. All investments mature in one year or less and are valued at cost, amortized cost, or fair value as disclosed in Note I (E) above:

U.S. Government agency securities	\$	1,987,414
Commercial paper		5,947,230
Tennessee Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	1	12,604,036
Total investments for disclosure purposes	\$ 1:	50,538,680
Add certificates of deposit reported as investments		39,488,000
Less commercial paper and LGIP reported as cash equivalents	(1	48,551,266)
Total investments per financial reports	\$ 4	41,475,414

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Both State statues and the County's investment policy limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Both State statues and the County's investment policy limit permissible investments or impose collateral and custody provisions as specified above or in Note I (E) to significantly limit credit risk. By policy investments in commercial paper must be rated A1/P1 by at least two

rating services. Although the LGIP itself is unrated, its types of investments and maturities provide a similar level of credit risk.

Shelby County Retirement System (Fiduciary Fund). At June 30, 2005 the Retirement System had deposits of \$63,512,407 that were not insured and were uncollateralized. At June 30, 2005 the Retirement System reported the following investments with carrying amounts as shown:

U.S. Government and government-backed obligations	\$ 78,263,209
Corporate bonds	132,773,514
Common stocks	440,897,950
Common stocks held in a collective trust	26,658,039
Limited partnership interests	20,128,298
Hedge funds	76,303,270
Total investments	\$775,024,280

The fair values of fixed income investments grouped by maturity at June 30, 2005 are as follows:

•			\$ 34,706,645
			10,046,042
			4,482,285
			10,751,453
			13,862,728
			137,187,570
			<u>\$211,036,723</u>

At June 30, 2005 the Retirement System had \$66,872,156 of investments with exposure to foreign currency risk.

The above information was taken from the publicly available financial report of the Retirement System for the year ended June 30, 2005. The report includes more information on the credit quality of investments in fixed income debt securities and the investments with foreign currency risk. The report may be obtained from the Shelby County Retirement System, Suite 950, 160 N. Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee 38103.

(B) Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes attach an enforceable lien on property on January 1 of each year. The various types of property are assessed at a percentage of market value as follows:

Farm and residential real property	25%
Commercial/industrial real property	40%
Commercial/industrial tangible personal property	30%
Commercial/industrial intangible personal property	40%
Public utilities real/personal property	55%

The assessed value on which the fiscal 2005 tax bills were based was \$15,156,208,029. The estimated market value was \$51,388,472,610, making the overall assessed value 29.5% of the estimated market value. Taxes are due October 1 and delinquent March 1 of the following year. Current tax collections for the year were 94.78% of the tax levy. The property tax levy has no legal limit. The rate, as permitted by Tennessee state law and County charter, is set annually on or after July 1, by the County Board of Commissioners and collected by the County

Trustee. The County allocated the property tax per \$100 of the assessed value as follows:

General fund	\$ 1.31
Debt service funds	.70
Boards of education	2.03
Countywide tax rate	<u>\$ 4.04</u>
Debt service - rural school bonds	\$.05

The \$0.05 for debt service on rural school bonds only applies to properties outside the City of Memphis.

Property taxes receivable as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			Debt	
	General	Education	Service	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Property taxes receivable	\$ 220,886,891	\$ 361,305,032	\$ 144,409,527	\$ 726,601,450
Less allowance for uncollectibles	(13,894,582)	(21,383,424)	(7,935,167)	(43,213,713)
	\$ 206,992,309	\$ 339,921,608	\$ 136,474,360	\$ 683,388,277

Note IV(G) includes detail of deferred revenue relating to property taxes.

(C) Notes Receivable

Notes receivable consist of the following:		
	 Amount	Collateral
General Fund		
Property loans receivable due in various installments		
at 6.5% interest through 2005	\$ 373,994	Land & Building
Grants Fund		
Mortgage loans receivable due in various installments		
at 0% to 5.0% interest through 2019	\$ 595,727	Land & Building
Capital Projects Fund		
Mid South Coliseum note due in annual installments of \$21,993 including		
interest at 6.26% through 2014	\$ 159,889	None
Depot Redevelopment note due in annual payments plus semi-annual		
interest payments through August 1, 2022	3,415,000	None
Rock-N-Soul Museum note due in 10 annual installments of \$100,000 plus		
interest at 5.00% through August 31, 2010	1,000,000	None
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,000,000)	
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 3,574,889	
Debt Service Fund		
Mortgage loans receivable due in various monthly installments at		
interest rates ranging from 3.125% to 8.375% through 2020	\$ 9,191,636	Land & Building
		8

In fiscal 2002 an allowance for doubtful accounts was established in the amount of \$1,000,000 for the Rock-N-Soul Museum.

Note IV(G) includes details of deferred revenue relating to notes receivable. The Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund have notes receivable from Shelby County Health Care Corporation in the amounts of \$3,905,886 and \$3,354,846 respectively, which are classified as due from component units for financial statement purposes.

(D) Leases Receivable

The County leases certain real property described as Shelby Place Restaurant ("Butcher Shop of Cordova and Executive Chef") for the sum of \$192,500 annually, plus additional rent of 5% of gross sales less taxes after recoupment of base rent and in lieu of tax payments. The term of the lease commenced on March 1, 1993. There are three additional option terms of five years each available. The option term currently in effect will expire in 2008 The rental income is recognized as revenue in the Debt Service Fund. Executive Chef has entered bankruptcy. At June 30, 2005 they owed \$87,125 for which an allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided.

(E) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the year ended June 30, 2005 is detailed below.

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,704,527	\$ 1,051,733	\$ (1,551,827)	\$ 10,204,433
Construction in progress	42,980,947	24,674,609	(24,567,902)	43,087,654
Total not being depreciated	53,685,474	25,726,342	(26,119,729)	53,292,087
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	1,176,683	56,892		1,233,575
Buildings	189,078,513	11,071,666	(236,828)	199,913,351
Equipment	64,285,196	9,738,379	(17,720,816)	56,302,759
Infrastructure	23,058,964	11,557,206		34,616,170
Total being depreciated	277,599,356	32,424,143	(17,957,644)	292,065,855
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	523,638	96,295		619,933
Buildings	66,361,851	4,811,675	(122,089)	71,051,437
Equipment	51,707,729	3,633,336	(17,054,484)	38,286,581
Infrastructure	2,915,636	2,290,093		5,205,729
Total accumulated depreciation	121,508,854	10,831,399	(17,176,573)	115,163,680
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	156,090,502	21,592,744	(781,071)	176,902,175
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 209,775,976	\$ 47,319,086	\$ (26,900,800)	\$ 230,194,262

Business type activities:	 Beginning Balance	1	ncreases	 Decreases	 Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	\$ 46,453,472	\$	466,180	\$ 	\$ 46,919,652
Equipment	9,022,417		773,350	(2,020,722)	7,775,045
Total being depreciated	 55,475,889		1,239,530	(2,020,722)	54,694,697
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	18,812,247		1,045,901		19,858,148
Equipment	6,752,949		573,801	(1,465,291)	5,861,459
Total accumulated depreciation	25,565,196		1,619,702	(1,465,291)	25,719,607
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 29,910,693	\$	(380,172)	\$ (555,431)	\$ 28,975,090

Depreciable land improvements consist of parking lots attached to the Sheriff Department Training Center and the Juvenile Court building.

A summary of governmental capital assets, net and depreciation expense by function follows:

	Capital Assets, Net	Depreciation Expense
Governmental activities:		
General government	\$ 32,738,961	\$ 2,987,784
Planning & development	27,259	33,432
Public works	102,867,405	4,343,746
Corrections	397,850	34,487
Health services	4,901,112	428,363
Community services	2,054,715	112,229
Law enforcement	36,439,803	1,928,714
Judicial	6,696,638	582,825
Other elected officials	982,865	379,819
	187,106,608	10,831,399
Construction in progress	43,087,654	
Total governmental activities	\$ 230,194,262	\$ 10,831,399

Substantially all capital assets purchased are funded from general governmental revenues, exclusive of any grants or other special revenues.

(F) Lease Obligations

Operating Leases

The County leases office space and transportation equipment under operating leases expiring during the next six years. The following is a schedule by years of future minimum rental payments required under operating leases

that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms in excess of one year as of June 30, 2005:

Fiscal Year	Primary Government
2006	\$ 1,787,114
2007	996,581
2008	785,207
2009	719,284
2010	671,735
2011	359,629
	\$ 5,319,550

Rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$1,967,661 for the primary government.

Capital Lease

The County has a capital lease to acquire three Emergency One C550 Typhoon Pumper trucks for the Fire Services Fund, a business-type activity, at a cost of \$863,307. Annual payments, including interest, will be \$110,990 for each of the next nine fiscal years. The principal balance outstanding at June 30, 2005 is \$794,188.

(G) Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenues consist of the following:

	General	Debt Service		Education Fund		Grants Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Totals	
Unearned:	 Fund		Fund	 runa		runa		runa		Totals	
Property taxes receivable	\$ 193,000,000	\$	129,365,000	\$ 319,525,000	\$		\$		\$	641,890,000	
Grant revenue						2,779,429				2,779,429	
Not Available:											
Property taxes receivable	13,002,678		6,576,315	18,867,848						38,446,841	
Notes receivable	373,994		9,191,636			595,727		3,574,889		13,736,246	
Due from Shelby County											
Health Care Corporation			3,905,886					3,354,846		7,260,732	
Other	807,086							51,999		859,085	
	\$ 207,183,758	\$	149,038,837	\$ 338,392,848	\$	3,375,156	\$	6,981,734	\$	704,972,333	

Internal service funds have deferred revenue of \$3,399,767 for unearned premiums. The proprietary Consolidated Codes Enforcement Fund has deferred revenue of \$74,280 for building permits and licensing fees paid in advance.

(H) Debt and Long-term Liabilities

Changes in short term debt:

The County has two types of short-term debt. Tax anticipation notes (TANS) are issued for short-term cash flow requirements due to the timing of property tax collections. Extendible Municipal Commerical Paper (EMCP) notes are issued to fund capital projects; the notes are paid when long-term bonds are issued. Following is a schedule of short-term debt for the current fiscal year:

	Balance			Balance
	 June 30, 2004	 Additions	 Reductions	June 30, 2005
2004 TANS	\$ 	\$ 94,900,000	\$ (94,900,000)	\$
2004 EMCP	39,500,000	71,500,000		111,000,000
2005 EMCP	 	 30,000,000	 	 30,000,000
Total	\$ 39,500,000	\$ 196,400,000	\$ (94,900,000)	\$ 141,000,000

Changes in long-term liabilities:

Changes in long-term liabilities during the year were:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2004	Additions	Reductions	June 30, 2005	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable	\$ 1,619,508,673	\$ 407,165,000	\$ (457,562,247)	\$ 1,569,111,426	\$ 66,121,130
Net premium and issuance					
cost of bonds issued	11,544,931	33,199,237	(30,221,361)	14,522,807	2,199,648
Deferred swap proceeds	1,799,182		(1,799,182)		
Claims and judgements	10,084,323	367,811	(1,426,753)	9,025,381	57,597
Landfill postclosure care costs	3,683,144		(44,198)	3,638,946	53,627
Sick and annual leave	17,780,013	10,948,000	(9,519,268)	19,208,745	11,454,447
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,664,400,266	\$ 451,680,048	\$ (500,573,009)	\$ 1,615,507,305	\$ 79,886,449
Business-type activities:					
Capitalized lease obligations	863,307		(69,119)	794,188	110,989
Sick and annual leave	4,539,115	1,975,077	(2,241,975)	4,272,217	2,536,428
Total business-type activities	\$ 5,402,422	\$ 1,975,077	\$ (2,311,094)	\$ 5,066,405	\$ 2,647,417

General obligations bonds:

These obligations are direct general obligations of the County, are backed by its full faith and credit and the unlimited taxing power of the County and represent borrowings for the following:

General government	\$ 655,741,605
Education	 881,448,343
	1,537,189,948
Accreted value of bonds	 31,921,478
	\$ 1,569,111,426

Interest expense in the Debt Service Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005 was \$66,695,921.

In addition to the general obligation bonds reported in long-term debt there is \$141,000,000 reported in the Capital Projects Fund for the Extendible Municipal Commercial Paper Notes (EMCP) sold and outstanding as of June 30, 2005 (\$111,000,000 for the 2004A EMCP Program and \$30,000,000 for the 2005A EMCP Program).

The County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service requirements on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. Of the original principal, \$431,855,000 of outstanding bonds that were advance refunded prior to Fiscal Year 2005 are considered defeased at June 30, 2005. Specific defeased maturities are shown on the combining and other statements and schedules for General Obligation Bonds.

In March 2005 \$407,165,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005 A were issued to refund specific maturities of the 1995 Series A Refunding Bonds, the cost of certain termination fees relative to the termination of swaptions executed by the County on December 18, 1998 and May 23, 2003 with respect to the anticipated refunding of a portion of the County's 1995 Series A Refunding Bonds, and to refund a portion of the 1992 Series A Public Improvement Bonds, 1996 Series A Public Improvement Bonds, 1996 Series A School Bonds, 1996 Series A Public Improvement and School Bonds, 1999 Series B Public Improvement and School Bonds, 2000 Series A Public Improvement and School Bonds, 2001 Series A Public Improvement and School Bonds and 2003 Series A Public Improvement and School Bonds. The net proceeds were used to purchase direct obligations of the U.S. Government, which were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent. The effect of this transaction was to refinance existing debt at a lower rate and generate an economic gain of \$15,293,541. The 2005 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds dated March 10, 2005 redeemed four zero coupon bonds. Due to the refunding, the aggregate accretion value decreased by \$6,588,972.

In April 2005 the Shelby County Board of Commissioners authorized the issuance of up to \$275,000,000 in Capital Outlay Extendible Municipal Commercial Paper (EMCP) Notes, 2005 Series A Program. The aggregate outstanding principal amount may not exceed \$275,000,000 at any time. The Notes will be issued in anticipation of the County's issuance of certain general obligation bonds and general obligation school bonds in aggregate principal amount not exceeding \$275,000,000 for the purpose of funding various public works and school projects. The general obligation bonds are expected to retire the Notes within two years of the initial issuance of the Notes. The original maturity date will range from 1 to 90 days from the original issue date of each Note. On the original maturity date of a note, the County has the option to extend the maturity date to the date that is 270 days after the date of original issuance of such note. As of June 30, 2005, Shelby County has issued \$30,000,000 in EMCP Notes under this program.

The County is indebted for serial bonds and capital appreciation bonds and notes and variable bonds with interest rates varying from 2.50% to 6.75%. In the Debt Service Fund the County does not accrue interest on bonds payable; therefore, unmatured interest is recognized as an expenditure when due.

All unmatured interest which is due in future years is disclosed in the table below. The County has no legal debt limit. Debt service requirements for principal and interest in future years, using the actual rate on fixed rate bonds and notes and 4.115% for the 1999 Series A Variable Demand Refunding Bonds, 6.035% for the 2000 Series A General Obligation Weekly Adjustable/Fixed Rate Bonds Refunding, 5.345% for the 2001 Series A General Obligation Weekly Adjustable/Fixed Rate Bonds and 3.041% for the 2004 Series B General Obligation Variable Rate Demand Public Improvement and school bonds, are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Principal		Interest	Total		
2006	\$	\$66,121,117	\$ 70,608,943	\$	136,730,060	
2007		70,554,550	67,044,562		137,599,112	
2008		73,970,650	63,741,638		137,712,288	
2009		78,368,150	60,019,241		138,387,391	
2010		85,125,000	52,644,309		137,769,309	
2011		89,745,000	48,591,239		138,336,239	
2012		74,806,807	59,981,589		134,788,396	
2013		69,109,649	62,352,458		131,462,107	
2014		80,452,657	45,910,599		126,363,256	
2015		80,667,794	42,596,562		123,264,356	
2016		76,153,077	35,351,654		111,504,731	
2017		69,075,497	36,502,872		105,578,369	
2018		79,615,000	25,476,314		105,091,314	
2019		79,945,000	21,819,242		101,764,242	
2020		73,435,000	18,361,586		91,796,586	
2021		64,505,000	15,158,922		79,663,922	
2022		60,180,000	12,307,117		72,487,117	
2023		58,140,000	9,697,878		67,837,878	
2024		55,015,000	7,231,244		62,246,244	
2025		34,940,000	4,932,314		39,872,314	
2026		23,305,000	3,772,528		27,077,528	
2027		25,545,000	2,937,668		28,482,668	
2028		28,005,000	2,023,774		30,028,774	
2029		20,245,000	1,027,577		21,272,577	
2030		20,165,000	 437,984		20,602,984	
		1,537,189,948	 770,529,814		2,307,719,762	
Accreted value of Bonds		31,921,478	(31,921,478)			
	\$	1,569,111,426	\$ 738,608,336	\$	2,307,719,762	

Interest rate swap agreements:

As of June 30, 2005 Shelby County has eight interest rate swap agreements, described as follows:

Swap One, Executed with Morgan Guaranty Trust Company on 12/18/1998 in connection with the General Obligation Weekly Adjustable/Fixed Rate Refunding Bonds, 2000 Series A:

Swap Objectives: Shelby County (the "County") received an upfront payment from the Counterparty for entering into a swaption. This swaption gave the Counterparty the option to cause the County to enter into a swap in which the County would pay a fixed rate and receive a floating rate. Upon exercise of the option, the County would currently refund a portion of its 1992 Series A Refunding Bonds with variable rate bonds and enter into a fixed payer swap.

Swap	Terms:							
		Option	Swap	Swap	Original	Fixed		Upfront
	Trade	Notification	Effective	Maturity	Notional	Payer	Underlying	Cash
	Date	Date	Date	Date	Amount	Rate	Index	Payment
	12/18/1998	11/30/1999	12/2/1999	3/1/2008	\$16,600,000	6.035%	BMA	\$ 1,275,000

On 12/18/1998, the County received \$1,275,000 for granting the Counterparty, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company (Morgan), the right to enter into a swap on a future date. In 1998, this payment represented the present value savings of the refunding as of 1999. Morgan had the right to exercise the option by notifying the County on 11/30/1999. The option was exercised and the swap began on 12/2/1999 with the County paying 6.035% and receiving the Bond Market Association Municipal Swap Index (BMA) until 3/1/2008, the maturity date of the bonds. The swap and refunding bonds had the same original notional amount of \$16,600,000 and have the same principal amortization.

Fair Value of Swap Option: As of 6/30/2005, there is no fair value for the option because it has been exercised. The swap, as of 6/30/2005, has a net value of (\$353,500). This fair value was measured by a swap pricing system in which the future net settlement swap payments were calculated and discounted to the valuation date using future spot interest rates. The future spot rates are zero-coupon bonds due on the future settlement dates implied from the current yield curve.

Associated Debt and Swap Payments: This swap is in conjunction with the General Obligation Weekly Adjustable/Fixed Rate Refunding Bonds, 2000 Series A that refunded the 1992 Series A Bonds. Below are the principal and interest requirements of the debt and the net swap payments as of 6/30/2005 (assuming BMA equals its current level of 2.28% for the term of the swap). The net swap payments will fluctuate as BMA changes.

Fiscal Year		Variable Ra	ate Bo	onds	N	et Swap		
Ending June 30	Principal		pal Interest		Payments		Total	
2006 2007 2008	\$	2,200,000 2,300,000 2,500,000	\$	158,601 108,853 56,844	\$	262,850 180,240 93,719	\$	2,621,451 2,589,093 2,650,563
	ф.		ф.				Φ.	
Total	\$	7,000,000	\$	324,298	\$	536,809	\$	7,861,107

Credit Risk: Because the swap has a negative value on 6/30/2005, the County does not have credit risk to Morgan. However, if swap rates increase and the fair value of the swap moves in favor of the County, credit risk would be present. The current ratings of Morgan are Aa2/AA by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively.

Termination Risk: If the swap has an unanticipated termination and the swap has a negative fair value due to a decline in swap rates, the County may owe a termination payment to Morgan equal to the fair value of the swap at that time.

Interest Rate Risk: Currently, the County does not have interest rate risk because it is paying a fixed rate on the swap. However, if for some unforeseen reason the swap is terminated prior to maturity, the County will have interest rate risk associated with the outstanding variable rate bonds until maturity in March 2008.

Basis Risk: The swap exposes the County to basis risk if there is not a direct relationship between the floating rate received from the Counterparty and the rate at which the variable rate bonds remarket. Basis risk is present if the

County's bonds remarket higher than BMA, which is the rate received from the Counterparty. Thus, the expected cost savings may not be realized.

Swap Two, Executed with Morgan Guaranty Trust Company on 12/18/1998 in connection with the General Obligation Weekly Adjustable Fixed Rate Refunding Bonds, 2001 Series A:

Swap Objective: The County received an upfront payment from the Counterparty for entering into a swaption. This swaption gave the Counterparty the option to cause the County to enter into a swap in which the County would pay a fixed rate and receive a floating rate. Upon the Counterparty's exercise of the option, the County would currently refund a portion of its 1992 Series B and 1993 Series A G.O. Refunding Bonds with variable rate bonds and enter into a fixed payer swap.

Swap Terms:

	Option	Swap	Swap	Original	Fixed		Upfront
Trade	Notification	Effective	Maturity	Notional	Payer	Underlying	Cash
Date	Date	Date	Date	Amount	Rate	Index	Payment
12/18/1998	11/29/2000	12/1/2000	3/1/2011	\$21,800,000	5.345%	BMA	\$ 1,025,000

On 12/18/1998, the swaption was executed and the County received \$1,025,000 for granting the Counterparty, Morgan Guaranty Trust Company (Morgan), the right to enter into a swap on a future date. In 1998, this payment represented the present value savings of the refunding as of 12/1/2000. Morgan had the right to exercise the option by notifying the County on 11/29/2000. The option was exercised and the swap began on 12/1/2000 with the County paying 5.345% and receiving BMA until 3/1/2011, the maturity date of the bonds. The swap and refunding bonds had the same original notional amount of \$21,800,000 and have the same principal amortization.

Fair Value of Swap and Option: As of 6/30/2005, there is no fair value for the option because it has been exercised. The swap, as of 6/30/2005, has a net value of (\$1,407,720). This fair value was measured by a swap pricing system in which the future net settlement swap payments were calculated and discounted to the valuation date using future spot interest rates. The future spot rates are zero-coupon bonds due on the future settlement dates implied from the current yield curve.

Associated Debt and Swap Payments: This swap is in conjunction with the General Obligation Weekly Adjustable/Fixed Rate Refunding Bonds, 2001 Series A which refunded a portion of the 1992 Series B Bonds and 1993 Series A Bonds. As of 6/30/2005, below are the principal and interest requirements of the debt and the net swap payments (assuming BMA equals its current level of 2.28% for the term of the swap). The net swap payments will fluctuate as BMA changes.

Fiscal Year		Variable Rate Bo		onds	nds Net Swap			
Ending June 30	Principal		Interest		Payments		Total	
2006	\$	2,300,000	\$	377,768	\$	511,855	\$	3,189,623
2007	-	1,100,000	*	325,759	-	441,360	-	1,867,119
2008		1,100,000		300,885		406,814		1,807,699
2009		1,200,000		275,874		373,930		1,849,804
2010		1,200,000		248,739		337,150		1,785,889
2011		9,800,000		221,604		300,370		10,321,974
Total	\$	16,700,000	\$	1,750,628	\$	2,371,479	\$	20,822,107

Credit Risk: Because the swap has a negative value on 6/30/2005, the County does not have credit risk to Morgan. However, if swap rates increase and the fair value of the swap moves in favor of the County, credit risk would be present. The current ratings of Morgan are Aa2/AA by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively.

Termination Risk: If the swap has an unanticipated termination and the swap has a negative fair value due to a decline in swap rates, the County may owe a termination payment to Morgan equal to the fair value of the swap at that time.

Interest Rate Risk: Currently, the County does not have interest rate risk because it is paying a fixed rate on the swap. However, if for some unforeseen reason the swap is terminated prior to maturity, the County will have interest rate risk associated with the variable rate bonds until maturity in March 2011.

Basis Risk: The swap exposes the County to basis risk if there is not a direct relationship between the floating rate received from the Counterparty and the rate at which the variable rate bonds remarket. Basis risk is present if the County's bonds remarket higher than BMA, which is the rate received from the Counterparty. Thus, the expected cost savings may not be realized.

Swap Three, Executed with Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marines Derivative Products on 1/15/1999 in connection with the 1999 Series A G.O. Variable Rate Demand Refunding Bonds:

Swap Objective: In order to lower its borrowing cost, the County entered into a swap in connection with its 1999 Series A G.O. Variable Rate Demand Refunding Bonds. The variable rate bonds were issued to advance refund a portion of various outstanding G.O. bonds issues. At the time, the synthetic fixed rate swap was favorable when compared to savings that could be achieved with a traditional fixed rate refunding bond issue. Additionally, the County entered into this tax language swap to effectively lower the fixed rate it would pay on the swap.

Swap Terms:

Trade Date	Swap Effective Date	Swap Maturity Date	Original Notional Amount	Fixed Payer Rate	Underlying Index
1/15/1999	1/28/1999	4/1/2020	\$ 96,150,000	4.115%	Actual Bond Rate or Alternative Index (1)

(1) under certain circumstances

On 1/28/1999 the swap became effective at the same time the 1999 Series A G.O. Variable Rate Demand Refunding Bonds were issued. Under the terms of the swap, until 1/1/2007, the County pays 4.115% to the Counterparty, Goldman Sachs Mitsui Marines Derivative Products, LP, (Goldman), and in return receives the Actual Bond Rate or an Alternative Index. If certain events occur, Goldman has the option to cause the Floating Rate Index to be converted from the Actual Bond Rate to the Alternative Index, or vice versa. The Alternative Index is the BMA index. Beginning 1/1/2007 until maturity, the County will continue to pay 4.115%. However, the County will receive 76.6% of LIBOR. The swap and refunding bonds had the same original notional amount of \$96,150,000 and have the same principal amortization and maturity.

Fair Value of Swap: As of 6/30/2005, the swap had a negative fair value of (\$4,528,223), assuming Goldman pays the County the Actual Bond Rate until maturity. This fair value was measured by a swap pricing system in which the future net settlement swap payments were calculated and discounted to the valuation date using future spot interest rates. The future spot rates are zero-coupon bonds due on the future settlement dates implied from the current yield curve.

Associated Debt and Swap Payments: This swap is in conjunction with the 1999 Series A G.O. Variable Rate Demand Refunding Bonds that advance refunded portions of several bond issues. As of 6/30/2005, below are the principal and interest requirements of the debt and the net swap payments. The cash flows below assume that BMA equals its current level, as of 6/30/2005, of 2.28% and 1 month LIBOR or equals its current level of 3.34% for the term of the swap, and Goldman pays the Actual Bond Rate to the County of BMA plus 5 basis points until 1/1/2007 when Goldman will pay the County 76.6% of 1 month LIBOR. The net swap payments will fluctuate as BMA, LIBOR, and the Actual Bond Rate change.

Fiscal Year	Variable I	Variable Rate Bonds		
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Payments	Total
2006	\$ 125,000	\$ 2,175,704	\$ 1,704,675	\$ 4,005,379
2007	150,000	2,172,862	1,648,721	3,971,583
2008	16,225,000	2,169,451	1,475,560	19,870,011
2009	625,000	1,798,508	1,229,682	3,653,190
2010	675,000	1,784,297	1,219,954	3,679,251
2011	9,650,000	1,768,949	1,209,447	12,628,396
2012	13,325,000	1,549,532	1,054,469	15,929,001
2013	9,300,000	1,244,889	851,827	11,396,717
2014	14,625,000	1,033,430	707,067	16,365,498
2015	12,750,000	700,894	479,420	13,930,314
2016	4,100,000	410,990	279,694	4,790,684
2017	4,250,000	317,254	217,140	4,784,394
2018	4,500,000	220,620	150,986	4,871,606
2019	4,675,000	118,301	80,941	4,874,242
2020	525,000	12,003	8,135	545,138
Total	\$ 95,500,000	\$ 17,477,684	\$ 12,317,721	\$ 125,295,404

Credit Risk: Because the swap has a negative value on 6/30/2005, the County does not have credit risk to Goldman. However, if swap rates increase and the fair value of the swap moves in favor of the County, credit risk would be present. The current ratings of Goldman are Aaa/AAA by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively.

Termination Risk: If the swap has an unanticipated termination or the County exercises its option to terminate, the County may owe a termination payment to Goldman equal to the fair value of the swap at that time, if swap rates have declined and the fair value is negative to the County. The County or Goldman may terminate the swap contract if either party fails to perform under the swap contract or if either party's credit rating falls below A3 from Moody's and/or A- from Standard & Poor's. The County also has the option to terminate the contract with at least 30 days notice to Goldman. The County will not exercise its termination option if a payment would be payable by the County unless the County provides evidence to Goldman that a termination payment will be made on the Early Termination Date.

Interest Rate Risk: Currently, the County does not have interest rate risk because it is paying a fixed rate on the swap. However, if for some unforeseen reason the swap is terminated prior to maturity, the County will have interest rate risk associated with the outstanding variable rate bonds until maturity in April 2020.

Basis Risk: Currently the County is receiving the Actual Bond Rate so no basis risk exists. However, beginning January 1, 2007 the County could be exposed to basis risk. The basis will arise from the difference between the actual interest rate paid on the variable rate bonds and the receipt from Goldman of 76.6% of 1 Month LIBOR. The basis differential could cause the expected savings to not be achieved.

Swap Four, Executed with Morgan Stanley Capital Services, Inc. on 3/18/2004 in connection with the 2004 Series B G.O. Variable Rate Public Improvement and School Bonds:

Swap Objective: In order to have a fixed rate obligation for a period of 10 years, the County entered into a swap in connection with its 2004 G.O. Variable Rate Public Improvement and School Bonds. Given the swap was executed approximately 1 month prior to the issuance of the Bonds, the County decided to use a swap notional of \$235,000,000 because final bond sizing had not been determined. Under the terms of the swap, the County will pay a fixed rate of 2.696% and receive 70% of 1 month LIBOR. The County entered into this fixed payer swap in order to hedge variable rate exposure and take advantage of the low fixed payer swap rates.

Swap Terms:

	Swap	Swap	Original	Fixed	
Trade	Effective	Maturity	Notional	Payer	Underlying
Date	Date	Date	Amount	Rate	Index
03/18/2004	04/22/2004	04/1/2014	\$ 235,000,000	2.696%	70% of 1 Month LIBOR

On 4/22/2004, the swap became effective at the same time the 2004 G.O. Variable Rate Public Improvement and School Bonds were issued. Under the terms of the swap, the County pays 2.696% to the Counterparty, Morgan Stanley Capital Services, Inc. (Morgan Stanley), and in return receives 70% of 1 Month LIBOR. The original swap notional was \$235,000,000 while the bonds original notional was \$237,705,000. The Bonds and swap also have different principal amortization and maturity. The bonds mature April 1, 2030. The swap matures in 2014 because the County wanted a fixed component via the swap for 10 years and in 2014, the County wanted the flexibility to take on variable rate exposure, enter into another fixed payer swap, or issue fixed rate debt. The notional amount decreases from \$235,000,000 to \$135,000,000 effective April 1, 2009 through the termination date of April 1, 2014.

Fair Value of Swap and Option: As of 6/30/2005, the swap had a positive fair value of \$3,417,036. This fair value was measured by a swap pricing system in which the future net swap settlement payments were calculated and discounted to the valuation date using future spot interest rates. The future spot rates are zero-coupon bonds due on the future settlement dates implied from the current yield curve.

Associated Debt and Swap Payments: This swap is in conjunction with the 2004 G.O. Variable Rate Public Improvement and School Bonds. As of 6/30/2005, below are the principal and interest requirements of the debt and the net swap payments. The cash flows below assume that BMA equals it current level of 2.28% for the term of the swap, and Morgan Stanley pays 70% of 1 Month LIBOR to the County which as of 6/30/2005 equals 2.338% (3.34% x 70%). The net swap payments will fluctuate as 70% of LIBOR changes.

Fiscal Year	Variable R	ate Bonds	Net Swap	
Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Payments	Total
2006	\$	\$ 5,487,325	\$ 764,990	\$ 6,252,316
2007		5,487,325	764,990	6,252,316
2008		5,487,325	749,728	6,237,054
2009		5,487,325	764,990	6,252,316
2010		5,487,325	439,463	5,926,788
2011		5,487,325	439,463	5,926,788
2012		5,487,32	430,695	5,918,020
2013		5,487,325	439,463	5,926,788
2014		5,487,325	439,463	5,926,788
2015	8,290,000	5,487,32		13,777,325
2016	9,120,000	5,296,213		14,416,213
2017	10,030,000	5,084,812		15,114,812
2018	11,030,000	4,853,587		15,883,587
2019	12,140,000	4,599,308		16,739,308
2020	13,350,000	4,319,441		17,669,441
2021	14,685,000	4,009,988		18,694,988
2022	16,155,000	3,671,450		19,826,450
2023	17,770,000	3,299,023		21,069,023
2024	19,545,000	2,889,365		22,434,365
2025	21,500,000	2,436,312		23,936,312
2026	13,775,000	1,940,666		15,715,666
2027	15,150,000	1,623,106		16,773,106
2028	16,665,000	1,273,848		17,938,848
2029	18,335,000	887,553		19,222,553
2030	20,165,000	464,870		20,629,870
Total	\$ 237,705,000	\$ 101,522,798	\$ 5,233,244	\$ 344,461,041

Credit Risk: The County has credit exposure to Morgan Stanley equivalent to the fair value of \$3,417,036. If Morgan Stanley fails to perform under the terms of the swap contract, the County could have a loss equal to \$3,417,036. As of 6/30/2005, the ratings of Morgan Stanley are Aa3/A+ by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively. To mitigate credit risk if Standard & Poor's and Moody's rates the credit worthiness of Morgan Stanley's senior unsecured, unenhanced debt below a rating of "A" in the case of Standard & Poors or "A2" in the case of Moody's treasuries or cash will be pledged.

Termination Risk: If the swap has an unanticipated termination or the County exercises its option to terminate, the County may owe a termination payment to Morgan Stanley equal to the fair value of the swap at that time, if swap rates have declined and the fair value is negative to the County. The County or Morgan Stanley may terminate the swap contract if either party fails to perform under the swap contract or if either party's credit rating falls below Baa1 from Moody's and/or BBB+ from Standard & Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk: Currently the County does not have interest rate risk because it is paying a fixed rate on the swap. However, if for some unforeseen reason the swap is terminated prior to the swap maturity in 2014, the County will have interest rate risk associated with the outstanding variable rate bonds. Additionally, after the swap matures in 2014, if the County decides not to enter into another fixed payer swap or traditionally fix the debt, the county will have interest rate risk until the bonds mature on April 1, 2030.

Basis Risk: The County is receiving 70% of 1Month LIBOR from Morgan Stanley so basis risk exists. The basis risk arises from the difference between the actual interest rate paid on the variable rate bonds (i.e., BMA +/- spread) and the receipt from Morgan Stanley of 70% of 1Month LIBOR. This basis differential could cause the expected interest cost to increase.

Tax Risk: Changes or proposed changes to the tax laws relating to the tax-exempt status of municipal bonds may result in an increase to the cost of funds because the County is receiving a percentage of a taxable index and paying BMA (tax-exempt index) on the underlying variable rate bonds.

Swap Five, Executed with Rice Financial Products Company on 10/25/2004 in connection with the 1999 Series B General Obligation Public Improvement and School Bonds:

Swap Objective: In order to potentially lower its borrowing costs and achieve potential savings on a portion of its outstanding fixed rate debt without an additional bond issue, the County entered into a basis swap in connection with its 1999 Series B General Obligation Public Improvement and School Bonds. The intent of this Basis Swap when executed was to lower the County's net cost of borrowing with respect to the 1999 Series B Bonds being swapped while preserving the County's ability to advance refund the 1999 Series B Bonds on a tax-exempt basis on a later date.

Swap Terms:

	Swap	Swap	Original	Fixed	
Trade	Effective	Maturity	Notional	Payer	Underlying
Date	Date	Date	Amount	Rate	Index
10/25/2004	10/27/2004	6/1/2019	\$75,000,000	4.16%	4.95% - Adjustment Factor

Under the terms of the swap, the County pays 4.16% to the Counterparty, RFPC, LLC (RFPC), a subsidiary of Rice Financial Products Company, and in return receives 4.95% - Adjustment Factor. The adjustment factor is equal to (BMA / 1-.65) – 6 Month LIBOR). Essentially, the County will receive a fixed spread of 79 basis points, and this fixed spread will be adjusted every six months based on the actual performance and relationship between the BMA index and six month LIBOR.

Fair Value of Swap: The swap, as of 6/30/2005, has a net value of (\$872,365). This fair value was measured by a swap pricing system in which the future net swap settlement payments were calculated and discounted to the valuation date using future spot interest rates. The future spot rates are zero-coupon bonds due on the future settlement dates implied from the current yield curve.

Associated Debt and Swap Payments: This swap was executed in conjunction with the 1999 Series B General Obligation Public Improvement and School Bonds of which a portion has been advance refunded. As of 6/30/2005, below are the net swap payments (assuming BMA equals its current level of 2.28% and 6 month LIBOR equals 3.53% for the term of the swap). The 3.53% LIBOR rate was reset on 6/1/2005 and still effective at 6/30/2005. The net swap payments will fluctuate as BMA and 6 month LIBOR change.

Fiscal Year	Swap	Net Swap			
Ending June 30	<u>Principal</u>	(Payment) /Receipt			
2006	\$ 2,555,000	\$ 721,808			
2007	2,690,000	696,383			
2008	2,690,000	669,993			
2009	2,690,000	642,846			
2010	2,690,000	616,077			
2011	2,690,000	589,309			
2012	2,690,000	562,858			
2013	3,135,000	535,771			
2014	3,585,000	504,574			
2015	3,765,000	468,899			
2016	3,900,000	431,677			
2017	4,030,000	392,624			
2018	4,300,000	352,520			
2019	 31,125,000	 309,730			
TOTAL	\$ 72,535,000	\$ 7,495,070			

Credit Risk As of 6/30/2005, because the swap has a negative value, the County does not have credit risk to RFPC. However, in the future, if fair value of the swap moves in favor of the County, credit risk would be present. The obligations of RFPC under the swap agreement are guaranteed by a surety bond that was issued by AAA rated Ambac Corporation (Ambac).

Termination Risk: If the swap has an unanticipated termination, the County may owe a termination payment to RFPC equal to the fair value of the swap at that time. The County or RFPC may terminate the swap contract if either party fails to perform under the swap contract. Also, with respect to both the County and RFPC, if Ambac's credit rating falls below A3 from Moody's and/or from Standard & Poor's, an Additional Termination Event occurs. With respect to the County, if the County has no issues of rated senior debt or it fails to have at least one issue with an unenhanced rating of at least Baa1 by Moody's or BBB+ by Standard & Poor's, then an Additional Termination Event will occur.

Basis Risk: Depending on the relationship between the BMA and 6-month LIBOR index, the County could be exposed to basis risk. If the BMA/LIBOR ratio is greater than (1- Marginal Tax Rate of 35%) then the fixed spread of 79 basis points that the County receives will be reduced. This basis differential could cause the expectation of lowering the net cost of borrowing to not be achieved.

Tax Risk: Changes or proposed changes to the tax laws relating to the tax-exempt status of municipal bonds may result in an increase to the cost of funds.

Swap Six, Executed with Morgan Keegan Financial Products on 6/23/2005 in connection with the Anticipated 2006 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds:

Swap Objective: The County will receive a payment of \$1,503,000 on 12/1/2006 from the Counterparty for entering into a swaption on the trade date of 6/23/2005. This swaption gives the Counterparty the option to cause the County to enter into a swap on December 1, 2006. If the Counterparty exercises the option, the County will

currently refund a portion of its 1996 Series B General Obligation Refunding Bonds with variable rate bonds and enter into a fixed payer swap in which the County will pay a fixed rate and receive a floating rate. The County entered into this swaption to take advantage of 40 year lows in interest rates to refund high coupon debt and to receive an upfront cash payment to pay for capital expenditures to reduce debt issuance in the future

Swap Terms:

		Swap	Swap	Original	Fixed	Floating	Upfront
Trade	Notification	Effective	Maturity	Notional	Payer	Rate	Cash
Date	Date	Date	Date	Amount	Rate	Index	Payment
6/23/2005	11/29/2006	12/1/2006	12/1/2011	\$52,615,000	4.26%	BMA	\$ 1,503,000

On 6/23/2005, the County entered into a swaption with Morgan Keegan Financial Products ("MKFP"), and the County will be paid \$1,503,000 by MKFP for this option. The County elected to receive the payment on the call date of 12/1/2006. If the option is exercised, the County will issue variable rate refunding bonds and enter into a fixed payer swap in which the County will pay 4.26% and receive the BMA index. The potential swap will have the same amortization and maturity as the underlying bond issue. The fixed swap rate of 4.26% was set at a rate that, when added to the assumed ongoing expenses for the variable rate bonds and the costs of issuance for the underlying variable rate bonds, would equal the average coupon on the outstanding 1996 Series B General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

Fair Value of Swap: As of 6/30/2005, the swaption had a negative fair value of (\$5,115). This fair value was measured by a swap pricing system in which the future net swap settlement payments were calculated and discounted to the valuation date using future spot interest rates. The future spot rates are zero-coupon bonds due on the future settlement dates implied from the current yield curve.

Associated Debt and Swap Payments: The swap is associated with a potential future refunding issue, the 2006 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

Credit Risk: The swap contract could expose the County to credit risk, depending on the fair value of the swap at that time. To mitigate credit risk, if Standard & Poor's and Moody's rates the creditworthiness of MKFP's (or the Credit Support Provider's) senior, unsecured, unenhanced debt below a rating of "A" in the case of Standard & Poor's or "A2" in the case of Moody's, treasuries or cash will be pledged.

Termination Risk: An out-of-the-ordinary event may occur that causes the contract to be terminated. At the time of termination, if the swap has a negative fair value, the County would be liable to MKFP for a payment equal to the fair value. If either Standard & Poor's or Moody's rates the creditworthiness of either party's (or the Credit Support Provider's) long-term, unsecured, unenhanced debt rating below Baa3 by Moody's or BBB- by Standard & Poor's, an Additional Termination Event has occurred. As of 6/30/2005, MKFP has a credit guarantee from Deutsche Bank AG, rated Aa3/AA- by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively.

Basis Risk: Currently, the County is not exposed to basis risk. If the option is exercised in the future, as long as there is not a direct relationship between the floating rate received from MKFP (BMA Index) and the rate at which the variable rate bonds remarket, the County is exposed to basis risk. Basis risk will exist if the County's bonds remarket higher than BMA, which is the rate received from the Counterparty. Thus, the expected cost savings may not be achieved.

Market Access Risk: The County may be exposed to market access risk if the County is not able to issue the variable rate refunding bonds in the future because of some unforeseen event. If the option is exercised and the refunding bonds are not issued, the 1996 bonds would not be refunded but the County would still have to make

swap payments as required by the swap contract, if it isn't terminated. Thus, because of this, the expected cost savings may not be realized.

Swap Seven, Executed with Morgan Keegan Financial Products on 6/23/2005 in Connection with the Anticipated 2007 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds:

Swap Objective: The County will receive a payment of \$2,070,000 on 8/1/2007 from the Counterparty for entering into a swaption on the trade date of 6/23/2005. This swaption gives the Counterparty the option to cause the County to enter into a swap on August 1, 2007. If the Counterparty exercises the option, the County will currently refund a portion of its 1997 Series B General Obligation Refunding Bonds with variable rate bonds and enter into a fixed payer swap in which the County will pay a fixed rate and receive a floating rate. The County entered into this swaption to take advantage of 40 year lows in interest rates to refund high coupon debt and to receive an upfront cash payment to pay for capital expenditures to reduce debt issuance in the future.

Swap Terms:

		Swap	Swap	Original	Fixed	Floating	Upfront
Trade	Notification	Effective	Maturity	Notional	Payer	Rate	Cash
Date	Date	Date	Date	Amount	Rate	Index	Payment
6/23/2005	7/30/2007	8/1/2007	8/1/2019	\$31,450,000	4.61%	BMA	\$ 2,070,000

On 6/23/2005, the County entered into a swaption with Morgan Keegan Financial Products (MKFP), and the County will be paid \$2,070,000 by MKFP for this option. The County elected to receive the payment on the call date of 8/1/2007. If the option is exercised, the County will issue variable rate refunding bonds and enter into a fixed payer swap in which the County will pay 4.61% and receive the BMA index. The potential swap will have the same amortization and maturity as the underlying bond issue. The fixed swap rate of 4.61% was set at a rate that, when added to the assumed ongoing expenses for the variable rate bonds and the costs of issuance for the underlying variable rate bonds, would equal the average coupon on the outstanding 1997 Series B General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

Fair Value of Swap and Option: As of 6/30/2005, the swaption had a negative fair value of (\$8,402). This fair value was measured by a swap pricing system in which the future net swap settlement payments were calculated and discounted to the valuation date using future spot interest rates. The future spot rates are zero-coupon bonds due on the future settlement dates implied from the current yield curve.

Associated Debt and Swap Payments: The swap is associated with a potential future refunding issue, the 2007 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

Credit Risk: The swap contract could expose the County to credit risk, depending on the fair value of the swap at that time. To mitigate credit risk, if Standard & Poor's and Moody's rates the creditworthiness of MKFP's (or the Credit Support Provider's) senior, unsecured, unenhanced debt below a rating of "A" in the case of Standard & Poor's or "A2" in the case of Moody's, treasuries or cash will be pledged.

Termination Risk: An out-of-the-ordinary event may occur that causes the contract to be terminated. At the time of termination, if the swap has a negative fair value, the County would be liable to MKFP for a payment equal to the fair value. If either Standard & Poor's or Moody's rates the creditworthiness of either party's (or the Credit Support Provider's) long-term, unsecured, unenhanced debt rating below Baa3 by Moody's or BBB- by Standard & Poor's, an Additional Termination Event has occurred. As of 6/30/2005, MKFP has a credit guarantee from Deutsche Bank AG, rated Aa3/AA- by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively.

Basis Risk: Currently the County is not exposed to basis risk. If the option is exercised in the future, as long as there is not a direct relationship between the floating rate received from MKFP (BMA Index) and the rate at which the variable rate bonds remarket, the County is exposed to basis risk. Basis risk will exist if the County's bonds remarket higher than BMA, which is the rate received from the Counterparty. Thus, the expected cost savings may not be achieved.

Market Access Risk: The County may be exposed to market access risk if the County is not able to issue the variable rate refunding bonds in the future because of some unforeseen event. If the option is exercised and the refunding bonds are not issued, the 1997 bonds would not be refunded but the County would still have to make swap payments as required by the swap contract, if it isn't terminated. Thus, because of this, the expected cost savings may not be realized.

Swap Eight, Executed with Loop Financial Products on 6/23/2005 in Connection with the Anticipated 2008 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds:

Swap Objective: The County will receive a payment of \$8,571,000 on 3/1/2008 from the Counterparty for entering into a swaption on the trade date of 6/23/2005. This swaption gives the Counterparty the option to cause the County to enter into a swap on March 1, 2008. If the Counterparty exercises the option, the County will currently refund a portion of its 1998 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds with variable rate bonds and enter into a fixed payer swap in which the County will pay a fixed rate and receive a floating rate. The County entered into this swaption to take advantage of 40 year lows in interest rates to refund high coupon debt and to receive an upfront cash payment to pay for capital expenditures to reduce debt issuance in the future.

Swap Terms:

		Swap	Swap	Original	Fixed	Floating	Upfront
Trade	Notification	Effective	Maturity	Notional	Payer	Rate	Cash
Date	Date	Date	Date	Amount	Rate	Index	Payment
				·			<u> </u>
6/23/2005	2/28/2008	3/1/2008	3/1/2022	\$121,485,000	4.66%	BMA	\$8,571,000

On 6/23/2005 the County entered into a swaption with Loop Financial Products (LFP), and the County will be paid \$8,571,000 by LFP for this option. The County elected to receive the payment on the call date of 3/1/2008. If the option is exercised, the County will issue variable rate refunding bonds and enter into a fixed payer swap in which the County will pay 4.66% and receive the BMA index. The potential swap will have the same amortization and maturity as the underlying bond issue. The fixed swap rate of 4.66% was set at a rate that, when added to the assumed ongoing expenses for the variable rate bonds and the costs of issuance for the underlying variable rate bonds, would equal the average coupon on the outstanding 1998 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

Fair Value of Swap and Option: As of 6/30/2005 the swaption had a negative fair value of (\$924,200). This fair value was measured by a swap pricing system in which the future net swap settlement payments were calculated and discounted to the valuation date using future spot interest rates. The future spot rates are zero-coupon bonds due on the future settlement dates implied from the current yield curve.

Fair Value of Swap and Option: The swap is associated with a potential future refunding issue, the 2008 Series A General Obligation Refunding Bonds.

Credit Risk: The swap contract could expose the County to credit risk, depending on the fair value of the swap at that time. To mitigate credit risk, if Standard & Poor's and Moody's rates the creditworthiness of LFP's (or the Credit Support Provider's) senior, unsecured, unenhanced debt below a rating of "A" in the case of Standard & Poor's or "A2" in the case of Moody's, treasuries or cash will be pledged.

Termination Risk: An out-of-the-ordinary event may occur that causes the contract to be terminated. At the time of termination, if the swap has a negative fair value, the County would be liable to LFP for a payment equal to the fair value. If either Standard & Poor's or Moody's rates the creditworthiness of either party's (or the Credit Support Provider's) long-term, unsecured, unenhanced debt rating below Baa3 by Moody's or BBB- by Standard & Poor's, an Additional Termination Event has occurred. As of 6/30/2005, LFP has a credit guarantee from Deutsche Bank AG, rated Aa3/AA- by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively.

Basis Risk: Currently the County is not exposed to basis risk. If the option is exercised in the future, as long as there is not a direct relationship between the floating rate received from LFP (BMA Index) and the rate at which the variable rate bonds remarket, the County is exposed to basis risk. Basis risk will exist if the County's bonds remarket higher than BMA, which is the rate received from the Counterparty. Thus, the expected cost savings may not be achieved.

Market Access Risk: The County may be exposed to market access risk if the County is not able to issue the variable rate refunding bonds in the future because of some unforeseen event. If the option is exercised and the refunding bonds are not issued, the 1998 bonds would not be refunded but the County would still have to make swap payments as required by the swap contract, if it isn't terminated. Thus, because of this, the expected cost savings may not be realized.

Claims and judgments:

The County has recognized long-term liabilities for claims and judgments of \$9,025,381 in accordance with its accounting policy explained in Note I (E). The liabilities are based on property damage and personal injury lawsuits arising in the course of operations.

(I) Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund receivables and payables consist of the following:

Due To/From Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Corrections Center Fund	\$ 5,620,035
	Grants Fund	 5,429,155
Total		\$ 11,049,190

Due To/From Component Units:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount
Debt Service Fund	The Med (component unit)	\$ 3,905,886
Capital Projects Fund	The Med (component unit)	3,354,846
Board of Education (component unit)	Education Fund	1,795,372_
Total		\$ 9,056,104

These balances resulted from timing differences between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, and (2) payments between funds occur.

Transfers during the year were as follows:

Transfer Out:	Transfer In:		
General Fund	Correction Center Fund	\$	11,300,000
	Debt Service Fund	Ψ	659,151
	Grants Fund		2,739,945
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		258,887
	Internal Service Funds		250,000
	Capital Projects Fund		2,250,000
Debt Service Fund	General Fund		324,815
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Debt Service Fund		5,963,888
•	General Fund		2,344,679
	Capital Projects Fund		598,216
	Grants Fund		39,537
Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund		10,066,901
Grants Fund	General Fund		4,930,423
	Grants Fund		173,144
	Capital Projects Fund		151,999
	Consolidated Codes Enforcement Fund		127,646
Total transfers out by governmental	fund types		42,179,231
Correction Center Fund	General Fund		2,700,000
Fire Services Fund	General Fund		600,000
Consolidated Codes Enforcement Fund	General Fund		1,069,663
	Grants Fund		382,320
Internal Service Funds	General Fund		992,737
	Government-wide fixed assets		217,855
Total transfers out by proprietary fur	nd types and Internal Service Funds		5,962,575
Total all fund types		\$	48,141,806

The Internal Service Funds also reflect a transfer in of \$129,009 for long-term liabilities transferred to the government-wide statements.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenue from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

(J) Other Revenue

The other revenue classification is used in the combined, combining and individual fund financial statements and in the supplemental schedules and statistical section of the comprehensive annual financial report. This category is one of the revenue line items included in the legally adopted budget approved annually by the Board of Commissioners. Certain revenue accounts which are not accurately described by any of the other revenue classifications included in the budget (local taxes, local revenues, state revenue, federal revenue, patient service revenue, elected officials' fees and fines) are classified as other revenue.

Other revenue for the	year	ended June	30, 2	2005 is deta	iled	below:							
				Debt	(Capital			N	Ionmajor		Total	
	General		Service		Service Projects			Grants		Governmental		Governmental	
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Fund Fund		Funds		Funds		
Investment income Miscellaneous income	\$	4,338,484 646,858	\$	395,796 1,022	\$	446,263 338,179	\$	115,277 378,092	\$	332,713 15,224	\$	5,628,533 1,379,375	
Total other revenue	\$	4,985,342	\$	396,818	\$	784,442	\$	493,369	\$	347,937	\$	7,007,908	

(K) Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues

Shelby County maintains a self-insured Group Hospital Insurance Fund for its active and retired employees and their dependents, funded by participation of both the County and its employees. Incurred but not reported (IBNR) claims liabilities of the Group Hospital Insurance Fund were actuarially determined. This calculation was based on prior years' claims expense and the current year's actual claims incurred. The long term liabilities for IBNR claims are presented at present value.

The schedule below presents the changes in IBNR liabilities for the past two years for the Group Hospital Insurance Fund:

	2005	2004
Insurance claims liabilities at the beginning of the fiscal year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Payment of claims and claim adjustment expenses	\$ 9,101,000 47,512,095 (48,613,095)	\$ 11,006,275 45,836,999 (47,742,274)
Claims liabilities at the end of the fiscal year	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 9,101,000

IBNR claims are included in Insurance Claims Payable.

The County maintains a self-insured Tort Liability Fund funded by premiums paid by departments using county vehicles and by an operating transfer from the General Fund. Claims liabilities of the Tort Liability Fund were estimated based on prior years' claims expense, current year's actual claims, and a review of pending litigation through the County Attorney.

The schedule below presents the changes in claims liabilities for the past two years for the Tort Liability Fund:

	2005	2004
Tort claims liabilities at the beginning of the fiscal year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Payment of claims and claim adjustment expenses	\$ 3,398,629 209,987 (630,164)	\$ 2,118,035 1,758,419 (477,825)
Claims liabilities at the end of the fiscal year	\$ 2,978,452	\$ 3,398,629

The County maintains a self-insured Employer Insurance Fund for on-the-job injuries and unemployment compensation, funded by premiums paid by County departments based on a percentage of salary costs. Claims liabilities of the Employer Insurance Fund were estimated based on prior year's claims expense and current year's actual claims incurred

The schedule below presents the changes in claims liabilities for the past two years for the Employer Insurance Fund:

	2005	 2004
Claims and claim adjustment liabilities at the beginning of the fiscal year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Payment of claims and claim adjustments expenses	\$ 6,228,142 3,655,919 (3,504,117)	\$ 8,996,944 2,271,935 (5,040,737)
Claims and claim adjustments liabilities at the end of the fiscal year	\$ 6,379,944	\$ 6,228,142

The County's other insurance fund is the Group Life Insurance Fund, which reported expenses of \$2,707,795 for claims incurred for the year ended June 30, 2005.

(L) Contingencies and Commitments

The County has commitments at fiscal year-end for outstanding purchase orders and outstanding contracts reported as reserves for encumbrances of the governmental funds. In addition, commitments for capital projects total \$20,853,473 as of June 30, 2005. Notes payable have been authorized and are available as needed to fund these capital projects.

The Memphis and Shelby County Sports Authority, Inc. is a joint venture organization that has issued revenue bonds for construction of a sports and entertainment facility. Although the City of Memphis and Shelby County are not legally liable for the debt, they have agreed to share equally in the payment of the debt if the Authority is unable to pay. See further explanations in Note IV (M).

(M) Joint Ventures, Jointly Governed Organizations and Related Organizations

Joint Ventures:

Joint ventures are defined in generally accepted accounting principles as organizations owned, operated or governed by two or more participants where no single participant has the ability to unilaterally control the financial or operating polices of the joint venture. Participants must maintain an ongoing financial responsibility for, or financial interest in, the joint venture. The following organizations qualify as joint ventures of Shelby County. References to the appointment of members of boards or commissions include both those appointed and those serving ex officio. Appointment usually includes confirmation by the appropriate legislative body.

Memphis and Shelby County Convention Center Commission (the Convention Center)

The Convention Center operates the 300,000 square foot multi-use Memphis Cook Convention Center and the 2,100 seat Cannon Center for the Performing Arts. The Convention Center is a joint venture between the City of Memphis (City) and the County and is overseen by an eight-member board. The City and County each appoint four board members. The board is responsible for reporting the results of operations semi-annually to both the City and the County. The City and County share equally in the profits of the Convention Center and are responsible for funding any deficit from operations in the same proportion. Through the year ended June 30, 2004 this obligation was funded for both governments from the proceeds of the hotel/motel tax. During the year ended June 30, 2005 the County contributed \$992,964 to the operations of the Convention Center from the general fund; the City contributed a like amount. The County does not hold an equity interest in this entity. A third party under contract handles day-to-day promotion, operation, and management of the Convention Center. Financial statements for the Convention Center may be obtained from Memphis Cook Convention Center, 255 N. Main Street, Memphis, Tennessee 38103.

Memphis and Shelby County Port Commission (the Port Commission)

The Port Commission manages and develops industrial properties and has the authority for the direct development of the riverfront within Shelby County, except from the mouth of the Wolf River south to the I-55 bridge. The Port Commission is a joint venture between the City and the County and is overseen by a seven-member board. The City appoints four of the board members and the County appoints three members. Any deficits of the Port Commission are funded equally by the City and the County and excess revenues are distributed equally to the City and the County. The City and the County must approve the issuance of debt by or for the Port Commission. The County does not hold an equity interest in this entity. The County's revenue share from the Port Commission for the year ended June 30, 2005 was \$274,724. Financial statements for the Port Commission may be obtained from the Memphis and Shelby County Port Commission, P.O. Box 13142, Memphis, Tennessee 38113.

Memphis and Shelby County Sports Authority, Inc. (the Authority)

The Authority was chartered in 1997 under a State statute that permits sports authorities to receive certain sales taxes generated by major league sports franchises. In 2001 the City of Memphis and Shelby County entered into the "Memphis Arena Project Agreement" to bring a NBA professional team to Memphis. A major part of that agreement required the construction of a new multipurpose sports and entertainment facility. Financing for construction of this facility (now known as FedExForum) has been done through the Authority. The Authority has issued long-term debt totaling \$224,825,305 in principal amount, with \$220,590,305 principal owed as of December 31, 2004 (the latest available audited financial report), plus accrued interest and Swap liabilities. Title to the facility is held by the New Memphis Arena Public Building Authority of Memphis and Shelby County, a joint venture; see below for more information on that entity. The Authority's revenue bonds are payable from seat rental fees, certain state sales taxes generated by the professional basketball team, car rental taxes, City and County-wide hotel/motel taxes, and in lieu of tax payments by the Memphis Light Gas and Water Division.

The Sports Authority is a joint venture between the City of Memphis and the County and has a board whose members are jointly appointed by the mayors of the City and the County and approved by the Memphis City

Council and the Shelby County Commission. Although the bond indentures state that the City and County are not legally liable for the indebtedness of the Authority, under agreement the City and County have agreed to pay, in equal amounts, the debt if the Authority is unable to pay. During the year ended June 30, 2005 the County transferred to the Sports Authority for debt service purposes the amount of \$1,093,077 from car rental taxes and \$4,669,767 from hotel/motel taxes. Financial statements for the Memphis and Shelby County Sports Authority, Inc. may be obtained from the Memphis Convention & Visitor's Bureau, 47 Union Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee 38103.

Mid-South Coliseum (the Coliseum)

The Coliseum operates a multi-purpose sports and entertainment facility with a seating capacity of approximately 11,500. The Coliseum is a joint venture between the City of Memphis and the County and is overseen by a five-member board. The City appoints two board members, the County appoints two members and one is jointly appointed by the City and County. The City and County share in profits or fund any deficits from operations in a ratio of 60% and 40%, respectively. The County does not hold an equity interest in this entity. As a result of a non-compete clause in the agreement with the National Basketball Association Franchise Owners for the operation of the new arena (FedExForum), the future financial viability of this facility is questionable. At June 30, 2005 the County is owed \$159,889 by the Coliseum evidenced by a note; no payment was made in FY 2005. During the year the County paid the Coliseum \$1,898 for use of the facility. Financial statements for the Coliseum may be obtained from the Mid-South Coliseum, The Fairgrounds, 996 Early Maxwell Boulevard, Memphis, Tennessee 38104.

New Memphis Arena Public Building Authority of Memphis and Shelby County (New PBA)

The New PBA was created in August 2001 by Shelby County and the City of Memphis. It is a nonprofit corporation established under statutes of the State of Tennessee. In June 2001 the City of Memphis, Shelby County, and HOOPS, L.P. (the NBA franchise ownership entity) entered into the "Memphis Arena Project Agreement." Under this agreement a new arena would be constructed and leased to HOOPS, L.P. as part of the agreement to bring a professional basketball (NBA) team to Memphis. The primary purpose of the New PBA was to construct and hold title to this new multi-purpose sports and entertainment facility (now known as FedExForum). Construction of the facility is complete and the facility has been leased to and is being operated by HOOPS, L.P. as noted above.

Funding for construction of the facility was provided primarily through the Memphis and Shelby County Sports Authority, Inc., a separate joint venture as explained above. However, the New PBA holds title to the building.

The New PBA is a joint venture between the City of Memphis and the County. It is governed by a Board of Directors whose members are jointly appointed by the mayors of the City of Memphis and Shelby County and approved by the Memphis City Council and the Shelby County Commission. The City and County maintain an ongoing financial responsibility for subsidies to finance the New PBA's capital expenditures and operations. During the year ended June 30, 2005 there were no financial transactions between the New PBA and the County. Financial statements for the New PBA may be obtained from the New Memphis Arena PBA, 195 Linden Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee 38103.

Pyramid Arena

In November 1987 the City of Memphis and the County entered into a joint venture arrangement creating the Public Building Authority of Memphis and Shelby County (PBA). The PBA is a not-for-profit corporation created for the purpose of constructing the Pyramid, a multipurpose facility with the primary use as a basketball arena. The City and the County each separately issued bonds for their share of the construction cost of the Pyramid, with the debt remaining an obligation of the issuer. The Pyramid was then leased back jointly to the City and the County for operation. The County does not hold an equity interest in the PBA. The PBA currently exists solely to hold title to the building and has no ongoing financial operations.

On July 1, 1991 the City and County jointly entered into a contract with a third party (SMG) to manage, operate, market and promote the Pyramid. The term of the contract was for the three-year period July 1, 1991 to June 30, 1994, with a renewal clause for up to three additional five-year terms. The current renewal period expires June 30, 2009. The City and County will each appropriate one-half of the necessary funds to sustain operations based upon each government's approval of an operating budget. During the year ended June 30, 2005 the County contributed \$750,000 to the operating budget of the Pyramid. Excess operating revenue net of management fees and operating expenses, as defined under the management agreement, will be paid to the City and the County upon demand. As provided for in the management agreement, cash in excess of \$500,000 will also be paid to the City and the County upon demand. No excess cash was returned in fiscal year 2005. As a result of a non-compete clause in the agreement with the National Basketball Association Franchise Owners for the operation of the new arena (FedExForum), the future financial viability of this facility is questionable. Financial statements for the Pyramid Arena Operations may be obtained from the Pyramid Arena, One Auction Street, Memphis, Tennessee 38105.

The following is a summary of the financial information of the joint ventures, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005 (not covered by the report of independent accountants):

	Convention Center	Port Commission	Sports Authority (a)	Mid-South Coliseum	New Arena PBA (a)	Pyramid Arena	
A4-	¢ 12.022.224	¢ 20.510.779	¢ 42.206.962	¢ 1.402.222	e 222 210 500	¢ 1,007,901	
Assets	\$ 13,832,234	\$ 29,519,778	\$ 43,206,862	\$ 1,403,233	\$ 233,219,588	\$ 1,096,891	
Liabilities	1,623,618	8,145,152	228,228,432	850,584	2,362,017	349,531	
Net Assets	12,208,616	21,374,626	(185,021,570)	552,649	230,857,571	747,360	
Operating Revenues	2,903,269	1,765,846	148,243	1,599,854	1,380,465	782,212	
Operating Expenses	6,374,824	2,200,022	589,527	2,085,150	3,111,472	2,253,027	
Other Revenue	2,084,739	113,615	11,724,540	296,803	94,266,833	1,485,564	
Other Expenses	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	305,918	92,322,384	10,011	24,982	· · · · · ·	
Change in Net Assets	(1,386,816)	(626,479)	(81,039,128)	(198,504)	92,510,844	14,749	

⁽a) Fiscal year-end December 31, 2004.

Jointly Governed Organizations:

The County in conjunction with the City of Memphis has joint control of the following organizations through the appointment of their boards. They are not considered joint ventures because the County and the City do not retain an ongoing financial responsibility or financial interest. There were no financial transactions between the County and the organizations in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005 unless noted below.

The *Depot Redevelopment Corporation of Memphis and Shelby County (Depot)* was established by the City and County to determine and establish a reuse plan and management strategy for the Memphis Depot. The United States Government closed the former military supply depot. The mayors of the City and County appoint the nine board members for six-year terms with approval of the City Council and the County Commission. The County has a note receivable from the Depot with a principal balance of \$3,415,000 as of June 30, 2005. During the year ended June 30, 2005 the Depot repaid \$155,000 of principal on this note plus \$179,094 of interest.

The *Industrial Development Board of Memphis and Shelby County* operates as a nonprofit corporation for the purpose of promoting industrial development in the City and County. The City appoints four board members, the County appoints four members and one is jointly appointed by the City and County for six-year terms, with approval by the City Council and the County Commission.

The *Memphis and Shelby County Center City Commission* is responsible for promotion and redevelopment of the Memphis Center City area. The mayors of the City and County appoint the twenty board members for three-year terms, with approval by the City Council and the County Commission.

The *Memphis and Shelby County Center City Downtown Parking Authority* manages five downtown parking garages and establishes and coordinates uniform parking policies and parking management in the downtown Memphis area. The mayors of the City and County appoint the seven-member board.

The *Memphis Center City Revenue Finance Corporation (Finance Corporation)* is a nonprofit corporation established jointly by the City and the County under the laws of the State of Tennessee. The Finance Corporation provides various forms of financial assistance to development projects. The City appoints four board members, the County appoints four members and one is jointly appointed by the City and County for six-year terms, with approval by the City Council and the County Commission.

Related Organizations:

The County appoints a voting majority of the board of the following organizations but is not financially accountable for the organizations:

- Health, Housing and Education Facilities Board
- Shelby County Housing Authority

The *Memphis and Shelby County Airport Authority* owns and operates Memphis International Airport and two general aviation airports. Six of the seven board members are appointed by the City of Memphis mayor and one by the County mayor, all for seven-year terms, subject to confirmation by the Memphis City Council. The Airport Authority is a component unit of the City of Memphis.

The Med has an investment in *Memphis Managed Care Corporation* (MMCC), a TennCare MCO, that pays The Med a fixed per diem for inpatient services and pays for outpatient services on a fee for service basis. The investment was valued at \$13,751,885 at June 30, 2005.

(N) Other Post–Employment Benefits

In addition to providing benefits, the County provides certain health care and life insurance benefits for retired employees in accordance with policy established by the County Board of Commissioners. Substantially all of the County's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. The cost of retiree health care and life insurance benefits is recognized as an expenditure as claims are paid. For 2005 the County provided these benefits to 1,901 retirees at a cost of \$11,557,451.

(O) Pensions

Shelby County Retirement System

Plan Description

The Shelby County Retirement System (the System) is a single employer defined benefit public employee retirement system (PERS) established by Shelby County, Tennessee. The System is administered by a board, the majority of whose members are nominated by the Shelby County mayor, subject to approval by the Shelby County Board of Commissioners. The System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Shelby County Retirement System, Suite 950, 160 N. Main, Memphis, Tennessee 38103 or calling (901) 545-3370.

Substantially all full-time and permanent part-time employees of the County are required, as a condition of employment, to participate in the System. The Shelby County Board of Commissioners establishes the System's benefits and contribution provisions. Once becoming a participant, a person will continue to participate as long as he or she is an employee of the County. The System provides retirement as well as survivor and disability defined benefits.

The System consists of two plans (Plans A and B) which are legally one reporting entity. Plan B is a contributory defined benefit pension plan for employees hired prior to December 1, 1978. Plan A is a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan for employees hired on or after December 1, 1978, and those employees that elected to transfer to Plan A from Plan B before January 1, 1981. In November 2004 the County Commission approved a new "Plan C" that will become effective on September 1, 2005. Plan C was designed to be cost-neutral to the County relative to current plans.

Funding Policy

The Board of Administration of the Shelby County, Tennessee Retirement System (the Board) establishes the System's funding policy for employee contribution requirements. The Shelby County Board of Commissioners establishes the System's funding policy for employer contribution requirements. The County does not receive the actuarial report until several months into the fiscal year to which the report relates. Due to budgetary procedures the County makes contributions based on the latest actuarial report received at the date a new fiscal year's budget is being prepared. Contributions for fiscal year 2005 were based on the actuarial report as of July 1, 2003.

In accordance with the actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2003 the employer contribution rate required was 4.09% of covered payroll of participants. Plan B participants contribute an additional 8.0% of their earnings, with some exceptions for employees of Plan B with more than 35 years of service. In addition, certain Plan A public safety employees contribute 2.65% of their compensation. This resulted in total contributions of \$20,824,119 (\$18,800,000 employer contributions and \$2,024,119 employee contributions). The actuarial required employer contribution of \$9,645,830 is significantly impacted by the amortization of the actuarial surplus that results from investment results in prior years. The County has chosen to fund a level amount that is approximately the normal cost for benefits earned.

The significant actuarial assumptions used to compute these actuarially determined contribution requirements are the same as those used to compute the net pension obligation.

701 37	Tr.	1 T C	, •
I hraa V	ear Trend	1 Intori	mation
1111100-1	car ricin	т шиоп	паноп

	Annual	Percentage	Net	
Fiscal	Pension	of APC	Pension	
Year Ended	Cost (APC)	Contributed	Obligation	
June 30, 2003	\$ 12,313,480	100%	\$	
June 30, 2004	17,836,152	100%		
June 30, 2005	9,645,830	195%		

More detailed information on all Plans is available in the System's separately issued financial report and in the Required Supplementary Information section of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Pension plans of the component units:

The primary government does not act in a trustee capacity for the assets of the pension plans of the component units.

Shelby County Board of Education (the Board of Education)

On behalf of its teachers, the Board of Education contributes to the State Employees, Teachers, and Higher Education Employees Pension Plan (SETHEEPP), a cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Tennessee Consolidated Retirement System (TCRS). The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the SETHEEPP. That report may be obtained by writing to the Tennessee Treasury Department, Consolidated Retirement System, 10^{th} Floor Andrew Jackson Building, Nashville, TN 37243-0203 or can be accessed at www.treasury.state.tn.us.

All non-teachers employed by the Board of Education are members of the Political Subdivision Pension Plan (PSPP), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by TCRS. The TCRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for PSPP. That report may be obtained by writing to the Tennessee Treasury Department, Consolidated Retirement System, 10th floor Andrew Jackson Building, Nashville, TN 37243-0230 or can be accessed at www.treasury.state.tn.us.

Shelby County Health Care Corporation (the Med)

Effective July 1, 1985 the Med established the Regional Medical Center at Memphis Retirement Investment Plan, a defined contribution pension plan. In a defined contribution plan benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Financial statements of the Regional Medical Center at Memphis Retirement Investment Plan are available from Shelby County Health Care Corporation, 877 Jefferson Avenue, Memphis, Tennessee 38103.

More details about all plans of component units are available in the separately issued financial reports of the component units and in the separately issued financial reports of the retirement plans as noted above.

(P) Subsequent Events

In July 2005 the Shelby County Board of Commissioners approved the \$81,940,000 2005 Series Tax Anticipation Note-Commercial Paper Program. While current intentions are that the Tax Anticipation Notes will be paid off on or before June 30, 2006, similar or other financing will be required each year for the foreseeable future.

At June 30, 2005 \$30,000,000 of the \$275,000,000 2005A EMCP (Extendible Municipal Commercial Paper) notes had been issued. As of November 18, 2005, an additional \$33,000,000 has been issued for capital improvement projects.

In August 2005 the County entered an agreement with the Shelby County Board of Education and the Memphis City Schools Board of Education to provide \$100 million to be divided equally between the two school systems to provide a new high school for the County schools and to provide funding for renovations for the City of Memphis schools. In addition, this agreement provides for capital funding to the schools of \$60 million per year for fiscal years 2007, 2008 and 2009.

(Q) Restatement of Fund Balance/Net Assets

Air pollution fees and related expenses were reported in the general fund until July 1, 2004 when they were reclassified as the Health Services Restricted Fees Special Revenue Fund, a nonmajor governmental fund. In prior years the general fund provided an advance to the fire services fund which is being repaid over a number of years. Interest was not charged on these advances. During the current year it was determined that State law required interest be charged on the advances.

Fund balance/net assets as of July 1, 2004 have been restated as follows for these items.

	Governmental Activities			Activities			
Countywide:	¢ (1,378,211,316)	\$	35,705,361			
Net assets at June, 2004 Interest on advances	\$ (1,305,814	Ф	(1,305,814)			
Net assets at July 1, 2004	\$ (1,376,905,502)	\$	34,399,547			
		General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund		Fire Services Fund		
Governmental & Proprietary Funds: Fund balances/net assets							
at June 30, 2004	\$	35,441,462	\$	14,964,883	\$	(193,173)	
Interest on advances		1,305,814			·	(1,305,814)	
Reclassification of air pollution		(1,156,668)		1,156,668			
fund balances/net assets at July 1, 2004	\$	35,590,608	\$	16,121,551	\$	(1,498,987)	

		Budgeted	Amou	ints		
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:						
Local taxes	\$	210,430,000	\$	210,430,000	\$ 212,588,811	\$ 2,158,811
Local revenue		26,249,122		25,583,935	26,178,599	594,664
State revenue		13,413,183		13,744,093	14,258,452	514,359
Federal revenue		11,800		34,267	12,035	(22,232)
Patient service revenue		982,750		982,750	497,522	(485,228)
Elected officials' fines and fees		54,589,632		54,633,007	53,040,414	(1,592,593)
Other revenue		2,970,815		3,025,815	 4,985,342	 1,959,527
Total revenues		308,647,302		308,433,867	 311,561,175	 3,127,308
Expenditures:						
General government		36,002,145		39,428,173	39,117,478	310,695
Hospital		20,566,667		20,566,667	20,566,667	
Planning & development		605,695		557,362	537,304	20,058
Public works		20,387,821		19,775,750	19,637,348	138,402
Health services		30,549,453		28,353,020	28,281,433	71,587
Community services		4,099,883		3,760,486	3,712,722	47,764
Law enforcement		128,735,122		126,693,830	125,490,249	1,203,581
Judicial		37,391,102		35,809,124	35,123,060	686,064
Other elected officials		26,188,951		29,035,974	 28,491,976	 543,998
Total expenditures		304,526,839		303,980,386	300,958,237	3,022,149
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		4,120,463		4,453,481	 10,602,938	6,149,457
Other Financing Sources (uses):						
Transfers in		12,459,769		13,650,290	12,962,317	(687,973)
Transfers out		(15,502,591)		(18,094,188)	(17,457,983)	636,205
Planned change in fund balance		(1,077,641)		(9,583)	 	 9,583
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,120,463)		(4,453,481)	 (4,495,666)	 (42,185)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		\$ 6,107,272	\$ 6,107,272

	Budgeted	Amou	ints			
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance	
Revenues:				 		
Local taxes	\$ 322,560,000	\$	325,859,655	\$ 325,859,655	\$	
Total revenues	322,560,000		325,859,655	325,859,655		
Expenditures: Education						
Special funded project - City Schools	230,223,000		234,799,975	234,799,975		
Special funded project - County Schools	92,337,000		91,059,680	91,059,680		
Total expenditures	 322,560,000		325,859,655	325,859,655		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	

	Budgeted Amounts					
	Ori	ginal		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:	-					
Local revenue	\$ 1	3,121,731	\$	12,878,263	\$ 6,092,890	\$ (6,785,373)
State revenue	5	7,897,951		79,371,700	51,807,203	(27,564,497)
Federal revenue	3	2,524,247		36,975,784	26,469,182	(10,506,602)
Patient service revenue		1,791,800		1,791,800	1,514,519	(277,281)
Other revenue		634,838		638,007	 493,369	 (144,638)
Total revenues	10	5,970,567		131,655,554	86,377,163	(45,278,391)
Expenditures:						
General government		185,102		955,188	828,357	126,831
Planning & development	1	8,514,375		18,263,544	5,572,838	12,690,706
Public works		1,863,749		17,824,069	1,618,322	16,205,747
Corrections		373,412		463,630	371,598	92,032
Health services	2	5,915,854		28,728,691	21,320,330	7,408,361
Community services	4	0,662,173		44,774,160	37,202,404	7,571,756
Law enforcement	1	7,307,057		756,511	558,562	197,949
Judicial		790,691		18,093,590	15,673,215	2,420,375
Other elected officials				1,147,032	 1,041,736	 105,296
Total expenditures	10	5,612,413		131,006,415	84,187,362	 46,819,053
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		358,154		649,139	2,189,801	 1,540,662
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		4,352,803		4,949,079	3,334,941	(1,614,138)
Transfers out	(5,725,245)		(6,612,506)	(5,383,212)	1,229,294
Planned change in fund balance		1,014,288		1,014,288	 	 (1,014,288)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(358,154)		(649,139)	(2,048,271)	(1,399,132)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		\$ 141,530	\$ 141,530

Cost of living adjustments

Schedule of Funding Progress

								Unfunded Actuarial
Actuarial				Unfunded				Accrued
Valuation				Actuarial				Liability/
Date	Actuarial	Actuarial		Accrued				(Surplus) as a
of	Value	Accrued		Liability/	Funded		Covered	Percentage of
June 30	 of Assets	 Liability	_	(Surplus)	Ratio	_	Payroll	Covered Payroll
2000	\$ 740,062,567	\$ 613,838,116	\$	(126,224,451)	120.6%	\$	200,325,882	(63.9%)
2001	753,767,893	679,275,060		(74,492,833)	111.0%		218,198,745	(34.1%)
2002	797,091,379	720,839,196		(76,252,183)	110.6%		233,148,476	(32.7%)
2003	794,201,990	769,753,615		(24,448,375)	103.2%		237,197,193	(10.3%)
2004	841,335,004	737,329,388		(104,005,616)	114.1%		246,685,081	(42.2%)
2005	885,049,492	780,800,809		(104,248,683)	113.4%		253,031,826	(41.2%)

Disclosures Related to Shelby County Retirement System

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations (or updates) at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2003 for Contribution Requirement July 1, 2004 rolled forward to June 30, 2005 for funding purposes
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit service pro-rate cost method
Amortization method	20-year amortization from July 1, 2003 of excess assets over 100% of actuarial accrued liability using the level dollar method. The period is closed
Remaining amortization period	19 years on June 30, 2005
Asset valuation method	Funding Progress: 10-year smoothing method.
	Contribution: 10-year smoothing method. The actuarial asset method changed from a 5-year smoothing method.
Rate of investment return	Funding Progress: 8.25% Contribution: 8.25%
Projected salary increases	Funding Progress: 4.00% Contribution: 4.00%

Funding Progress: 2.5% for Plan A Contribution: 2.5% for Plan A

	Special Revenue Funds								
		Roads and Bridges Fund	Mai	id Waste nagement Fund	Но	tel/Motel Tax Fund			
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable and accrued revenues Due from other governmental entities Deposits held by others	\$	10,507,702 6,173 930,088	\$	1,723 600 	\$	387,403 1,102,466 			
Total Assets	\$	11,443,963	\$	2,323	\$	1,489,869			
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deposits held for others Total Liabilities	\$	335,949	\$	2,323	\$	1,169,005			
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances Undesignated		1,871,415 9,236,599				320,864			
Total Fund Balances		11,108,014				320,864			
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	11,443,963	\$	2,323	\$	1,489,869			

She	eriff Narcotics Fund	egister Data Processing Fund	Car Rental Tax Fund		alth Services stricted Fees Fund	 Total
\$	2,168,557 86,030 431,297	\$ 960,827 	\$	125,358 64,094 162,673	\$ 1,152,073 	\$ 15,303,643 156,897 2,195,227 431,297
\$	2,685,884	\$ 960,827	\$	352,125	\$ 1,152,073	\$ 18,087,064
\$	78,931 372,571	\$ 59,012	\$	352,125	\$ 1,548	\$ 1,998,893 372,571
	451,502	 59,012		352,125	 1,548	 2,371,464
	21,243 2,213,139	 209,664 692,151		 	 1,150,525	 2,102,322 13,613,278
	2,234,382	 901,815			 1,150,525	 15,715,600
\$	2,685,884	\$ 960,827	\$	352,125	\$ 1,152,073	\$ 18,087,064

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Specia	l Revenue Funds		
		Roads and Bridges Fund		olid Waste nnagement Fund	Hot	el/Motel Tax Fund
Revenues: Local taxes	\$	282.070	\$		\$	10.522.029
Local taxes Local revenue	3	282,079 122,273	Э	43,630	\$	10,522,938
State revenue		9,811,781		45,050		5,000,535
Elected officials' fines & fees						
Other revenue		286,585				
Total revenues		10,502,718		43,630		15,523,473
Expenditures:						
General government						9,708,300
Public works		8,395,125		203,405		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Health services						
Law enforcement						
Other elected officials						
Total expenditures		8,395,125		203,405		9,708,300
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		2,107,593		(159,775)		5,815,173
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		115,055		159,775		
Transfers out		(2,768,216)				(5,963,888)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,653,161)		159,775		(5,963,888)
Net change in fund balances		(545,568)				(148,715)
Fund Balances:						
June 30, 2004, restated		11,653,582				469,579
June 30, 2005	\$	11,108,014	\$		\$	320,864

She	riff Narcotics Fund		egister Data Processing Fund	Car	Rental Tax	alth Services stricted Fees Fund	 Total
\$	191,236 1,718,269 39,287	\$	373,468 22,065	\$	1,093,077 	\$ 961,961 	\$ 11,898,094 1,319,100 14,812,316 2,091,737 347,937
	1,948,792	-	395,533		1,093,077	 961,961	30,469,184
	 1,266,891 		 743,422		1,093,077 	 793,425 	 10,801,377 8,598,530 793,425 1,266,891 743,422
	1,266,891		743,422		1,093,077	 793,425	 22,203,645
	681,901		(347,889)			 168,536	 8,265,539
	(39,537) (39,537)		 		 	 (174,679) (174,679)	 274,830 (8,946,320) (8,671,490)
	642,364		(347,889)			(6,143)	(405,951)
	1,592,018		1,249,704			1,156,668	16,121,551
\$	2,234,382	\$	901,815	\$		\$ 1,150,525	\$ 15,715,600

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		
	(Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:						
Local taxes	\$	273,000	\$	273,000	\$ 282,079	\$ 9,079
Local revenue		26,000		26,000	122,273	96,273
State revenue		8,661,769		8,661,769	9,811,781	1,150,012
Other revenue		300,000		300,000	286,585	 (13,415)
Total revenues		9,260,769		9,260,769	10,502,718	1,241,949
Expenditures:						
Salaries		4,200,068		4,322,903	4,243,215	79,688
Other compensation		134,089		113,254	71,915	41,339
Fringe benefits		1,425,963		1,323,963	1,233,569	90,394
Supplies		3,057,940		2,831,744	2,563,236	268,508
Services		9,740		20,379	19,850	529
Professional and contracted services		1,707,305		1,541,782	1,467,783	73,999
Rent, utilities and maintenance		897,900		173,754	143,027	30,727
Interdepartmental allocations		(3,135,316)		(2,006,526)	(1,775,576)	(230,950)
Asset acquisitions		881,925		431,457	428,106	3,351
Total expenditures		9,179,614		8,752,710	8,395,125	357,585
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		81,155		508,059	 2,107,593	 1,599,534
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		143,000		243,000	115,055	(127,945)
Transfers out		(3,115,000)		(3,410,338)	(2,768,216)	642,122
Planned change in fund balance		2,890,845		2,659,279		(2,659,279)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(81,155)		(508,059)	(2,653,161)	(2,145,102)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		\$ (545,568)	\$ (545,568)

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts				
	(Original		Final	-	Actual mounts	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$	43,630	\$	(16,370)
Total revenues		60,000		60,000		43,630		(16,370)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		90,443		100,734		94,747		5,987
Other compensation		6,710		5,610		5,100		510
Fringe benefits		40,630		31,439		28,453		2,986
Supplies		25,345		1,345				1,345
Services		300		300		273		27
Professional and contracted services		25,000		24,750		19,385		5,365
Rent, utilities and maintenance		45,582		6,541		6,390		151
Interdepartmental allocations				63,291		49,057		14,234
Total expenditures		234,010		234,010		203,405		30,605
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(174,010)		(174,010)		(159,775)		14,235
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		174,010		174,010		159,775		(14,235)
Total other financing sources (uses)		174,010		174,010		159,775		(14,235)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		\$		\$	

	 Budgeted	l Amoı	unts		
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:					
Local taxes	\$ 10,300,000	\$	10,300,000	\$ 10,522,938	\$ 222,938
Local revenue	351,210		351,210		(351,210)
State revenue	 4,000,000		6,430,659	 5,000,535	 (1,430,124)
Total revenues	 14,651,210		17,081,869	15,523,473	(1,558,396)
Expenditures:					
Intergovernmental expenditures	395,099		395,099	395,099	
Special funded projects	8,643,434		9,313,201	9,313,201	
Contingencies and restrictions	(351,211)		1,409,681		1,409,681
Total expenditures	8,687,322		11,117,981	9,708,300	1,409,681
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	 5,963,888		5,963,888	 5,815,173	 (148,715)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	(5,963,888)		(5,963,888)	(5,963,888)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (5,963,888)		(5,963,888)	(5,963,888)	
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$		\$ (148,715)	\$ (148,715)

	 Budgeted	l Amoun	ts		
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:					
Local revenue	\$ 545,000	\$	315,000	\$ 191,236	\$ (123,764)
Elected officials' fines and fees	340,000		570,000	1,718,269	1,148,269
Other revenue	 30,000		30,000	 39,287	9,287
Total revenues	 915,000		915,000	 1,948,792	 1,033,792
Expenditures:					
Supplies	599,538		469,408	380,506	88,902
Services	61,800		61,600	25,745	35,855
Professional and contracted services	95,311		105,311	98,938	6,373
Rent, utilities and maintenance	400,521		367,847	244,008	123,839
Interdepartmental allocations			125,000	105,590	19,410
Asset acquisitions	430,249		430,249	402,104	28,145
Grants			10,000	10,000	
Total expenditures	1,587,419		1,569,415	1,266,891	302,524
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	 (672,419)		(654,415)	681,901	 1,336,316
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	(13,965)		(70,057)	(39,537)	30,520
Planned change in fund balance	686,384		724,472		(724,472)
Total other financing sources (uses)	672,419		654,415	(39,537)	(693,952)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$		\$ 642,364	\$ 642,364

Register Data Processing Fees Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Budgeted	Amou	nts		
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:	<u></u>	_				
Elected officials' fines and fees	\$	421,200	\$	421,200	\$ 373,468	\$ (47,732)
Other revenue		18,500		18,500	 22,065	3,565
Total revenues		439,700		439,700	395,533	(44,167)
Expenditures:						
Supplies		91,617		80,229	53,581	26,648
Services		3,000		3,000		3,000
Professional and contracted services		852,318		1,394,322	530,232	864,090
Rent, utilities and maintenance		90,000		135,647	128,389	7,258
Asset acquisitions		45,000		70,667	31,220	39,447
Total expenditures		1,081,935		1,683,865	743,422	940,443
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(642,235)		(1,244,165)	 (347,889)	896,276
Other financing sources (uses):			<u> </u>	_	 _	
Planned change in fund balance		642,235		1,244,165		(1,244,165)
Total other financing sources (uses)		642,235		1,244,165	 	(1,244,165)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		\$ (347,889)	\$ (347,889)

	 Budgeted	l Amou	nts		
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:					
Local taxes	\$ 2,000,000	\$	2,000,000	\$ 1,093,077	\$ (906,923)
Total revenues	2,000,000		2,000,000	1,093,077	 (906,923)
Expenditures:					
Special funded projects	2,000,000		2,000,000	1,093,077	906,923
Total expenditures	 2,000,000		2,000,000	1,093,077	906,923
Net change in fund balance	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$

Health Services Restricted Fees Special Revenue Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts							
	0	riginal		Final		Actual Amounts	\	Variance
Revenues:	· ·		<u> </u>			·		_
Local revenue	\$		\$	783,187	\$	961,961	\$	178,774
Total revenues				783,187		961,961		178,774
Expenditures:								
Salaries				626,762		601,602		25,160
Fringe benefits				162,110		156,293		5,817
Supplies				21,844		17,804		4,040
Services				28,250		5,852		22,398
Professional and contracted services				37,150		744		36,406
Rent, utilities and maintenance				25,800		9,806		15,994
Interdepartmental allocations				1,500		1,324		176
Asset acquisitions				68,250				68,250
Total expenditures				971,666		793,425		178,241
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures				(188,479)		168,536		357,015
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out				(184,888)		(174,679)		10,209
Planned change in fund balance				373,367				(373,367)
Total other financing sources (uses)				188,479		(174,679)		(363,158)
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$		\$	(6,143)	\$	(6,143)

Current Assets: \$ 353,403 \$ 20,632,50 Cash and cash equivalents 2,698 84,94 Accounts receivable and accrued revenues 263,653		Se	Central rvices Fund		roup Hospital surance Fund
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 353,403 \$ 20,632,500 Accounts receivable and accrued revenues 2,698 84,944 Due from other governmental entities 263,653	Assets:				
Accounts receivable and accrued revenues 2,698 84,94 Due from other governmental entities 263,653		¢	252 402	¢.	20 (32 500
Due from other governmental entities 263,653		\$		\$	
Inventories 215,523 261,522 Total Current Assets 835,277 20,978,98 Noncurrent Assets:					04,940
Deposits held by others	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				
Total Current Assets 835,277 20,978,98 Noncurrent Assets: 410,148 Total Assets \$ 1,245,425 \$ 20,978,98 Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Current Liabilities: \$ 147,631 \$ 557,80° Deferred revenue 3,221,43° Sick and annual leave payable 32,007 Claims payable 8,000,00° Total Current Liabilities 179,638 11,779,24° Noncurrent Liabilities: Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,24° Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,73;			ŕ		261,525
Capital assets, net 410,148 Total Assets \$ 1,245,425 \$ 20,978,98 Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 147,631 \$ 557,80 Deferred revenue 3,221,43 Sick and annual leave payable 32,007 Claims payable 8,000,00 Total Current Liabilities 179,638 11,779,24 Noncurrent Liabilities: 39,195 Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,24 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,73			835,277		20,978,981
Capital assets, net 410,148 Total Assets \$ 1,245,425 \$ 20,978,98 Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 147,631 \$ 557,80 Deferred revenue 3,221,43 Sick and annual leave payable 32,007 Claims payable 8,000,00 Total Current Liabilities 179,638 11,779,24 Noncurrent Liabilities: 39,195 Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,24 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,73			_		
Total Assets \$ 1,245,425 \$ 20,978,98			410.140		
Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 147,631 \$ 557,80° Deferred revenue 3,221,43° Sick and annual leave payable 32,007 Claims payable 8,000,00° Total Current Liabilities: 179,638 11,779,24° Noncurrent Liabilities: 39,195 Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,24° Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,73°	Capital assets, net		410,148		
Current Liabilities: 321,431 \$557,801 Deferred revenue 3,221,431 Sick and annual leave payable 32,007 Claims payable 8,000,000 Total Current Liabilities 179,638 11,779,240 Noncurrent Liabilities: 39,195 Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,240 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,73:	Total Assets	\$	1,245,425	\$	20,978,981
Deferred revenue 3,221,439 Sick and annual leave payable 32,007 Claims payable 8,000,000 Total Current Liabilities 179,638 11,779,240 Noncurrent Liabilities: 39,195 Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,240 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,73					
Sick and annual leave payable 32,007 8,000,000 Claims payable 8,000,000 Total Current Liabilities 179,638 11,779,240 Noncurrent Liabilities: 39,195 Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,240 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,733	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	147,631	\$	557,807
Claims payable 8,000,000 Total Current Liabilities 179,638 11,779,240 Noncurrent Liabilities: 39,195 Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,240 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,733					3,221,439
Total Current Liabilities 179,638 11,779,240 Noncurrent Liabilities: 39,195 Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,240 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,733			32,007		
Noncurrent Liabilities: Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,24e Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Undesignated 410,148 Undesignated	* *				
Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,240 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Undesignated 410,148 Undesignated 410,148 Undesignated	Total Current Liabilities		179,638		11,779,246
Sick and annual leave payable Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,240 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Undesignated 410,148 Undesignated 410,148 Undesignated	Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Long term claims payable Total Noncurrent Liabilities 39,195 Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,246 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,73:			39,195		
Total Liabilities 218,833 11,779,240 Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 410,148 Undesignated 616,444 9,199,73:					
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Undesignated 410,148 410,148 9,199,733	Total Noncurrent Liabilities		39,195		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Undesignated 410,148 9,199,73:	Total Liabilities		218,833		11,779,246
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Undesignated 410,148 9,199,73:	Net Assets:				
Undesignated			410,148		
Total Net Assets 1,026,592 9,199,73:					9,199,735
	Total Net Assets		1,026,592		9,199,735
Total Liabilities and Net Assets \$ 1,245,425 \$ 20,978,98	Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$	1,245,425	\$	20,978,981

Group Life surance Fund	T	ort Liability Fund	Employer Insurance Fund		Total
\$ 1,413,352 65	\$	3,074,179	\$	3,230,613 35,304	\$ 28,704,055 123,015
					263,653
					215,523 261,525
1,413,417		3,074,179		3,265,917	29,567,771
 					 410,148
\$ 1,413,417	\$	3,074,179	\$	3,265,917	\$ 29,977,919
\$ 572,826		9,227	\$	1,711,041	\$ 2,998,532
178,328					3,399,767
		2 079 452			32,007
 751,154	-	2,978,452 2,987,679		2,355,085	 11,622,496 18,052,802
 701,101		_,,,,,,,,		2,550,000	 10,002,002
					39,195
				4,024,859	 4,024,859
				4,024,859	 4,064,054
 751,154		2,987,679		6,379,944	 22,116,856
					410,148
 662,263		86,500		(3,114,027)	 7,450,915
662,263		86,500		(3,114,027)	 7,861,063
\$ 1,413,417	\$	3,074,179	\$	3,265,917	\$ 29,977,919

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Central Services Fund	Group Hospital Insurance Fund
Operating revenues:	r.	f 55,050,226
Premium revenue	\$	\$ 55,950,226
Charges for services	5,253,604	55.050.226
Total operating revenues	5,253,604	55,950,226
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and wages	700,902	
Fringe benefits	209,273	
Supplies	1,078,962	
Claims incurred		43,174,362
Services	245,149	4,337,733
Professional and contracted services	176,885	12,142
Rent, utilities and maintenance	2,876,628	
Depreciation	94,454	
Other expenses	277	
Total operating expenses	5,382,530	47,524,237
Operating income (loss)	(128,926)	8,425,989
Nonoperating revenues:		
Interest income		
Loss on asset disposition	(50,457)	
Income (loss) before transfers	(179,383)	8,425,989
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	129,009	
Transfers out	(217,855)	(700,692)
Net transfers	(88,846)	(700,692)
Change in net assets	(268,229)	7,725,297
Net Assets:		
June 30, 2004	1,294,821	1,474,438
June 30, 2005	\$ 1,026,592	\$ 9,199,735

Group Life Insurance Fund		Tort Liability Fund		Employer Insurance Fund		Total	
\$	2,255,307	\$	285,650	\$	4,403,772 74,939	\$	62,894,955 5,328,543
	2,255,307		285,650		4,478,711		68,223,498
							700,902
							209,273
							1,078,962
	2,707,795		209,987		3,649,817		49,741,961
					6,102		4,588,984
							189,027
							2,876,628 94,454
							277
	2,707,795		209,987		3,655,919		59,480,468
	(452,488)		75,663		822,792		8,743,030
	31,509						31,509
							(50,457)
	(420,979)		75,663		822,792		8,724,082
					250,000		379,009
					(292,045)		(1,210,592)
					(42,045)		(831,583
	(420,979)		75,663		780,747		7,892,499
	1,083,242		10,837		(3,894,774)		(31,436)
\$	662,263	\$	86,500	\$	(3,114,027)	\$	7,861,063

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Cei	ntral Services Fund	oup Hospital surance Fund
Cash flows from operations:	_		
Receipts from customers	\$	5,189,761	\$
Premiums received			56,102,135
Payments to suppliers		(4,973,818)	(4,782,639)
Cash payments to employees		(1,063,515)	(44.075.2(2)
Claims paid	-		 (44,275,362)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(847,572)	 7,044,134
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Transfers from other funds		129,009	
Transfers to other funds			 (700,692)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		129,009	 (700,692)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Acquisition of capital assets		(41,978)	
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(41,978)	
Cash flow from investing activities: Interest and investment earnings			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(760,541)	6,343,442
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2004		1,113,944	 14,289,066
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30, 2005	\$	353,403	\$ 20,632,508

Group Life Insurance Fund	Tort Liability Fund	Employer Insurance Fund	Total
\$ 2,206,645 	\$ 305,650 	\$ 4,529,232 	\$ 5,189,761 63,143,662 (9,756,457)
(2,134,969)	(620,937)	(3,504,117)	(1,063,515) (50,535,385)
71,676	(315,287)	1,025,115	6,978,066
		250,000 (292,045)	379,009 (992,737)
		(42,045)	(613,728)
			(41,978)
			(41,978)
31,509			31,509
31,509			31,509
103,185	(315,287)	983,070	6,353,869
1,310,167	3,389,466	2,247,543	22,350,186
\$ 1,413,352	\$ 3,074,179	\$ 3,230,613	\$ 28,704,055 (continued)

Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	Cent	ral Services Fund	oup Hospital urance Fund
Operating Income (loss)	\$	(128,926)	\$ 8,425,989
Adjustments: Depreciation		94,454	
Changes in assets and liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Sick and annual leave Deferred revenue Insurance claims payable Deposits Accounts receivable and accrued revenues Inventories Total adjustments		(558,423) (153,340) (63,843) (37,494) (718,646)	 (312,126) (16,997) (1,101,000) (120,638) 168,906 (1,381,855)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(847,572)	\$ 7,044,134
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Capital assets, net transferred to General Funds	\$	217,855	

Group Life urance Fund		t Liability Fund	Employer Irance Fund	Total		
\$ (452,488)	\$	75,663	\$ \$ 822,792		8,743,030	
					94,454	
572,826		(4,230)	161,222		(140,731)	
					(153,340)	
(48,597)					(65,594)	
		(406,720)	(9,420)		(1,517,140)	
					(120,638)	
(65)		20,000	50,521		175,519	
			 		(37,494)	
524,164	-	(390,950)	 202,323		(1,764,964)	
\$ 71,676	\$	(315,287)	\$ 1,025,115	\$	6,978,066	

	Agricenter aternational	Emergency mmunications District	Total		
Assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 104,654	\$ 1,861,361	\$	1,966,015	
Investments	400,000	4,108,106		4,508,106	
Receivables	155,740	894,239		1,049,979	
Inventories	2,955			2,955	
Prepaid expenses	36,760			36,760	
Capital assets, net	1,957,449	4,407,948		6,365,397	
Total Assets	\$ 2,657,558	\$ 11,271,654	\$	13,929,212	
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 146,823	\$ 193,431	\$	340,254	
Deferred revenue	186,885			186,885	
Long-term liabilities	,			,	
Due within one year	184,674			184,674	
Due in more than one year	12,133			12,133	
Total Liabilities	 530,515	193,431		723,946	
Net Assets:					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,938,177	4,407,948		6,346,125	
Unrestricted	188,866	6,670,275		6,859,141	
Total Net Assets	 2,127,043	11,078,223		13,205,266	
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 2,657,558	\$ 11,271,654	\$	13,929,212	

Nonmajor Component Units Combining Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Program Revenues	Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets Emergency Total Nonma						
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Agricenter International	Communications District	Component Units				
Agricenter International Emergency Communications District Total nonmajor component units	\$ 2,291,674 3,231,503 \$ 5,523,177	\$ 2,308,432 5,901,930 \$ 8,210,362	\$ 16,758 16,758	\$ 2,670,427 2,670,427	\$ 16,758 2,670,427 2,687,185				
	General revenues:								
	Other sources		425,276		425,276				
	Unrestricted inve	stment earnings	13,691	69,722	83,413				
	Total general re	evenues	438,967	69,722	508,689				
	Changes in n	et assets	455,725	2,740,149	3,195,874				
	Net assets - June 30	, ,	1,671,318	8,338,074	10,009,392				
	Net assets - June 30), 2005	\$ 2,127,043	\$ 11,078,223	\$ 13,205,266				

	 Sheriff	Chancery Court Clerk		Circuit Court Clerk		Criminal Court Clerk		General Sessions Court	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,704	\$	9,004,235	\$	14,224,588	\$	2,711,951	\$	5,303,663
Investments Receivables					1,000,000		437,401		1,800,000
Total Assets	\$ 4,704	\$	9,004,235	\$	15,224,588	\$	3,149,352	\$	7,103,663
Liabilities:									
Funds held for others	\$ 4,704	\$	8,633,157	\$	14,966,471	\$	2,122,158	\$	5,278,563
Due to other governmental entities					26,562		90,569		277,863
Due to other funds and departments			371,078		231,555		936,625		1,547,237
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	 								
Total Liabilities	\$ 4,704	\$	9,004,235	\$	15,224,588	\$	3,149,352	\$	7,103,663

 Probate Court Clerk	(Juvenile Court Clerk	 County Clerk	 Register	 Trustee	_	Elimination of General Funds	 Total
\$ 3,741,130 3,741,130	\$	6,480,522 6,480,522	\$ 12,550,504 2,000,000 741,826 15,292,330	\$ 3,527,274 3,527,274	\$ 249,669,968 800,000 222,558 250,692,526	\$	(248,975,221) (673,677) (249,648,898)	\$ 58,243,318 5,600,000 728,108 64,571,426
\$ 3,599,980 2,487 47,809 90,854 3,741,130	\$	6,318,695 161,827 6,480,522	\$ 146,716 7,206,337 7,939,277 15,292,330	\$ 2,874,419 652,855 3,527,274	\$ 3,465,989 9,465,902 237,760,635 250,692,526	\$	(249,648,898) (249,648,898)	\$ 44,536,433 19,944,139 90,854 64,571,426

Constitutional Officers General and Agency Funds Combined Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursement and Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	S	Sheriff		Chancery Court Clerk		Circuit Court Clerk		Criminal Court Clerk		General ssions Court
Receipts: Fund accounts State of Tennessee Fee & commission Interest Total receipts	\$	750 750	\$	6,805,703 3,671,274 105,245 10,582,222	\$	12,615,827 1,825,165 112,367 14,553,359	\$	3,795,672 3,642,382 27,566 7,465,620	\$	11,604,139 6,513,604 147,028 18,264,771
Disbursements Excess of receipts over (under) disbursements		3,183		12,802,929		15,351,274		8,097,029		17,897,590 367,181
Balance - June 30, 2004 Balance - June 30, 2005	\$	7,137 4,704	\$	11,224,942 9,004,235	\$	16,022,503 15,224,588	\$	3,343,360 2,711,951	\$	6,736,482

(Probate Court Clerk	(Juvenile Court Clerk	 County Clerk	 Register		Trustee		Total
\$	2,654,767 496,675 5,632 3,157,074	\$	6,639,394 10,170 1,283,777 1,481 7,934,822	\$ 123,651,500 8,481,947 371,204 132,504,651	\$ 29,885,758 6,588,549 22,065 36,496,372	\$	3,146,646,467 17,746,171 575,440 3,164,968,078	\$	3,344,299,977 10,170 50,249,544 1,368,028 3,395,927,719
	1,622,712		7,913,141	 132,960,154	 36,271,964		3,165,839,764		3,398,759,740
	1,534,362 2,206,768		21,681 6,458,841	(455,503) 15,006,007	224,408 3,302,866		(871,686) 251,341,654		(2,832,021) 315,650,560
\$	3,741,130	\$	6,480,522	\$ 14,550,504	\$ 3,527,274	\$	250,469,968	\$	312,818,539

Constitutional Officers General Fund Combined Schedule of Changes in Fee and Commission Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Sheriff			Chancery Court Clerk		Circuit Court Clerk		Criminal Court Clerk		General sions Court
Revenues:	•									
Fees and commission	\$		\$	3,671,274	\$	1,825,165	\$	3,642,382	\$	6,513,604
Interest				105,245		112,367		27,566		147,028
Other										
Total revenues				3,776,519		1,937,532		3,669,948		6,660,632
Expenditures and other uses: Other uses:										
Transfers				3,776,519		1,937,532		3,669,948		6,660,632
Total expenditures and other uses				3,776,519		1,937,532		3,669,948		6,660,632
Excess of revenues and other uses over (under) expenditures and other uses										
Excess fees - June 30, 2004										
Excess fees - June 30, 2005	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

Probate ourt Clerk	 Juvenile Court Clerk	 County Clerk	 Register	 Trustee	 Total
\$ 496,675 5,632 502,307	\$ 1,283,777 1,481 1,285,258	\$ 8,481,947 371,204 8,853,151	\$ 6,588,399 22,065 6,610,464	\$ 17,746,171 484,067 91,373 18,321,611	\$ 50,249,394 1,276,655 91,373 51,617,422
 502,307 502,307	 1,285,258 1,285,258	 8,853,151 8,853,151	 6,610,464 6,610,464	 18,321,611 18,321,611	 51,617,422 51,617,422
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$

Schedule of General Obligation Bonds-Except for School Purposes

June 30, 2005

	General Obligation	 General Obligation	General Obligation	 General Obligation	 General Obligation	General Obligation
Date of Issuance	05/22/91	04/01/92 (s) 04/30/92 (c)	05/15/93	07/01/96	09/01/96	11/01/96 (s) 11/14/96 (c)
Principal	\$ 5,098,681	\$ 51,129,321	\$ 43,028,564	\$ 45,000,000	\$ 70,000,000	\$ 43,640,742
Interest Rate %	6.50-6.60	3.15-6.50	3.40-5.50	5.625-5.875	5.25-5.70	5.00-6.00
Fiscal						
<u>Year</u> 2006	\$ 1,586,117	\$ 1 175 207	\$ 3,967,311	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 2,250,000	\$ 1,060,068
2007		1,175,207	1,617,657		2,250,000	1,126,899
2008 2009		1,094,491	1,718,237 1,824,404			1,186,816
2010		1,026,675	1,936,160			1,249,037 12,246,095
2010						8,459,807
2011						6,227,582
2012						5,548,176
2013						928,841
2015						871,662
2016						817,210
2017						772,912
2018						
2019						
2020						
2021						
2022						
2023						
2024						
2025						
2026						
2027						
2028						
2029						
2030	 	 	 	 	 	
Total	\$ 1,586,117	\$ 3,296,373	\$ 11,063,769	\$ 1,450,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 40,495,105

Note: Certain bonds are treated as defeased and not included above. The specific series and maturities are shown following these schedules of general obligation bonds.

⁽s) Serial Bonds

⁽c) Capital Appreciation Bonds

 General Obligation	 General Obligation	 General Obligation	 General Obligation	General Obligation	 General Obligation
11/01/96	05/01/97	11/01/97	2/15/98	1/28/99	2/1/99
\$ 19,045,000	\$ 10,770,000	\$ 34,019,243	\$ 74,569,175	\$ 62,294,624	\$ 34,913,216
4.05-5.20	5.25-5.60	4.50-5.75	5.00-5.10	(Variable)	3.55-5.25
\$ 2,055,000 2,150,000 2,265,000 1,900,000 	\$ 955,000 1,005,000 1,065,000 1,125,000 1,125,000 	\$ 2,307,492 1,259,630 1,323,945 7,592,292 2,800,050 1,846,307 1,954,544 938,662 888,604 839,725 2,094,155 790,142 2,229,059 2,362,395 1,027,469	\$ 327,319 327,319 342,197 371,953 386,831 401,709 416,588 5,147,832 6,695,157 6,977,842 7,959,798 7,903,261 7,885,408 8,284,142 8,748,339	\$ 80,986 97,184 10,512,015 404,931 437,326 6,252,139 8,633,134 6,025,377 9,475,391 8,260,598 2,656,349 2,753,533 2,915,505 3,028,886 340,142	\$ 1,186,469 1,183,596 2,145,986 3,223,289 8,003,639 5,271,600 3,786,359 1,924,780
 	 	 	7,736,626 2,975,626 	 	
\$ 8,370,000	\$ 5,345,000	\$ 30,254,471	\$ 72,887,947	\$ 61,873,495	\$ 26,725,718

Schedule of General Obligation Bonds-Except for School Purposes

		General Obligation		General Obligation		General Obligation		General Obligation	-	General Obligation		General Obligation
Date of Issuance		2/15/99		5/1/99		12/1/99		10/1/00		10/1/00		12/1/00
Principal	\$	36,010,135	\$	32,436,299	\$	10,006,639	\$	6,037,543	\$	4,879,089	\$	16,284,078
Interest Rate %		4.00-5.00		4.75-5.00		(Variable)		4.75-5.625		5.00		(Variable)
Fiscal												
<u>Year</u> 2006	\$	1,108,004	\$	965,719	\$	1,326,181	\$	127,795	\$	436,468	\$	1,718,045
2007	Ψ	1,135,704	Ψ	1,016,546	Ψ	1,386,462	Ψ	137,857	Ψ	1,215,875	Ψ	821,674
2007		1,163,404		1,016,546		1,507,024		137,857		802,789		821,674
2009		1,218,804		1,016,546		1,507,024		148,926		841,760		896,371
2010		1,210,001						148,926				896,371
2011												7,320,365
2012												
2013												
2014												
2015												
2016												
2017												
2018												
2019		1,939,007										
2020		2,077,508										
2021		2,077,508		1,863,668								
2022		2,216,008		2,041,564								
2023		2,326,809		2,151,690								
2024		2,493,009		2,244,873								
2025												
2026												
2027												
2028												
2029												
2030												
Total	\$	17,755,765	\$	12,317,152	\$	4,219,667	\$	701,361	\$	3,296,892	\$	12,474,500

	General Obligation										
	11/1/2001		12/1/2001		6/10/2003		3/31/2004		4/15/2004		3/10/2005
\$	14,693,304	\$	100,033,534	\$	57,220,000	\$	18,881,170	\$	60,754,734	\$	165,792,000
	4.25-4.75		4.50 - 5.00		4.00-5.00		3.00-5.00		(Variable)		3.00-5.00
\$	1,734,399	\$	3,265,754	\$	905,000	\$	1,392,160	\$		\$	5,467,000
*		-	3,392,579	-	1,035,000	*	1,528,608	-		*	21,386,000
			3,535,258		1,180,000		1,680,875				5,917,000
			3,677,936		1,340,000		1,850,940				5,173,000
			3,804,762		1,270,000		2,036,825				3,844,000
			3,963,293		865,000		2,240,508				7,496,000
			· · · · ·				2,461,987				14,177,000
							2,709,175				14,497,000
							2,980,092				22,050,000
									3,278,695		19,196,000
									3,606,960		12,073,000
					3,725,000				3,966,865		9,076,000
					4,095,000				4,362,365		9,405,000
					4,505,000				4,801,370		7,901,000
					4,955,000				5,279,925		8,134,000
			6,151,032		5,450,000				5,807,918		
			6,436,389		5,995,000				6,389,303		
			6,753,453		6,595,000				7,028,035		
			7,070,516						7,730,048		
									8,503,250		
\$	1,734,399	\$	48,050,972	\$	41,915,000	\$	18,881,169	\$	60,754,734	\$	165,792,000

Schedule of General Obligation Bonds-Except for School Purposes

Date of Issuance	 Combined Total
Principal	
Interest Rate %	
Fiscal Year	
2006	\$ 35,672,287
2007	45,248,796
2008	39,416,114
2009	34,881,864
2010	39,005,985
2011	44,116,727
2012	37,657,194
2013 2014	36,791,002 43,018,085
2014	39,424,522
2016	29,207,472
2017	28,987,713
2017	30,892,337
2019	32,821,800
2020	30,562,383
2020	29,086,752
2022	26,053,890
2023	24,854,987
2024	19,538,446
2025	8,503,250
2026	0,505,250
2027	
2028	
2029	
2030	
Total	\$ 655,741,606
	 , ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

Schedule of General Obligation Bonds-School Purposes

	General Obligation	 General Obligation	 General Obligation	 General Obligation	General Obligation	General Obligation
Date of Issuance	04/01/92 (s) 04/30/92 (c)	05/15/93	06/15/96	11/01/96 (s) 11/14/96(c)	11/01/97	2/15/98
Principal	\$ 33,689,029	\$ 33,976,436	\$ 60,000,000	\$ 51,045,323	\$ 74,415,173	\$ 50,730,825
Interest Rate %	3.15-6.50	3.40-5.50	5.625-5.875	5.00-6.00	4.50-5.75	5.00-5.10
Fiscal Year						
2006	\$ 	\$ 3,132,689	\$ 1,925,000	\$ 1,239,932	\$ 5,047,508	\$ 222,681
2007	774,343	1,277,343		1,318,101	2,755,370	222,681
2008	721,159	1,356,763		1,388,184	2,896,055	232,803
2009	676,475	1,440,596		1,460,963	16,607,708	253,047
2010		1,528,840		14,323,905	6,124,950	263,169
2011				9,895,193	4,038,693	273,291
2012				7,284,225	4,275,456	283,412
2013				6,489,541	2,053,270	3,502,168
2014				1,086,439	1,943,772	4,554,843
2015				1,019,558	1,836,850	4,747,158
2016				955,867	4,580,845	5,415,202
2017				904,052	1,728,391	5,376,739
2018					4,875,941	5,364,592
2019					5,167,605	5,635,858
2020					2,247,531	5,951,661
2021						5,263,374
2022						2,024,374
2023						
2024						
2025						
2026						
2027						
2028						
2029						
2030	 	 				
Total	\$ 2,171,977	\$ 8,736,231	\$ 1,925,000	\$ 47,365,960	\$ 66,179,945	\$ 49,587,053

⁽s) Serial Bonds(c) Capital Appreciation Bonds

	General Obligation	 General Obligation		General Obligation		General Obligation		General Obligation	_	General Obligation
	1/28/99	2/1/99		2/15/99		5/1/99		12/1/99		10/1/00
\$	33,855,377	\$ 25,851,784	\$	28,989,865	\$	63,288,701	\$	6,593,361	\$	143,962,457
	(Variable)	3.55-5.25		4.00-5.00		4.75-5.00		(Variable)		4.75-5.625
\$	44,014	\$ 878,531	\$	891,996	\$	1,884,281	\$	873,819	\$	3,047,205
	52,817	876,404		914,296		1,983,454		913,538		3,287,143
	5,712,985	1,589,014		936,596		1,983,454		992,976		3,287,143
	220,069	2,386,711		981,196		1,983,454				3,551,074
	237,674	5,926,361								3,551,074
	3,397,862	3,903,400								
	4,691,866	2,803,641								
	3,274,623	1,425,220								
	5,149,609									
	4,489,403									
	1,443,651									
	1,496,468									
	1,584,495									
	1,646,114			1,560,993						
	184,858			1,672,492						
				1,672,492		3,636,332				
				1,783,992		3,983,436				
				1,873,191		4,198,310				
				2,006,991		4,380,127				
٨		10.700.202	_	14 20 4 22 5	_		_	2.500.222	_	17.722.720
\$	33,626,505	\$ 19,789,282	\$	14,294,235	\$	24,032,848	\$	2,780,333	\$	16,723,639

Schedule of General Obligation Bonds-School Purposes

	_	General Obligation		General Obligation		General Obligation		General Obligation	 General Obligation		General Obligation
Date of Issuance		10/1/00		12/1/00		11/1/2001		12/1/2001	6/10/2003		11/12/2003
Principal	\$	10,770,911	\$	5,515,922	\$	5,511,696	\$	57,716,466	\$ 89,355,000	\$	32,110,000
Interest Rate %		5.00		(Variable)		4.25-4.75		4.50-5.00	4.00-5.00		2.50-5.00
Fiscal Year											
2006	\$	963,532	\$	581,955	\$	650,601	\$	1,884,246	\$ 545,000	\$	845,000
2007		2,684,125		278,326				1,957,421	660,000		860,000
2008		1,772,211		278,326				2,039,742	790,000		875,000
2009		1,858,240		303,629				2,122,063	925,000		895,000
2010				303,629				2,195,238	720,000		920,000
2011				2,479,635				2,286,706	2,260,000		950,000
2012											980,000
2013											1,020,000
2014											1,060,000
2015											1,105,000
2016											1,150,000
2017									3,275,000		1,200,000
2018									3,600,000		1,250,000
2019									3,960,000		1,310,000
2020									4,355,000		1,365,000
2021								3,548,968	4,795,000		1,430,000
2022								3,713,611	5,270,000		1,495,000
2023								3,896,547	5,800,000		1,570,000
2024								4,079,484	6,380,000		1,645,000
2025									7,015,000		1,725,000
2026									7,720,000		1,810,000
2027									8,490,000		1,905,000
2028									9,340,000		2,000,000
2029											1,910,000
2030			_	4 225 500	_		_			_	21 255 000
	\$	7,278,108	\$	4,225,500	\$	650,601	\$	27,724,027	\$ 75,900,000	\$	31,275,000

	General Obligation		General Obligation		General Obligation	_	Combined Total
	3/31/2004		4/15/2004		3/10/2005		
\$	28,858,830	\$	176,950,269	\$	241,373,000		
	3.00-5.00		(Variable)		3.00-5.00		
\$	2,127,840	\$		\$	3,663,000	\$	30,448,8
Ψ	2,336,393	Ψ		Ψ	2,154,000	Ψ	25,305,75
	2,569,125				5,133,000		34,554,5
	2,829,060				4,992,000		43,486,2
	3,113,175				6,911,000		46,119,0
	3,424,493				12,719,000		45,628,2
	3,763,013				13,068,000		37,149,6
	4,140,825				10,413,000		32,318,6
	4,554,908				19,085,000		37,434,5
			5,011,305		23,034,000		41,243,2
			5,513,040		27,887,000		46,945,6
			6,063,135		20,044,000		40,087,7
			6,667,635		25,380,000		48,722,6
			7,338,630		20,504,000		47,123,2
			8,070,075		19,026,000		42,872,6
			8,877,083		6,195,000		35,418,2
			9,765,698		6,090,000		34,126,1
			10,741,965		5,205,000		33,285,0
			11,814,953		5,170,000		35,476,5
			12,996,750		4,700,000		26,436,7
			13,775,000 15,150,000				23,305,0 25,545,0
			16,665,000				28,005,0
			18,335,000				20,245,0
			20,165,000				20,165,0
\$	28,858,830	\$	176,950,269	\$	241,373,000	_	881,448,3
	20,020,030		170,200,202		211,373,000		001,110,2
neral ob	ligation bonds - ex	cept fo	r school purposes				655,741,6
neral ob	ligation bonds					\$	1,537,189,9

Schedule of Defeased Bonds

Defeased Bonds: **				Total
			Maturity	Defeased
	Bond Series		Dates	Principal
1996 Series A	Public Improvement	Current interest bonds	06/01/07-21	\$ 35,025,000
1996 Series A	School	Current interest bonds	06/01/07-21	46,700,000
1996 Series B	Public Improvement	Current interest bonds	11/01/07-16, 21	59,500,000
1999 Series A	Public Imp/School	Current interest bonds	05/01/10-18	24,700,000
1999 Series B	Public Imp/School	Current interest bonds	06/01/10-20	44,600,000
2000 Series A	Public Imp/School	Current interest bonds	04/01/11-21,25	124,975,000
2001 Series A	Public Imp/School	Current interest bonds	04/01/12-20	69,825,000
2003 Series A	Public Imp/School	Current interest bonds	03/01/12-16	26,530,000

^{**} All issues shown at original issue par value amounts. See Note IV (H) for an explanation of refundings and defeasance.

	Budgeted	d Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:	Ф. 110.000.000	ф. 110 000 000	A 121 (00 521	Φ 2.600.521
Local taxes	\$ 119,080,000	\$ 119,080,000	\$ 121,689,521	\$ 2,609,521
Local revenue	2,227,005	2,227,005	2,704,356	477,351
State revenue	1,350,957	1,350,957	1,350,957	
Elected officials' fines and fees			1,023,679	1,023,679
Other revenue	1,845	1,845	396,818	394,973
Total revenues	122,659,807	122,659,807	127,165,331	4,505,524
Expenditures:				
Professional and contracted services	55,061	55,061	38,501	16,560
Debt service & related cost	139,017,952	139,019,452	134,392,167	4,627,285
Contingencies and restrictions	1,814,870	2,053,370	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2,053,370
Total expenditures	140,887,883	141,127,883	134,430,668	6,697,215
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(18,228,076)	(18,468,076)	(7,265,337)	11,202,739
Other Financing Sources (uses):				
Transfers in	17,903,079	18,143,079	16,689,941	(1,453,138)
Transfers out	(1,625,000)	(1,625,000)	(324,815)	1,300,185
Other sources/(uses)			10,684,324	
Planned change in fund balance	1,949,997	1,949,997	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(1,949,997)
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,228,076	18,468,076	27,049,450	(2,102,950)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources over (under) expenditures and other financing uses	\$	s	\$ 19,784,113	\$ 9,099,789
one managed and other maneing ages	*	¥	÷ 17,701,113	\$ 7,077,107

	 Budgeted	l Amoı	unts		
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:	 				
Local taxes	\$ 210,430,000	\$	210,430,000	\$ 212,588,811	\$ 2,158,811
Local revenue	26,249,122		25,583,935	26,178,599	594,664
State revenue	13,413,183		13,744,093	14,258,452	514,359
Federal revenue	11,800		34,267	12,035	(22,232)
Patient service revenue	982,750		982,750	497,522	(485,228)
Elected officials' fines and fees	54,589,632		54,633,007	53,040,414	(1,592,593)
Other revenue	2,970,815		3,025,815	4,985,342	1,959,527
Total revenues	308,647,302		308,433,867	311,561,175	3,127,308
Expenditures:					
Salaries	157,513,195		159,889,789	159,454,368	435,421
Other compensation	8,400,821		8,020,105	7,875,534	144,571
Fringe benefits	49,457,047		45,231,557	44,860,816	370,741
Supplies	12,628,926		11,796,677	11,185,800	610,877
Services	4,519,102		4,570,796	4,228,361	342,435
Professional and contracted services	30,667,207		28,668,240	28,273,184	395,056
Rent, utilities and maintenance	16,827,903		15,666,386	15,206,188	460,198
Interdepartmental allocations	(1,729,513)		(861,585)	(964,142)	102,557
Intergovernmental expenditures	200,000		202,000	201,082	918
Asset acquisitions	3,292,613		2,862,254	2,711,443	150,811
Debt service & related cost	2,700,000		1,648,000	1,646,472	1,528
Special funded projects	25,815,167		25,815,167	25,808,131	7,036
Grants	456,000		471,000	471,000	
Contingencies and restrictions	(6,221,629)				
Total expenditures	304,526,839		303,980,386	300,958,237	3,022,149
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	 4,120,463		4,453,481	 10,602,938	 6,149,457
Other Financing Sources (uses):					
Transfers in	12,459,769		13,650,290	12,962,317	(687,973)
Transfers out	(15,502,591)		(18,094,188)	(17,457,983)	636,205
Planned change in fund balance	(1,077,641)		(9,583)		9,583
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,120,463)		(4,453,481)	(4,495,666)	(42,185)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and					
other financing sources over (under)					
expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 	\$		\$ 6,107,272	\$ 6,107,272

_		Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance		
Revenues:							
General government							
Public Defender	\$	3,222,550	\$	3,045,901	\$	(176,649)	
Divorce Referee		325,000		329,990		4,990	
County Attorney		100,000		279,644		179,644	
Central Operations		224,496,917		228,094,993		3,598,076	
Personnel		569,530		573,975		4,445	
Purchasing				189		189	
Information Technology		858,760		1,516,751		657,991	
Board of Equalization		200,000				(200,000)	
Election Commission		424,560		332,197		(92,363)	
		230,197,317		234,173,640		3,976,323	
Planning & development							
Department of Housing		5,000		15,883		10,883	
		5,000		15,883		10,883	
Public works							
Director and Staff - Public Works		923,000		1,145,106		222,106	
County Engineer		258,000		204,116		(53,884)	
Emergency Services		412,000		472,478		60,478	
Shelby Farms		410,000		161,563		(248,437)	
Conservation Board		410,000		344,277		(65,723)	
Port Commission		500,000		720,621		220,621	
Support Services		1,100,000		1,228,760		128,760	
Archives		75,000		86,486		11,486	
		4,088,000		4,363,407		275,407	
Health services							
Forensic Services		758,400		623,008		(135,392)	
Administration and Finance - Health Services		11,186,096		11,010,325		(175,771)	
Environmental Health Services		1,897,633		1,973,890		76,257	
Personal Health Services		2,674,586		1,715,573		(959,013)	
Assessment and Assurance		723,225		889,207		165,982	
		17,239,940	-	16,212,003		(1,027,937)	
Community services							
Special Funded Projects		58,375		78,144		19,769	
Victims Assistance Center				2,228		2,228	
Pretrial Services		350,000		396,208		46,208	
		408,375		476,580		68,205	
						(continued)	

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Department (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance		
Law enforcement					
Sheriff	\$ 3,636,000	\$ 3,718,467	\$ 82,467		
	3,636,000	3,718,467	82,467		
Judicial					
General Sessions Civil Court Judges		220,671	220,671		
General Sessions Criminal Court Judges	1,250,000	340,548	(909,452		
Chancery Court Clerk	2,900,000	3,773,882	873,882		
Circuit Court Clerk	1,763,580	1,850,966	87,386		
Criminal Court Clerk	4,045,500	3,665,380	(380,120		
General Sessions Court Clerk	7,624,562	6,651,673	(972,889		
Probate Court Clerk	520,000	497,310	(22,69)		
Juvenile Court Clerk	1,450,000	1,240,067	(209,933		
Juvenile Court	225,350	201,239	(24,11		
	19,778,992	18,441,736	(1,337,250		
Other elected officials					
Legislative Operations	5,500	4,846	(654		
Assessor	368,000	300,817	(67,18)		
Attorney General	83,008	68,569	(14,43)		
County Clerk	8,551,941	8,853,152	301,21		
Register	6,153,622	6,610,464	456,84		
Trustee	17,918,172	18,321,611	403,439		
Trustee	33,080,243	34,159,459	1,079,210		
Total revenues	308,433,867	311,561,175	3,127,308		
Total revenues	300,433,007	311,301,173	5,127,300		
penditures:					
General government	500.061	455 400	•		
Mayor's Office	503,861	477,198	26,663		
Public Affairs	663,693	655,203	8,49		
Chief Administrative Officer	970,131	943,731	26,40		
Office on Health Policy	275,961	275,172	78		
Public Defender	6,312,389	6,282,627	29,76		
Divorce Referee	379,824	379,187	63		
County Attorney	2,731,108	2,713,321	17,78		
Director-Administration and Finance	346,423	344,543	1,88		
Central Operations	22,596,762	22,584,818	11,94		
County Grants	6,118,457	6,103,762	14,69		
Personnel	3,050,140	3,015,438	34,70		
Purchasing	787,072	783,144	3,92		
Information Technology	8,982,457	8,914,302	68,153		
Finance	1,677,703	1,661,957	15,74		
Board of Equalization	356,960	352,366	4,59		
Election Commission	3,534,393	3,496,608	37,78		
Jury Commission	707,506	700,768	6,738		
	59,994,840	59,684,145	310,695 (continued		

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Department (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance		
Planning & development	e 557.262	Ф 527.20 <i>4</i>	e 20.059		
Department of Housing	\$ 557,362 557,362	\$ 537,304 537,304	\$ 20,058 20,058		
	337,302	337,304	20,038		
Public works					
Director and Staff - Public Works	1,076,912	955,930	120,982		
County Engineer	2,345,031	2,344,534	497		
Emergency Services	1,293,098	1,293,098			
Soil Conservation	58,617	58,461	156		
Weights and Measures	66,049	66,008	41		
Shelby Farms	615,252	615,109	143		
Agricultural Extension Service	299,341	299,193	148		
Conservation Board	731,864	731,780	84		
Port Commission	445,897	445,897			
Security and Investigation	312,859	312,671	188		
Support Services	12,174,630	12,158,702	15,928		
Archives	356,200	355,965	235		
	19,775,750	19,637,348	138,402		
Health services					
Director - Health Services	159,791	159,499	292		
Forensic Services	2,153,550	2,152,380	1,170		
Administration and Finance - Health Services	10,103,696	10,093,081	10,615		
Environmental Health Services	4,524,833	4,511,934	12,899		
Personal Health Services	10,215,967	10,172,170	43,797		
Assessment and Assurance	1,195,183	1,192,369	2,814		
Assessment and Assurance	28,353,020	28,281,433	71,587		
	20,333,020	20,201,433	/1,567		
Community services					
Director - Community Services	201,979	185,433	16,546		
Special Funded Projects	573,435	561,450	11,985		
Victims Assistance Center	287,049	285,183	1,866		
Office on Aging	66,742	66,150	592		
Pretrial Services	2,631,281	2,614,506	16,775		
	3,760,486	3,712,722	47,764		
Law enforcement					
Sheriff	126,693,830	125,490,249	1,203,581		
	126,693,830	125,490,249	1,203,581		
		, ,	(continued)		

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Department (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance		
Judicial						
Chancery Court Judges	\$	41,224	\$ 40,951	\$	273	
Circuit Court Judges		111,630	111,355		275	
Criminal Court Judges		58,099	57,823		276	
General Sessions Civil Court Judges		965,428	957,763		7,665	
General Sessions Criminal Court Judges		2,469,128	2,421,026		48,102	
Probate Court Judges		387,053	387,053			
Chancery Court Clerk		1,238,001	1,204,687		33,314	
Circuit Court Clerk		2,431,104	2,388,929		42,175	
Criminal Court Clerk		4,483,351	4,437,822		45,529	
General Sessions Court Clerk		6,650,472	6,405,126		245,346	
Probate Court Clerk		515,778	515,585		193	
Juvenile Court Clerk		3,804,445	3,709,159		95,286	
Juvenile Court		12,653,411	 12,485,781		167,630	
		35,809,124	35,123,060		686,064	
Other elected officials						
Legislative Operations		1,537,602	1,438,671		98,931	
Equal Opportunity Compliance		712,381	677,718		34,663	
Assessor		9,488,855	9,283,200		205,655	
Attorney General		5,871,212	5,869,589		1,623	
County Clerk		4,278,616	4,104,234		174,382	
Register		1,448,442	1,419,698		28,744	
Trustee		5,698,866	 5,698,866			
		29,035,974	 28,491,976		543,998	
Total expenditures		303,980,386	 300,958,237		3,022,149	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		4,453,481	 10,602,938		6,149,457	
other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in						
Central Operations		5,239,663	5,239,663			
Personnel		758,221	661,988		(96,233)	
Department of Housing		119,000	105,085		(13,915)	
Director and Staff - Public Works		35,170	35,170			
County Engineer		1,562,952	1,562,952			
Administration and Finance - Health Services		3,038,903	2,719,120		(319,783)	
Personal Health Services		1,183,014	930,273		(252,741)	
Special Funded Projects		325,000	324,815		(185)	
Victims Assistance Center		4,521			(4,521)	
Juvenile Court		1,383,846	 1,383,251		(595)	
Total transfers in		13,650,290	 12,962,317		(687,973)	

General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Department (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance		
Transfers out			 			
Office on Health Policy	\$	(22,816)	\$ (21,062)	\$	1,754	
Public Defender		(63,922)	(58,595)		5,327	
Central Operations		(13,900,000)	(13,899,112)		888	
Personnel		(117,417)	(117,417)			
Department of Housing		(138,000)	(42,241)		95,759	
Director and Staff - Public Works		(159,775)	(159,775)			
Environmental Improvement		(12,595)	(5,000)		7,595	
Shelby Farms		(9,028)			9,028	
Port Commission		(659,151)	(659,151)			
Support Services		(15,000)			15,000	
Administration and Finance - Health Services		(616,961)	(468,121)		148,840	
Environmental Health Services		(1,452,098)	(1,182,199)		269,899	
Personal Health Services		(421,544)	(421,544)			
Special Funded Projects		(178,250)	(155,654)		22,596	
Victims Assistance Center		(78,591)	(71,219)		7,372	
Pretrial Services		(54,670)	(34,382)		20,288	
Sheriff		(1,000)			1,000	
General Sessions Criminal Court Judges		(26,183)	(20,239)		5,944	
Juvenile Court Clerk		(2,310)	(2,277)		33	
Juvenile Court		(151,106)	(126,224)		24,882	
Attorney General		(13,771)	(13,771)			
Total transfers out		(18,094,188)	(17,457,983)		636,205	
Other sources/(uses)						
Central Operations		(9,583)			9,583	
Total other sources/(uses)		(9,583)			9,583	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(4,453,481)	 (4,495,666)		(42,185)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues &						
other financing sources over (under)						
expenditures & other financing uses	\$		\$ 6,107,272	\$	6,107,272	

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		V	'ariance
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	391,091	\$	334,543	\$	334,402	\$	141
Fringe benefits		94,270		76,753		76,714		39
Supplies		67,815		41,515		27,199		14,316
Services		13,550		13,550		10,222		3,328
Professional and contracted services				10,500		3,100		7,400
Rent, utilities and maintenance		3,000		18,200		17,451		749
Interdepartmental allocations				8,800		8,110		690
Total expenditures		569,726		503,861		477,198		26,663
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(569,726)	\$	(503,861)	\$	(477,198)	\$	26,663

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance	
Expenditures:	<u> </u>							
Salaries	\$	509,777	\$	497,868	\$	497,798	\$	70
Fringe benefits		146,896		138,081		138,020		61
Supplies		21,944		21,944		14,205		7,739
Services		5,800		5,800		5,180		620
Total expenditures		684,417		663,693		655,203		8,490
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other	s	(694 417)	\$	(662,602)	\$	(655, 202)	\$	8,490
sources over expenditures and other uses	3	(684,417)	<u> </u>	(663,693)	<u> </u>	(655,203)	3	8,490

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		V	ariance
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	941,403	\$	737,719	\$	737,684	\$	35
Fringe benefits		224,564		165,066		164,743		323
Supplies		35,395		41,595		26,879		14,716
Services		24,601		25,601		14,425		11,176
Professional and contracted services		20,000		100				100
Rent, utilities and maintenance		50		50				50
Total expenditures		1,246,013		970,131		943,731		26,400
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(1,246,013)	\$	(970,131)	\$	(943,731)	\$	26,400

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Va	riance
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	207,548	\$	216,370	\$	216,270	\$	100
Fringe benefits		53,556		54,608		54,608		
Supplies		1,983		1,983		1,562		421
Services		3,000		3,000		2,732		268
Total expenditures		266,087		275,961		275,172		789
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(266,087)		(275,961)		(275,172)		789
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		(21,060)		(22,816)		(21,062)		1,754
Total other financing sources (uses)		(21,060)		(22,816)		(21,062)		1,754
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(287,147)	\$	(298,777)	\$	(296,234)	\$	2,543

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	,	Variance
Revenues:								
State revenue	\$	2,728,500	\$	2,728,500	\$	2,840,400	\$	111,900
Elected officials' fines and fees		494,050		494,050		205,501		(288,549)
Total revenues		3,222,550		3,222,550		3,045,901		(176,649)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		5,373,241		4,982,593		4,982,400		193
Fringe benefits		1,300,207		1,216,288		1,215,987		301
Supplies		67,000		48,814		40,446		8,368
Services		14,100		14,100		13,487		613
Professional and contracted services		71,000		17,094		13,439		3,655
Rent, utilities and maintenance		19,500		14,500		9,725		4,775
Interdepartmental allocations				16,000		7,143		8,857
Asset acquisitions		35,814		3,000		, 		3,000
Total expenditures		6,880,862		6,312,389		6,282,627		29,762
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(3,658,312)		(3,089,839)		(3,236,726)		(146,887)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		(63,922)		(63,922)		(58,595)		5,327
Total other financing sources (uses)		(63,922)		(63,922)		(58,595)		5,327
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(3,722,234)	\$	(3,153,761)	\$	(3,295,321)	\$	(141,560)

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final	Actual Amounts		Va	ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	325,000	\$	325,000	\$	329,990	\$	4,990
Total revenues		325,000		325,000		329,990		4,990
Expenditures:								
Salaries		244,975		284,372		284,288		84
Fringe benefits		97,927		93,752		93,721		31
Supplies		1,700		1,700		1,178		522
Total expenditures		344,602		379,824		379,187		637
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(19,602)		(54,824)		(49,197)		5,627
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(19,602)	\$	(54,824)	\$	(49,197)	\$	5,627
sources over expenditures and other uses	Ψ	(17,002)	Ψ	(34,024)	Ψ	(37,177)	Ψ	5,027

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			
	Original Final		Final	 Actual Amounts	Variance		
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$ 279,644	\$	179,644
Total revenues		100,000		100,000	 279,644		179,644
Expenditures:							
Salaries		1,789,769		1,853,885	1,853,834		51
Fringe benefits		466,705		477,653	477,622		31
Supplies		48,350		62,350	53,164		9,186
Services		87,600		91,400	90,725		675
Professional and contracted services		366,020		245,220	237,876		7,344
Rent, utilities and maintenance		600		600	100		500
Total expenditures		2,759,044		2,731,108	2,713,321		17,787
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(2,659,044)	\$	(2,631,108)	\$ (2,433,677)	\$	197,431

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Va	nriance
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	205,899	\$	277,699	\$	277,527	\$	172
Fringe benefits		45,713		62,224		62,096		128
Supplies		4,000		5,200		4,531		669
Services		2,500		1,300		389		911
Total expenditures		258,112		346,423		344,543		1,880
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(258,112)	\$	(346,423)	\$	(344,543)	\$	1,880

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:							
Local taxes	\$	210,430,000	\$	210,430,000	\$	212,588,811	\$ 2,158,811
Local revenue		3,035,917		3,035,917		2,507,509	(528,408)
State revenue		7,015,000		7,015,000		8,072,895	1,057,895
Elected officials' fines and fees		1,716,000		1,716,000		1,606,525	(109,475)
Other revenue		2,300,000		2,300,000		3,319,253	 1,019,253
Total revenues		224,496,917		224,496,917		228,094,993	3,598,076
Expenditures:							
Salaries		(4,184,201)		(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)	
Fringe benefits		25,496		(162,443)		(162,443)	
Supplies		250,000		168,000		167,783	217
Services		382,240		487,318		486,941	377
Professional and contracted services		1,658,000		1,265,220		1,258,678	6,542
Rent, utilities and maintenance		600,000		422,000		419,638	2,362
Intergovernmental expenditures		200,000		202,000		201,082	918
Debt service & related cost		2,700,000		1,648,000		1,646,472	1,528
Special funded projects		20,566,667		20,566,667		20,566,667	
Contingencies and restrictions		(4,720,668)					
Total expenditures		17,477,534		22,596,762		22,584,818	11,944
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		207,019,383		201,900,155	_	205,510,175	 3,610,020
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		5,239,663		5,239,663		5,239,663	
Transfers out		(11,650,000)		(13,900,000)		(13,899,112)	888
Planned change in fund balance		(1,500,000)		(9,583)			9,583
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,910,337)		(8,669,920)		(8,659,449)	10,471
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	199,109,046	\$	193,230,235	\$	196,850,726	\$ 3,620,491

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	V	ariance
Expenditures:							
Professional and contracted services	\$	700,000	\$	398,957	\$ 391,298	\$	7,659
Special funded projects		5,248,500		5,248,500	5,241,464		7,036
Grants		456,000		471,000	 471,000		
Total expenditures		6,404,500		6,118,457	6,103,762		14,695
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(6,404,500)	\$	(6,118,457)	\$ (6,103,762)	\$	14,695

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	\	variance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	411,710	\$	411,710	\$	425,158	\$	13,448
Other revenue		157,820		157,820		148,817		(9,003)
Total revenues		569,530		569,530		573,975		4,445
Expenditures:								
Salaries		2,097,718		2,226,188		2,225,903		285
Other compensation				12,342		12,333		9
Fringe benefits		595,015		565,530		565,379		151
Supplies		63,175		53,633		44,088		9,545
Services		45,650		54,868		49,039		5,829
Professional and contracted services		64,310		73,579		59,594		13,985
Rent, utilities and maintenance		49,000		42,428		39,932		2,496
Interdepartmental allocations				3,900		1,498		2,402
Asset acquisitions		10,000		17,672		17,672		
Total expenditures		2,924,868		3,050,140		3,015,438		34,702
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(2,355,338)		(2,480,610)		(2,441,463)		39,147
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		292,045		758,221		661,988		(96,233)
Transfers out				(117,417)		(117,417)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		292,045		640,804		544,571		(96,233)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(2,063,293)	\$	(1,839,806)	\$	(1,896,892)	\$	(57,086)

	 Budgeted	Amour	nts	1		
	 Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	Va	ariance
Revenues:						
Local revenue	\$ 	\$		\$ 189	\$	189
Total revenues				189		189
Expenditures:						
Salaries	599,988		590,129	590,093		36
Fringe benefits	171,017		153,518	153,409		109
Supplies	25,250		27,138	24,581		2,557
Services	16,675		14,673	13,529		1,144
Professional and contracted services			1,200	1,118		82
Rent, utilities and maintenance	1,500		414	414		
Total expenditures	814,430		787,072	783,144		3,928
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ (814,430)	\$	(787,072)	\$ (782,955)	\$	4,117

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 √ariance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	855,760	\$	855,760	\$	1,516,751	\$ 660,991
State revenue		1,200		1,200			(1,200)
Federal revenue		1,800		1,800			 (1,800)
Total revenues		858,760		858,760		1,516,751	657,991
Expenditures:							
Salaries		4,902,725		4,671,228		4,671,045	183
Other compensation		139,249		63,712		63,365	347
Fringe benefits		1,276,372		1,171,088		1,170,893	195
Supplies		590,614		743,162		729,688	13,474
Services		42,601		30,979		29,825	1,154
Professional and contracted services		622,868		492,987		480,050	12,937
Rent, utilities and maintenance		1,569,559		1,519,944		1,507,867	12,077
Interdepartmental allocations				9,504		5,933	3,571
Asset acquisitions		274,400		279,853		255,636	24,217
Total expenditures		9,418,388		8,982,457		8,914,302	68,155
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(8,559,628)	\$	(8,123,697)	\$	(7,397,551)	\$ 726,146

	Budgeted Amounts							
	' <u></u>	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		V	'ariance
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	1,383,719	\$	1,282,939	\$	1,282,780	\$	159
Other compensation		15,000		5,700		5,586		114
Fringe benefits		370,851		338,663		338,543		120
Supplies		27,301		27,301		23,892		3,409
Services		4,900		10,550		10,469		81
Professional and contracted services		17,500		11,850		382		11,468
Rent, utilities and maintenance		700		700		305		395
Total expenditures		1,819,971		1,677,703		1,661,957		15,746
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(1,819,971)	\$	(1,677,703)	\$	(1,661,957)	\$	15,746

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original			Final	 Actual Amounts	Variance	
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$ 	\$	(200,000)
Total revenues		200,000		200,000			(200,000)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		257,367		244,043	243,924		119
Fringe benefits		66,824		71,373	71,312		61
Supplies		14,000		15,300	13,963		1,337
Services		64,000		24,700	21,767		2,933
Professional and contracted services				1,544	1,400		144
Total expenditures		402,191		356,960	352,366		4,594
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(202,191)	\$	(156,960)	\$ (352,366)	\$	(195,406)

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	\	/ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	39,200	\$	39,200	\$	36,964	\$	(2,236)
State revenue		18,000		383,160		293,444		(89,716)
Other revenue		2,200		2,200		1,789		(411)
Total revenues		59,400		424,560		332,197		(92,363)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		1,587,873		1,802,363		1,802,232		131
Other compensation		240,000		199,500		199,332		168
Fringe benefits		319,532		272,232		272,093		139
Supplies		306,856		329,741		324,534		5,207
Services		503,252		473,388		472,980		408
Professional and contracted services		173,178		112,133		106,813		5,320
Rent, utilities and maintenance		351,716		333,836		310,818		23,018
Interdepartmental allocations				11,200		7,806		3,394
Asset acquisitions		45,500						
Total expenditures		3,527,907		3,534,393		3,496,608		37,785
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(3,468,507)	\$	(3,109,833)	\$	(3,164,411)	\$	(54,578)

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final	Actual Amounts		Va	ariance
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	184,783	\$	184,788	\$	184,788	\$	
Fringe benefits		52,357		54,698		54,698		
Supplies		2,500		2,500		995		1,505
Services		522,700		457,700		456,735		965
Professional and contracted services		7,550		7,550		3,552		3,998
Rent, utilities and maintenance		270		270				270
Total expenditures		770,160		707,506		700,768		6,738
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(770,160)	\$	(707,506)	\$	(700,768)	\$	6,738

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Oı	riginal		Final		Actual Amounts	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	15,883	\$	10,883
Total revenues		5,000		5,000		15,883		10,883
Expenditures:								
Salaries		443,213		404,263		404,134		129
Other compensation				5,771		5,771		
Fringe benefits		117,235		102,081		101,911		170
Supplies		15,367		12,945		8,263		4,682
Services		12,307		12,307		9,624		2,683
Professional and contracted services		1,077		1,577		1,246		331
Rent, utilities and maintenance		16,496		7,561		2,621		4,940
Interdepartmental allocations				10,857		3,734		7,123
Total expenditures		605,695		557,362		537,304		20,058
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(600,695)		(552,362)		(521,421)		30,941
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		119,000		119,000		105,085		(13,915)
Transfers out		(138,000)		(138,000)		(42,241)		95,759
Total other financing sources (uses)		(19,000)		(19,000)		62,844		81,844
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(619,695)	\$	(571,362)	\$	(458,577)	\$	112,785

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	•	Variance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	908,000	\$	908,000	\$ 1,136,761	\$	228,761
Other revenue		15,000		15,000	8,345		(6,655)
Total revenues		923,000		923,000	1,145,106		222,106
Expenditures:							
Salaries		314,658		690,395	595,931		94,464
Other compensation		10,674		5,974	5,919		55
Fringe benefits		155,645		177,281	151,025		26,256
Supplies		17,683		32,851	32,851		
Services		36,065		40,017	39,810		207
Professional and contracted services		93,129		62,525	62,525		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		109,039		58,866	58,866		
Interdepartmental allocations				9,003	9,003		
Asset acquisitions		12,127					
Contingencies and restrictions		(212,830)					
Total expenditures		536,190		1,076,912	955,930		120,982
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		386,810		(153,912)	 189,176		343,088
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		35,170		35,170	35,170		
Transfers out		(181,010)		(159,775)	(159,775)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(145,840)		(124,605)	(124,605)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	240,970	\$	(278,517)	\$ 64,571	\$	343,088

	Budgeted Amounts									
		Priginal		Final		Actual Amounts	V	ariance		
Revenues:			_							
Local revenue	\$	258,000	\$	258,000	\$	204,116	\$	(53,884)		
Total revenues		258,000		258,000		204,116		(53,884)		
Expenditures:										
Salaries		1,638,475		1,529,987		1,529,851		136		
Other compensation				5,500		5,484		16		
Fringe benefits		448,664		397,573		397,228		345		
Supplies		59,050		39,849		39,849				
Services		10,225		13,375		13,375				
Professional and contracted services		101,000		152,230		152,230				
Rent, utilities and maintenance		230,500		126,748		126,748				
Interdepartmental allocations				79,769		79,769				
Asset acquisitions		38,000								
Total expenditures		2,525,914		2,345,031		2,344,534		497		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over										
expenditures		(2,267,914)		(2,087,031)		(2,140,418)		(53,387)		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		1,550,000		1,562,952		1,562,952				
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,550,000		1,562,952		1,562,952				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(717,914)	\$	(524,079)	\$	(577,466)	\$	(53,387)		

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	412,000	\$	412,000	\$	472,478	\$	60,478
Total revenues		412,000		412,000		472,478		60,478
Expenditures:								
Professional and contracted services		1,270,111		1,293,098		1,293,098		
Total expenditures		1,270,111		1,293,098		1,293,098		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(858,111)	\$	(881,098)	\$	(820,620)	\$	60,478

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final	Actual Amounts		Va	riance
Expenditures:								
Supplies	\$	5,000	\$		\$		\$	
Total expenditures		5,000						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(5,000)						
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		(35,105)		(12,595)		(5,000)		7,595
Total other financing sources (uses)		(35,105)		(12,595)		(5,000)		7,595
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(40,105)	\$	(12,595)	\$	(5,000)	\$	7,595

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original Final		Final	Actual amounts	Va	riance	
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$	26,497	\$	40,391	\$ 40,264	\$	127
Fringe benefits		24,962		15,206	15,177		29
Supplies		2,600		2,034	2,034		
Services		1,300		511	511		
Professional and contracted services		3,000		475	475		
Total expenditures		58,359		58,617	58,461		156
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(58,359)	\$	(58,617)	\$ (58,461)	\$	156

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Actual Amounts	Va	riance		
Expenditures:			•					
Salaries	\$	49,207	\$	49,207	\$	49,200	\$	7
Fringe benefits		15,874		12,674		12,640		34
Supplies		4,574		141		141		
Services		1,100		2,290		2,290		
Professional and contracted services		100		200		200		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		2,950						
Interdepartmental allocations				1,537		1,537		
Total expenditures		73,805		66,049		66,008		41
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(73,805)	\$	(66,049)	\$	(66,008)	\$	41

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance	
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	410,000	\$	410,000	\$	154,302	\$	(255,698)
Other revenue						7,261		7,261
Total revenues		410,000		410,000		161,563		(248,437)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		341,165		311,408		311,353		55
Other compensation		10,000		20,300		20,270		30
Fringe benefits		108,466		93,653		93,595		58
Supplies		45,801		13,272		13,272		
Services		175						
Professional and contracted services		8,650		6,207		6,207		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		171,750		73,642		73,642		
Interdepartmental allocations				36,392		36,392		
Asset acquisitions		20,000		60,378		60,378		
Total expenditures		706,007		615,252		615,109		143
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(296,007)		(205,252)		(453,546)		(248,294)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		(20,000)		(9,028)				9,028
Total other financing sources (uses)		(20,000)		(9,028)				9,028
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(316,007)	\$	(214,280)	\$	(453,546)	\$	(239,266)

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Actual Amounts	Va	riance		
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	229,837	\$	222,351	\$	222,286	\$	65
Fringe benefits		54,193		47,270		47,187		83
Supplies		1,150		842		842		
Services				36		36		
Professional and contracted services				25		25		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		39,334		28,817		28,817		
Total expenditures		324,514		299,341		299,193		148
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(324,514)	\$	(299,341)	\$	(299,193)	\$	148

	Budgeted Amounts							
	(Original		Final		Actual Amounts		⁷ ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	410,000	\$	410,000	\$	339,395	\$	(70,605)
Other revenue						4,882		4,882
Total revenues		410,000		410,000		344,277		(65,723)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		189,265		134,556		134,495		61
Other compensation				5,771		5,771		
Fringe benefits		38,735		25,914		25,891		23
Supplies		84,236		14,390		14,390		
Services		8,200		6,499		6,499		
Professional and contracted services		443,979		265,807		265,807		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		192,800		228,909		228,909		
Interdepartmental allocations				50,018		50,018		
Contingencies and restrictions		(536,673)						
Total expenditures		420,542		731,864		731,780		84
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(10,542)	\$	(321,864)	\$	(387,503)	\$	(65,639)

	 Budgeted	Amoun				
	Original	Final		 Actual Amounts	\	/ariance
Revenues:						
Local revenue	\$ 500,000	\$	500,000	\$ 696,296	\$	196,296
Other revenue	 			 24,325		24,325
Total revenues	500,000		500,000	720,621		220,621
Expenditures:						
Supplies	413,690		445,897	445,897		
Contingencies and restrictions	(572,841)					
Total expenditures	(159,151)		445,897	445,897		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures	659,151		54,103	274,724		220,621
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers out	(659,151)		(659,151)	(659,151)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(659,151)		(659,151)	(659,151)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ 	\$	(605,048)	\$ (384,427)	\$	220,621

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original F		Final	 Actual Amounts	Va	riance	
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$	1,580,821	\$	232,867	\$ 232,713	\$	154
Other compensation		69,000					
Fringe benefits		466,097		59,018	58,984		34
Supplies		60,900		257	257		
Services		6,900					
Professional and contracted services		1,030,772		180	180		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		47,000					
Interdepartmental allocations		(1,569,513)		837	837		
Asset acquisitions				19,700	19,700		
Total expenditures		1,691,977		312,859	312,671		188
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(1,691,977)	\$	(312,859)	\$ (312,671)	\$	188

		Budgeted	Amou	nts					
	(Original		Final	Actual Amounts	V	ariance		
Revenues:									
Local revenue	\$	1,100,000	\$	1,100,000	\$ 1,228,760	\$	128,760		
Total revenues		1,100,000		1,100,000	 1,228,760		128,760		
Expenditures:									
Salaries		4,179,305		4,164,381	4,163,580		801		
Other compensation		186,650		23,050	22,783		267		
Fringe benefits		1,249,107		1,192,931	1,178,071		14,860		
Supplies		321,626		277,792	277,792				
Services		5,100		142	142				
Professional and contracted services		1,449,780		1,367,101	1,367,101				
Rent, utilities and maintenance		5,133,642		4,991,030	4,991,030				
Interdepartmental allocations				66,326	66,326				
Asset acquisitions				91,877	91,877				
Total expenditures		12,525,210		12,174,630	12,158,702		15,928		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures		(11,425,210)		(11,074,630)	 (10,929,942)		144,688		
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers out		(15,000)		(15,000)	 		15,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,000)		(15,000)			15,000		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(11,440,210)	\$	(11,089,630)	\$ (10,929,942)	\$	159,688		

Budgeted Amounts								
		Original		Final	1	Actual Amounts	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$	86,486	\$	11,486
Total revenues		75,000		75,000		86,486		11,486
Expenditures:								
Salaries		320,386		280,893		280,769		124
Fringe benefits		95,205		97,905		97,794		111
Supplies		71,552		22,131		22,131		
Services		8,100		3,764		3,764		
Professional and contracted services		5,100		3,320		3,320		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		29,000		7,137		7,137		
Interdepartmental allocations		(120,000)		(58,950)		(58,950)		
Total expenditures		409,343		356,200		355,965		235
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(334,343)	\$	(281,200)	\$	(269,479)	\$	11,721

Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final	1	Actual Amounts	Vai	riance
\$	138,767	\$	127,562	\$	127,411	\$	151
			5,771		5,771		
	31,287		26,458		26,317		141
	170,054		159,791		159,499		292
¢	(170.054)	•	(150 701)	•	(150 /100)	\$	292
		Original \$ 138,767 31,287	Original \$ 138,767 \$ 31,287 170,054	Original Final \$ 138,767 \$ 127,562 5,771 31,287 26,458 170,054 159,791	Original Final \$ 138,767 \$ 127,562 \$ 5,771 5,771 31,287 26,458 170,054 159,791 159,791	Original Final Actual Amounts \$ 138,767 \$ 127,562 \$ 127,411 5,771 5,771 31,287 26,458 26,317 170,054 159,791 159,499	Original Final Actual Amounts Va \$ 138,767 \$ 127,562 \$ 127,411 \$ 127,411 \$ 5,771 5,771 5,771 31,287 26,458 26,317 170,054 159,791 159,499 159,499

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final		Actual Amounts		Variance			
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	758,400	\$	758,400	\$	623,008	\$	(135,392)
Total revenues		758,400		758,400		623,008		(135,392)
Expenditures:								
Supplies		3,244		150		32		118
Services		223		223				223
Professional and contracted services		1,976,850		2,019,600		2,018,925		675
Rent, utilities and maintenance		79,977		97,077		97,041		36
Asset acquisitions				36,500		36,382		118
Total expenditures		2,060,294		2,153,550		2,152,380		1,170
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(1,301,894)	\$	(1,395,150)	\$	(1,529,372)	\$	(134,222)

	Budge	eted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:				
Local revenue	\$ 11,184,096	\$ 11,184,096	\$ 10,924,730	\$ (259,366)
Patient service revenue	1,000	1,000	67	(933)
Other revenue	1,000		85,528	84,528
Total revenues	11,186,096	11,186,096	11,010,325	(175,771)
Expenditures:				
Salaries	2,818,549	3,359,641	3,358,781	860
Other compensation	40,400	87,383	86,838	545
Fringe benefits	373,058	412,196	411,389	807
Supplies	89,462	67,628	66,616	1,012
Services	22,108	28,421	28,083	338
Professional and contracted services	6,053,383	6,195,450	6,194,867	583
Rent, utilities and maintenance	444,792	511,772	511,672	100
Interdepartmental allocations		(574,882)	(581,164)	6,282
Asset acquisitions		16,087	15,999	88
Total expenditures	9,841,752	10,103,696	10,093,081	10,615
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	1,344,344	1,082,400	917,244	(165,156)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	2,398,781	3,038,903	2,719,120	(319,783)
Transfers out	(282,000	(616,961)	(468,121)	148,840
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,116,781	2,421,942	2,250,999	(170,943)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other				
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ 3,461,125	\$ 3,504,342	\$ 3,168,243	\$ (336,099)

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		 √ariance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	1,500,378	\$	880,191	\$	1,450,082	\$ 569,891
State revenue		1,017,442		1,017,442		523,808	 (493,634)
Total revenues		2,517,820		1,897,633		1,973,890	 76,257
Expenditures:							
Salaries		3,910,712		3,103,997		3,103,208	789
Other compensation		23,875		39,379		39,090	289
Fringe benefits		1,103,950		870,435		869,665	770
Supplies		193,467		85,096		82,921	2,175
Services		110,655		58,596		57,226	1,370
Professional and contracted services		154,436		149,132		148,983	149
Rent, utilities and maintenance		157,011		95,455		94,972	483
Interdepartmental allocations				122,743		115,869	6,874
Asset acquisitions		147,250					
Total expenditures		5,801,356		4,524,833		4,511,934	12,899
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(3,283,536)		(2,627,200)		(2,538,044)	 89,156
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers out		(1,636,986)		(1,452,098)		(1,182,199)	269,899
Planned change in fund balance		422,359					
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,214,627)		(1,452,098)		(1,182,199)	269,899
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(4,498,163)	\$	(4,079,298)	\$	(3,720,243)	\$ 359,055

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	1,682,836	\$	1,682,836	\$	1,218,118	\$ (464,718)
State revenue		10,000		10,000			(10,000)
Patient service revenue		981,750		981,750		497,455	(484,295)
Total revenues		2,674,586		2,674,586		1,715,573	(959,013)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		3,684,252		3,084,139		3,083,395	744
Other compensation		47,960		53,055		52,422	633
Fringe benefits		992,749		764,111		762,367	1,744
Supplies		1,205,188		717,916		687,259	30,657
Services		119,083		45,217		42,972	2,245
Professional and contracted services		5,064,794		4,747,215		4,746,867	348
Rent, utilities and maintenance		889,014		840,114		839,572	542
Interdepartmental allocations		(40,000)		(35,800)		(42,684)	6,884
Asset acquisitions		15,500					
Contingencies and restrictions		(524,910)					
Total expenditures		11,453,630		10,215,967		10,172,170	43,797
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(8,779,044)		(7,541,381)		(8,456,597)	 (915,216)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		1,215,514		1,183,014		930,273	(252,741)
Transfers out		(421,544)		(421,544)		(421,544)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		793,970		761,470		508,729	 (252,741)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(7,985,074)	\$	(6,779,911)	\$	(7,947,868)	\$ (1,167,957)

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	1	Actual Amounts		/ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	723,225	\$	723,225	\$	889,207	\$	165,982
Total revenues		723,225		723,225		889,207		165,982
Expenditures:								
Salaries		692,811		691,058		690,899		159
Other compensation		16,640		16,794		16,600		194
Fringe benefits		196,382		208,849		208,693		156
Supplies		78,277		54,476		53,566		910
Services		24,473		10,573		10,097		476
Professional and contracted services		122,700		153,100		152,711		389
Rent, utilities and maintenance		86,084		60,333		59,803		530
Asset acquisitions		5,000						
Total expenditures		1,222,367		1,195,183		1,192,369		2,814
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(499,142)	\$	(471,958)	\$	(303,162)	\$	168,796

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original Final		Actual Amounts		Variance		
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	175,484	\$	160,742	\$	149,870	\$	10,872
Fringe benefits		43,649		34,298		30,480		3,818
Supplies		2,120		3,580		3,205		375
Services		1,500		3,359		1,878		1,481
Total expenditures		222,753		201,979		185,433		16,546
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(222,753)	\$	(201,979)	\$	(185,433)	\$	16,546

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 ariance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$		\$	10,000	\$		\$ (10,000)
Elected officials' fines and fees		40,000		48,375		78,144	 29,769
Total revenues		40,000		58,375		78,144	19,769
Expenditures:							
Fringe benefits		4,521					
Supplies				3,860		1,251	2,609
Services		325,000		325,000		324,815	185
Professional and contracted services		322,800		244,575		235,384	9,191
Total expenditures		652,321		573,435		561,450	11,985
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(612,321)		(515,060)		(483,306)	31,754
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		325,000		325,000		324,815	(185)
Transfers out		(171,204)		(178,250)		(155,654)	22,596
Total other financing sources (uses)		153,796		146,750		169,161	22,411
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(458,525)	\$	(368,310)	\$	(314,145)	\$ 54,165

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		V	ariance
Revenues:								
Other revenue	\$		\$		\$	2,228	\$	2,228
Total revenues						2,228		2,228
Expenditures:								
Salaries		226,864		214,425		213,198		1,227
Fringe benefits		51,222		45,890		45,810		80
Supplies		12,684		10,784		10,332		452
Services		13,450		15,950		15,843		107
Total expenditures		304,220		287,049		285,183		1,866
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(304,220)		(287,049)		(282,955)		4,094
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in				4,521				(4,521)
Transfers out		(68,292)		(78,591)		(71,219)		7,372
Total other financing sources (uses)		(68,292)		(74,070)		(71,219)		2,851
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(372,512)	\$	(361,119)	\$	(354,174)	\$	6,945

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Va	riance
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$	32,907	\$	43,800	\$ 43,800	\$	
Fringe benefits		17,816		17,816	17,337		479
Supplies		3,326		3,226	3,171		55
Services				100	42		58
Rent, utilities and maintenance		1,800		1,800	1,800		
Total expenditures		55,849		66,742	66,150		592
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(55,849)	\$	(66,742)	\$ (66,150)	\$	592

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:				
Local revenue	\$ 350,000	\$ 350,000	\$ 396,208	\$ 46,208
Total revenues	350,000	350,000	396,208	46,208
Expenditures:				
Salaries	2,159,259	1,991,129	1,987,700	3,429
Other compensation	5,000	5,000	4,785	215
Fringe benefits	651,470	590,758	588,136	2,622
Supplies	27,567	18,900	14,203	4,697
Services	4,250	8,300	5,065	3,235
Professional and contracted services	2,194	2,194	108	2,086
Rent, utilities and maintenance	15,000	15,000	14,509	491
Total expenditures	2,864,740	2,631,281	2,614,506	16,775
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(2,514,740)	(2,281,281)	(2,218,298)	62,983
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(13,543)	(54,670)	(34,382)	20,288
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,543)	(54,670)	(34,382)	20,288
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ (2,528,283)	\$ (2,335,951)	\$ (2,252,680)	\$ 83,271

	Budge	ted Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:				
Local revenue	\$ 690,000		\$ 911,479	\$ 276,479
State revenue	1,500,000	1,565,000	1,493,590	(71,410)
Elected officials' fines and fees	1,368,000	1,303,000	1,212,126	(90,874)
Other revenue	78,000		101,272	(31,728)
Total revenues	3,636,000	3,636,000	3,718,467	82,467
Expenditures:				
Salaries	77,409,121	78,030,651	77,717,487	313,164
Other compensation	6,841,206	6,864,027	6,738,027	126,000
Fringe benefits	25,506,100	23,656,444	23,345,521	310,923
Supplies	5,516,212	5,208,268	5,033,660	174,608
Services	890,053	1,016,438	971,962	44,476
Professional and contracted services	6,271,290	6,918,546	6,842,900	75,646
Rent, utilities and maintenance	4,153,888	3,630,920	3,558,126	72,794
Interdepartmental allocations		(681,806)	(728,109)	46,303
Asset acquisitions	2,147,252	2,050,342	2,010,675	39,667
Total expenditures	128,735,122	126,693,830	125,490,249	1,203,581
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(125,099,122	(123,057,830)	(121,771,782)	1,286,048
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(1,000	(1,000)		1,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,000	(1,000)		1,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ (125,100,122) \$ (123,058,830)	\$ (121,771,782)	\$ 1,287,048

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Va	riance
Expenditures:		_				_		
Salaries	\$	44,160	\$	37,560	\$	37,422	\$	138
Fringe benefits		4,064		3,664		3,529		135
Total expenditures		48,224		41,224		40,951		273
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(48,224)	\$	(41,224)	\$	(40,951)	\$	273

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original Final			Final	Actual Amounts	Va	riance
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$	104,967	\$	101,967	\$ 101,722	\$	245
Fringe benefits		9,663		9,663	9,633		30
Total expenditures		114,630		111,630	111,355		275
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(114,630)	\$	(111,630)	\$ (111,355)	\$	275

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance		
Expenditures:						•	
Salaries	\$	61,992	\$	52,992	\$ 52,836	\$	156
Fringe benefits		5,707		5,107	4,987		120
Total expenditures		67,699		58,099	57,823		276
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(67,699)	\$	(58,099)	\$ (57,823)	\$	276

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final		Actual Amounts		/ariance
Revenues: Elected officials' fines and fees	•		¢	¢		220 671	ø	220 671
Total revenues	\$		\$		\$	220,671 220,671	\$	220,671 220,671
Expenditures:								
Salaries		762,048		762,048		762,039		9
Fringe benefits		155,162		162,162		161,884		278
Supplies		15,135		15,135		13,996		1,139
Services		19,833		18,233		12,305		5,928
Rent, utilities and maintenance		6,250		7,850		7,539		311
Total expenditures		958,428		965,428		957,763		7,665
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(958,428)	\$	(965,428)	\$	(737,092)	\$	228,336

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:				
State revenue	\$ 75,000	\$ 75,000	\$ 45,000	\$ (30,000)
Elected officials' fines and fees	1,175,000	1,175,000	295,548	(879,452)
Total revenues	1,250,000	1,250,000	340,548	(909,452)
Expenditures:				
Salaries	1,755,898	1,739,898	1,739,438	460
Fringe benefits	386,041	377,341	377,086	255
Supplies	51,650	55,050	54,347	703
Services	31,750	28,350	24,570	3,780
Professional and contracted services	249,745	250,289	207,862	42,427
Rent, utilities and maintenance	17,700	18,200	17,723	477
Total expenditures	2,492,784	2,469,128	2,421,026	48,102
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures	(1,242,784)	(1,219,128)	(2,080,478)	(861,350)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(19,933)	(26,183)	(20,239)	5,944
Total other financing sources (uses)	(19,933)	(26,183)	(20,239)	5,944
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ (1,262,717)	\$ (1,245,311)	\$ (2,100,717)	\$ (855,406)

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final		Actual Amounts	Va	nriance
Expenditures:	•							
Salaries	\$	293,140	\$	314,091	\$	314,091	\$	
Fringe benefits		60,277		72,962		72,962		
Total expenditures		353,417		387,053		387,053		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(353,417)	\$	(387,053)	\$	(387,053)	\$	

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 /ariance
Revenues:							
Elected officials' fines and fees	\$	2,830,000	\$	2,830,000	\$	3,668,637	\$ 838,637
Other revenue		70,000		70,000		105,245	35,245
Total revenues		2,900,000		2,900,000		3,773,882	873,882
Expenditures:							
Salaries		860,511		836,256		835,919	337
Fringe benefits		247,707		223,845		223,676	169
Supplies		50,750		69,586		60,855	8,731
Services		18,450		16,114		13,529	2,585
Professional and contracted services		1,500		1,500		111	1,389
Rent, utilities and maintenance		92,500		90,700		70,597	20,103
Asset acquisitions		16,500					
Total expenditures		1,287,918		1,238,001		1,204,687	33,314
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	1,612,082	\$	1,661,999	\$	2,569,195	\$ 907,196

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		\	⁷ ariance
Revenues:								
Elected officials' fines and fees	\$	1,705,580	\$	1,705,580	\$	1,739,207	\$	33,627
Other revenue		58,000		58,000		111,759		53,759
Total revenues		1,763,580		1,763,580		1,850,966		87,386
Expenditures:								
Salaries		1,742,811		1,714,415		1,714,309		106
Other compensation		5,771		171		70		101
Fringe benefits		461,786		435,779		435,562		217
Supplies		84,700		104,800		97,193		7,607
Services		24,800		26,425		24,881		1,544
Professional and contracted services		1,100		4,934		4,837		97
Rent, utilities and maintenance		151,804		139,575		112,077		27,498
Asset acquisitions		25,800		5,005				5,005
Total expenditures		2,498,572		2,431,104		2,388,929		42,175
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(734,992)	\$	(667,524)	\$	(537,963)	\$	129,561

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:						
Elected officials' fines and fees	\$	4,032,500	\$	4,032,500	\$ 3,637,814	\$ (394,686)
Other revenue		13,000		13,000	 27,566	 14,566
Total revenues		4,045,500		4,045,500	3,665,380	(380,120)
Expenditures:						
Salaries		3,310,667		3,181,801	3,181,689	112
Other compensation				1,000	638	362
Fringe benefits		981,225		904,802	904,591	211
Supplies		200,037		190,391	177,982	12,409
Services		47,420		63,787	57,008	6,779
Professional and contracted services		2,900		3,000	1,223	1,777
Rent, utilities and maintenance		125,391		123,391	100,625	22,766
Interdepartmental allocations				3,250	2,137	1,113
Asset acquisitions		20,000		11,929	11,929	
Total expenditures		4,687,640		4,483,351	4,437,822	45,529
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(642,140)	\$	(437,851)	\$ (772,442)	\$ (334,591)

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:					_		
Elected officials' fines and fees	\$	7,549,130	\$	7,549,130	\$	6,521,426	\$ (1,027,704)
Other revenue		75,432		75,432		130,247	 54,815
Total revenues		7,624,562		7,624,562		6,651,673	 (972,889)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		4,862,767		4,509,961		4,508,375	1,586
Other compensation		95,372		43,828		31,907	11,921
Fringe benefits		1,404,700		1,302,706		1,301,772	934
Supplies		245,938		257,938		197,726	60,212
Services		256,090		253,090		188,551	64,539
Professional and contracted services		40,500		42,000		34,201	7,799
Rent, utilities and maintenance		227,081		219,776		141,550	78,226
Interdepartmental allocations				3,889		1,044	2,845
Asset acquisitions		32,284		17,284			17,284
Total expenditures		7,164,732		6,650,472		6,405,126	245,346
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	459,830	\$	974,090	\$	246,547	\$ (727,543)

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original Final		 Actual Amounts		⁷ ariance	
Revenues:					 		
Elected officials' fines and fees	\$	520,000	\$	520,000	\$ 497,310	\$	(22,690)
Total revenues		520,000		520,000	497,310		(22,690)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		374,427		352,802	352,640		162
Fringe benefits		117,589		103,002	102,971		31
Supplies		31,045		29,337	29,337		
Services		9,500		11,331	11,331		
Professional and contracted services		2,500		1,740	1,740		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		14,500		17,566	17,566		
Asset acquisitions		2,000					
Total expenditures		551,561		515,778	515,585		193
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(31,561)	\$	4,222	\$ (18,275)	\$	(22,497)

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance	
Revenues:	_						_	
State revenue	\$	550,000	\$	550,000	\$	673,895	\$	123,895
Elected officials' fines and fees		900,000		900,000		566,172		(333,828)
Total revenues		1,450,000		1,450,000		1,240,067		(209,933)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		2,898,876		2,623,654		2,623,129		525
Other compensation		11,500		12,500		11,822		678
Fringe benefits		842,760		759,784		758,924		860
Supplies		155,150		144,840		109,901		34,939
Services		83,750		84,950		65,847		19,103
Professional and contracted services		131,000		122,617		111,397		11,220
Rent, utilities and maintenance		50,500		48,000		21,215		26,785
Interdepartmental allocations				8,100		6,924		1,176
Total expenditures		4,173,536		3,804,445		3,709,159		95,286
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(2,723,536)		(2,354,445)		(2,469,092)		(114,647)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out				(2,310)		(2,277)		33
Total other financing sources (uses)				(2,310)		(2,277)		33
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(2,723,536)	\$	(2,356,755)	\$	(2,471,369)	\$	(114,614)

	Budgeted Amounts						
	(Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:	<u> </u>	·					 _
Local revenue	\$	218,600	\$	218,600	\$	196,957	\$ (21,643)
State revenue		100,000		750			(750)
Other revenue		6,000		6,000		4,282	(1,718)
Total revenues		324,600		225,350		201,239	 (24,111)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		8,144,860		7,858,705		7,858,705	
Other compensation		25,000		68,354		68,354	
Fringe benefits		2,354,586		2,185,217		2,185,217	
Supplies		657,294		607,412		534,861	72,551
Services		65,365		73,065		57,635	15,430
Professional and contracted services		956,456		949,233		928,559	20,674
Rent, utilities and maintenance		788,400		894,425		841,952	52,473
Interdepartmental allocations				11,000		10,498	502
Asset acquisitions				6,000			6,000
Total expenditures		12,991,961		12,653,411		12,485,781	167,630
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(12,667,361)		(12,428,061)		(12,284,542)	143,519
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		1,284,596		1,383,846		1,383,251	(595)
Transfers out		(91,487)		(151,106)		(126,224)	24,882
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,193,109		1,232,740		1,257,027	24,287
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(11,474,252)	\$	(11,195,321)	\$	(11,027,515)	\$ 167,806

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Va	riance
Expenditures:								
Salaries	\$	(3,980,976)	\$		\$		\$	
Contingencies and restrictions		372,658						
Total expenditures		(3,608,318)						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	3,608,318	\$		\$		\$	

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	 Actual Amounts		ariance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	5,500	\$	5,500	\$ 4,846	\$	(654)
Total revenues		5,500		5,500	4,846		(654)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		733,167		702,632	702,156		476
Other compensation		391,300		313,300	312,629		671
Fringe benefits		223,149		249,813	249,528		285
Supplies		65,650		90,650	71,347		19,303
Services		45,800		35,800	26,089		9,711
Professional and contracted services		100,000		94,307	63,797		30,510
Rent, utilities and maintenance		15,500		15,500	13,125		2,375
Asset acquisitions		50,600		35,600			35,600
Total expenditures		1,625,166		1,537,602	1,438,671		98,931
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(1,619,666)	\$	(1,532,102)	\$ (1,433,825)	\$	98,277

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	V	ariance
Expenditures:							
Salaries	\$	523,241	\$	516,241	\$ 515,946	\$	295
Fringe benefits		131,917		126,390	126,253		137
Supplies		23,500		23,500	17,358		6,142
Services		39,950		38,950	15,448		23,502
Rent, utilities and maintenance		4,300		5,300	2,713		2,587
Asset acquisitions		2,000		2,000			2,000
Total expenditures		724,908		712,381	677,718		34,663
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(724,908)	\$	(712,381)	\$ (677,718)	\$	34,663

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Actual Amounts		/ariance		
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	13,566	\$	8,566
State revenue		363,000		363,000		287,251		(75,749)
Total revenues		368,000		368,000		300,817		(67,183)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		6,476,731		6,263,317		6,262,873		444
Other compensation		127,700		64,700		64,426		274
Fringe benefits		1,843,689		1,674,662		1,674,071		591
Supplies		193,350		445,550		426,219		19,331
Services		134,501		194,501		144,148		50,353
Professional and contracted services		692,000		533,214		432,423		100,791
Rent, utilities and maintenance		300,000		249,411		219,715		29,696
Interdepartmental allocations				4,500		337		4,163
Asset acquisitions		115,000		59,000		58,988		12
Total expenditures		9,882,971		9,488,855		9,283,200		205,655
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(9,514,971)	\$	(9,120,855)	\$	(8,982,383)	\$	138,472

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Actual Amounts		⁷ ariance		
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	15,500	\$	15,500	\$	28,365	\$	12,865
State revenue		35,041		35,041		28,169		(6,872)
Federal revenue		10,000		32,467		12,035		(20,432)
Total revenues		60,541		83,008		68,569		(14,439)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		4,500,371		4,324,446		4,323,733		713
Other compensation				28,000		27,371		629
Fringe benefits		1,162,078		1,136,088		1,135,807		281
Supplies		163,274		158,886		158,886		
Services		43,125		52,687		52,687		
Professional and contracted services		36,399		22,046		22,046		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		135,829		129,298		129,298		
Interdepartmental allocations				19,761		19,761		
Total expenditures		6,041,076		5,871,212		5,869,589		1,623
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(5,980,535)		(5,788,204)		(5,801,020)		(12,816)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers out		(13,354)		(13,771)		(13,771)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(13,354)		(13,771)		(13,771)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	(5,993,889)	\$	(5,801,975)	\$	(5,814,791)	\$	(12,816)

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance		
Revenues:			_		_			
Elected officials' fines and fees	\$	8,429,946	\$	8,429,946	\$	8,484,184	\$	54,238
Other revenue		121,995		121,995		368,968		246,973
Total revenues		8,551,941		8,551,941		8,853,152		301,211
Expenditures:								
Salaries		2,865,237		2,764,220		2,763,947		273
Other compensation		26,472		7,172		6,803		369
Fringe benefits		917,724		852,524		852,262		262
Supplies		306,269		296,835		244,762		52,073
Services		169,243		130,743		80,947		49,796
Professional and contracted services		9,500		9,500		6,460		3,040
Rent, utilities and maintenance		177,732		192,021		138,150		53,871
Interdepartmental allocations				11,281		10,903		378
Asset acquisitions		18,320		14,320				14,320
Contingencies and restrictions		(26,365)						
Total expenditures		4,464,132		4,278,616		4,104,234		174,382
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	4,087,809	\$	4,273,325	\$	4,748,918	\$	475,593

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final	 Actual Amounts		/ariance
Revenues:							
Elected officials' fines and fees	\$	6,121,254	\$	6,121,254	\$ 6,560,978	\$	439,724
Other revenue		32,368		32,368	49,486		17,118
Total revenues		6,153,622		6,153,622	6,610,464		456,842
Expenditures:							
Salaries		1,048,005		1,029,534	1,029,427		107
Other compensation		31,925		31,425	30,741		684
Fringe benefits		307,316		282,183	281,470		713
Supplies		42,300		47,900	47,701		199
Services		5,050		8,150	6,331		1,819
Professional and contracted services		6,300		5,300			5,300
Rent, utilities and maintenance		40,450		40,450	24,028		16,422
Asset acquisitions		11,200		3,500			3,500
Total expenditures		1,492,546		1,448,442	1,419,698		28,744
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	4,661,076	\$	4,705,180	\$ 5,190,766	\$	485,586

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original	Final			Actual Amounts		/ariance
Revenues:			-	_				
Local revenue	\$	70,000	\$	70,000	\$	91,351	\$	21,351
Elected officials' fines and fees		17,708,172		17,808,172		17,746,171		(62,001)
Other revenue		40,000		40,000		484,089		444,089
Total revenues		17,818,172		17,918,172		18,321,611		403,439
Expenditures:								
Salaries		3,075,065		3,148,679		3,148,679		
Other compensation		40,127		30,626		30,626		
Fringe benefits		786,218		766,018		766,018		
Supplies		580,225		630,706		630,706		
Services		191,039		234,575		234,575		
Professional and contracted services		361,736		408,069		408,069		
Rent, utilities and maintenance		283,994		346,800		346,800		
Interdepartmental allocations				1,186		1,186		
Asset acquisitions		248,066		132,207		132,207		
Total expenditures		5,566,470		5,698,866		5,698,866		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$	12,251,702	\$	12,219,306	\$	12,622,745	\$	403,439

Grants Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Type For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Ominimal		Final		Actual		Variance
Revenues:		Original		Finai		Amounts		variance
Local revenue	\$	13,121,731	\$	12,878,263	\$	6,092,890	\$	(6,785,373)
State revenue	Ψ	57,897,951	Ψ	79,371,700	Ψ	51,807,203	Ψ	(27,564,497)
Federal revenue		32,524,247		36,975,784		26,469,182		(10,506,602)
Patient service revenue		1,791,800		1,791,800		1,514,519		(277,281)
Other revenue		634,838		638,007		493,369		(144,638)
Total revenues		105,970,567		131,655,554		86,377,163		(45,278,391)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		37,807,601		39,514,262		34,072,001		5,442,261
Other compensation		239,865		717,664		549,934		167,730
Fringe benefits		10,278,298		11,819,620		10,036,390		1,783,230
Supplies		3,071,155		11,697,081		4,269,453		7,427,628
Services		7,178,563		8,703,666		3,838,432		4,865,234
Professional and contracted services		41,880,315		41,584,040		25,596,897		15,987,143
Rent, utilities and maintenance		4,775,549		6,210,466		5,368,652		841,814
Interdepartmental allocations		(143,303)		21,064		9,154		11,910
Intergovernmental expenditures		1,000		1,000				1,000
Asset acquisitions		510,817		10,707,257		446,449		10,260,808
Contingencies and restrictions		12,553		30,295				30,295
Total expenditures		105,612,413		131,006,415		84,187,362		46,819,053
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		358,154		649,139		2,189,801		1,540,662
Other Financing Sources (uses):								
Transfers in		4,352,803		4,949,079		3,334,941		(1,614,138)
Transfers out		(5,725,245)		(6,612,506)		(5,383,212)		1,229,294
Planned change in fund balance		1,014,288		1,014,288				(1,014,288)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(358,154)		(649,139)		(2,048,271)		(1,399,132)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and								
other financing sources over (under)								
expenditures and other financing uses	\$		\$		\$	141,530	\$	141,530

Grants Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Department For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
evenues:			
General government			
Personnel	\$ 648,337	\$ 607,480	\$ (40,857)
Finance	185,166	93,836	(91,330)
	833,503	701,316	(132,187)
Planning & development			
Economic and Resource Management	2,047,946	785,753	(1,262,193)
Department of Housing	10,448,320	2,868,261	(7,580,059)
Department of Regional Services	4,590,030	2,118,526	(2,471,504)
	17,086,296	5,772,540	(11,313,756)
Public works			
County Engineer	240,391	240,391	
Emergency Services	16,531,190	464,595	(16,066,595)
Environmental Improvement	754,735	669,583	(85,152)
Chickasaw Basin Authority	89,407	43,577	(45,830)
Roads and Bridges	243,874	243,299	(575)
	17,859,597	1,661,445	(16,198,152)
Corrections			
Corrections Administration	455,520	371,598	(83,922)
	455,520	371,598	(83,922)
Health services			
Administration and Finance - Health Services	917,800	917,800	
Environmental Health Services	2,379,106	2,129,213	(249,893)
Personal Health Services	24,104,292	18,238,774	(5,865,518)
Assessment and Assurance	2,229,399	1,024,863	(1,204,536)
	29,630,597	22,310,650	(7,319,947)
Community services			
Community Services Administration	8,997,262	8,600,165	(397,097)
Headstart	25,767,714	22,228,791	(3,538,923)
Special Funded Projects	86,700	85,000	(1,700)
Victims Assistance Center	349,355	289,834	(59,521)
Pretrial Services	296,495	236,879	(59,616)
Aging Commission of the Mid-South	9,026,113	5,512,229	(3,513,884)
	44,523,639	36,952,898	(7,570,741)
Law enforcement			
Sheriff	680,994	516,748	(164,246)
	680,994	516,748	(164,246)
	000,774	310,740	(contin

Grants Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Department (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

Judicial	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
General Sessions Criminal Court Judges	\$ 313,678	\$ 256,131	\$ (57,547)
Juvenile Court	19,138,469	16,805,872	(2,332,597)
varenite court	19,452,147	17,062,003	(2,390,144)
			
Other elected officials	1 122 261	1.005.065	(105.000)
Attorney General	1,133,261	1,027,965	(105,296)
	1,133,261	1,027,965	(105,296)
Total revenues	131,655,554	86,377,163	(45,278,391)
Expenditures:			
General government			
Personnel	770,022	734,521	35,501
Finance	185,166	93,836	91,330
	955,188	828,357	126,831
Planning & dayslanment			
Planning & development Economic and Resource Management	1 707 046	525 752	1 262 102
	1,797,946	535,753	1,262,193
Department of Housing Department of Regional Services	11,480,108 4,985,490	2,663,887 2,373,198	8,816,221 2,612,292
Department of Regional Services	18,263,544	5,572,838	12,690,706
Public works			
County Engineer	227,438	227,438	
Emergency Services	16,531,190	464,595	16,066,595
Environmental Improvement	767,330	674,583	92,747
Chickasaw Basin Authority	54,237	8,407	45,830
Roads and Bridges	243,874	243,299	575
	17,824,069	1,618,322	16,205,747
Corrections			
Corrections Administration	463,630	371,598	92,032
Corroctions Administration	463,630	371,598	92,032
Health services			
Environmental Health Services	3,440,297	2,930,204	510,093
Personal Health Services	22,976,644	17,291,976	5,684,668
Assessment and Assurance	2,311,750	1,098,150	1,213,600
	28,728,691	21,320,330	7,408,361
			(continued)

Grants Fund
Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Department (continued)
For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
Community services			
Community Services Administration	\$ 9,005,938	\$ 8,609,041	\$ 396,897
Headstart	25,767,714	22,228,791	3,538,923
Special Funded Projects	86,700	85,000	1,700
Victims Assistance Center	415,968	361,052	54,916
Pretrial Services	327,821	262,385	65,436
Aging Commission of the Mid-South	9,170,019	5,656,135	3,513,884
	44,774,160	37,202,404	7,571,756
Law enforcement			
Sheriff	756,511	558,562	197,949
	756,511	558,562	197,949
Judicial			
General Sessions Criminal Court Judges	339,861	276,370	63,491
Juvenile Court	17,753,729	15,396,845	2,356,884
	18,093,590	15,673,215	2,420,375
Other elected officials			
Attorney General	1,147,032	1,041,736	105,296
Attorney General	1,147,032	1,041,736	105,296
Total expenditures	131,006,415	84,187,362	46,819,053
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	649,139	2,189,801	1,540,662
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers in			
Personnel	136,095	129,165	(6,930)
Department of Housing	384,709	42,241	(342,468)
Department of Regional Services	685,850	410,809	(275,041)
Environmental Improvement	12,595	5,000	(7,595)
Corrections Administration	8,110		(8,110)
Environmental Health Services	1,452,098	1,182,199	(269,899)
Personal Health Services	1,036,855	889,665	(147,190)
Assessment and Assurance	101,406	79,657	(21,749)
Community Services Administration	10,418	10,355	(63)
Victims Assistance Center	66,613	71,218	4,605
Pretrial Services	31,326	25,506	(5,820)
Aging Commission of the Mid-South	756,427	287,078	(469,349)
Sheriff	75,517	41,814	(33,703)
General Sessions Criminal Court Judges	26,183	20,239	(5,944)
Juvenile Court	151,106	126,224	(24,882)
Attorney General	13,771	13,771	
Total transfers in	4,949,079	3,334,941	(1,614,138)
			(continued)

Grants Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule-Summary By Department (continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance
Transfers out						
Personnel	\$	(14,410)	\$	(2,124)	\$	12,286
Economic and Resource Management		(250,000)		(250,000)		
Department of Housing		(367,209)		(105,085)		262,124
Department of Regional Services		(290,390)		(156,137)		134,253
County Engineer		(12,953)		(12,953)		
Chickasaw Basin Authority		(35,170)		(35,170)		
Administration and Finance - Health Services		(917,800)		(917,800)		
Environmental Health Services		(390,907)		(381,208)		9,699
Personal Health Services		(2,164,503)		(1,836,463)		328,040
Assessment and Assurance		(19,055)		(6,370)		12,685
Community Services Administration		(1,742)		(1,479)		263
Aging Commission of the Mid-South		(612,521)		(143,172)		469,349
Juvenile Court		(1,535,846)		(1,535,251)		595
Total transfers out		(6,612,506)		(5,383,212)		1,229,294
Planned change in fund balance						
Department of Housing		1,014,288				(1,014,288)
Total planned change in fund balance		1,014,288				(1,014,288)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(649,139)		(2,048,271)		(1,399,132)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues &						
other financing sources over (under)	\$		¢.	141.520	¢	141 520
expenditures & other financing uses	D		\$	141,530	\$	141,530

		Budgete	d Amou					
	Or	riginal		Final	1	Actual Amounts	V	ariance
Revenues:								
Federal revenue	\$		\$	644,337	\$	590,947	\$	(53,390)
Other revenue				4,000		16,533		12,533
Total revenues				648,337		607,480		(40,857)
Expenditures:								
Professional and contracted services				770,022		734,521		35,501
Total expenditures				770,022		734,521		35,501
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures				(121,685)		(127,041)		(5,356)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in				136,095		129,165		(6,930)
Transfers out				(14,410)		(2,124)		12,286
Total other financing sources (uses)				121,685		127,041		5,356
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

		Budgeted	l Amoui	nts			
	Original Final			Actual mounts	Variance		
Revenues:							
State revenue	\$	185,102	\$	185,166	\$ 93,836	\$	(91,330)
Total revenues		185,102		185,166	93,836		(91,330)
Expenditures:							
Professional and contracted services		185,102		185,166	93,836		91,330
Total expenditures		185,102		185,166	93,836		91,330
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	

	Budgeted	ints			
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:					
Local revenue	\$ 2,048,451	\$	2,047,946	\$ 785,753	\$ (1,262,193)
Total revenues	 2,048,451		2,047,946	785,753	 (1,262,193)
Expenditures:					
Salaries	332,753		332,753	235,464	97,289
Fringe benefits	75,706		75,706	53,552	22,154
Supplies	24,400		24,400	5,912	18,488
Services	22,500		22,500	5,996	16,504
Professional and contracted services	1,321,592		1,321,592	219,513	1,102,079
Rent, utilities and maintenance	21,500		20,995	15,316	5,679
Total expenditures	1,798,451		1,797,946	 535,753	1,262,193
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	 250,000		250,000	 250,000	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers out	(250,000)		(250,000)	(250,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(250,000)		(250,000)	(250,000)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original Final		Final	-	Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	657,947	\$	657,947	\$	322,200	\$ (335,747)
State revenue		2,656,692		2,656,692		24,880	(2,631,812)
Federal revenue		7,063,239		7,133,681		2,422,437	(4,711,244)
Other revenue						98,744	 98,744
Total revenues		10,377,878		10,448,320		2,868,261	(7,580,059)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		404,217		401,954		386,696	15,258
Fringe benefits		123,548		125,811		117,776	8,035
Supplies		27,501		27,995		4,619	23,376
Services		3,908,008		3,908,008		60,454	3,847,554
Professional and contracted services		6,944,638		7,014,586		2,094,342	4,920,244
Rent, utilities and maintenance		1,754		1,754			1,754
Total expenditures		11,409,666		11,480,108		2,663,887	8,816,221
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(1,031,788)		(1,031,788)		204,374	 1,236,162
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		382,209		384,709		42,241	(342,468)
Transfers out		(364,709)		(367,209)		(105,085)	262,124
Planned change in fund balance		1,014,288		1,014,288			(1,014,288)
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,031,788		1,031,788		(62,844)	(1,094,632)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$	141,530	\$ 141,530

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts		Variance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	60,000	\$	60,000	\$		\$	(60,000)
State revenue		4,850,798		4,505,030		2,118,526		(2,386,504)
Federal revenue				25,000				(25,000)
Total revenues		4,910,798		4,590,030		2,118,526		(2,471,504)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		1,040,906		1,053,310		694,302		359,008
Other compensation				3,592		3,592		
Fringe benefits		266,287		250,291		176,273		74,018
Supplies		86,292		95,358		45,388		49,970
Services		151,400		187,447		62,227		125,220
Professional and contracted services		3,665,334		3,306,153		1,383,771		1,922,382
Rent, utilities and maintenance		39,000		36,300		7,645		28,655
Asset acquisitions		46,500		42,500				42,500
Contingencies and restrictions		10,539		10,539				10,539
Total expenditures		5,306,258		4,985,490		2,373,198		2,612,292
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(395,460)		(395,460)		(254,672)		140,788
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		685,850		685,850		410,809		(275,041)
Transfers out		(290,390)		(290,390)		(156,137)		134,253
Total other financing sources (uses)		395,460		395,460		254,672		(140,788)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other	•		•		•		Φ.	
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts				
	(Original		Final	Actual Amounts		\	/ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	156,322	\$	12,953	\$	(44,069)	\$	(57,022)
State revenue		450,000		227,438		284,460		57,022
Total revenues		606,322		240,391		240,391		
Expenditures:								
Professional and contracted services		606,322		227,438		227,438		
Total expenditures		606,322		227,438		227,438		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				12,953		12,953		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out				(12,953)		(12,953)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				(12,953)		(12,953)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

	Budgeted Amounts							
	(Original		Final		Actual mounts	Variance	
Revenues:								
State revenue	\$	150,000	\$	16,531,190	\$	464,595	\$	(16,066,595)
Total revenues		150,000		16,531,190		464,595		(16,066,595)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		45,621		202,124		90,101		112,023
Fringe benefits		12,192		46,583		19,854		26,729
Supplies		71,187		4,817,487		39,034		4,778,453
Services		18,000		267,441		51,842		215,599
Professional and contracted services				1,991,939				1,991,939
Rent, utilities and maintenance		3,000		3,516		3,511		5
Interdepartmental allocations				5,000		(1,680)		6,680
Asset acquisitions				9,197,100		261,933		8,935,167
Total expenditures		150,000		16,531,190		464,595		16,066,595
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

		Budgeted	l Amour					
	(Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance	
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	72,766	\$	72,766	\$	99,328	\$	26,562
State revenue		568,429		681,969		570,255		(111,714)
Total revenues		641,195		754,735		669,583		(85,152)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		57,686		57,686		57,686		
Fringe benefits		20,207		20,207		20,207		
Supplies		2,205		1,652				1,652
Professional and contracted services		596,202		687,232		596,690		90,542
Interdepartmental allocations				553				553
Total expenditures		676,300		767,330		674,583		92,747
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(35,105)		(12,595)		(5,000)		7,595
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in		35,105		12,595		5,000		(7,595)
Total other financing sources (uses)		35,105		12,595		5,000		(7,595)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

		Budgeted	l Amour				
	(Original		Final	Actual mounts	Variance	
Revenues:							
Other revenue	\$	87,772	\$	89,407	\$ 43,577	\$	(45,830)
Total revenues		87,772		89,407	 43,577		(45,830)
Expenditures:							
Supplies		6,810		6,810	3,228		3,582
Services		18,792		20,427	468		19,959
Professional and contracted services		22,000		22,000	4,711		17,289
Rent, utilities and maintenance		5,000		5,000			5,000
Total expenditures		52,602		54,237	8,407		45,830
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		35,170		35,170	 35,170		
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers out		(35,170)		(35,170)	(35,170)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(35,170)		(35,170)	(35,170)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts				
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance		
Revenues:								
State revenue	\$	378,525	\$	243,874	\$	243,299	\$	(575)
Total revenues		378,525		243,874		243,299		(575)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		210,069		174,916		174,916		
Fringe benefits		67,209		54,385		54,385		
Supplies		34,495		1,347		1,347		
Services		10,260		1,776		1,774		2
Professional and contracted services		35,912		11,450		10,877		573
Rent, utilities and maintenance		20,580						
Total expenditures		378,525		243,874		243,299		575
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts			
	(Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance	
Revenues:							
State revenue	\$		\$	58,052	\$ 40,556	\$	(17,496)
Federal revenue		373,412		397,468	 331,042		(66,426)
Total revenues		373,412		455,520	371,598		(83,922)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		57,380		57,380	57,373		7
Fringe benefits		15,964		15,964	15,766		198
Supplies		15,206		46,875	22,788		24,087
Services		7,500		8,500	3,003		5,497
Professional and contracted services		274,062		311,978	269,670		42,308
Rent, utilities and maintenance		3,300		6,540	2,998		3,542
Asset acquisitions				16,393			16,393
Total expenditures		373,412		463,630	371,598		92,032
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures				(8,110)	 		8,110
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in				8,110			(8,110)
Total other financing sources (uses)				8,110			(8,110)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	

Grants Fund Administration and Finance - Health Services Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the Year Ended June 30, 2005

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original			Final		Actual Amounts	Va	riance
Revenues: State revenue	¢	917,800	\$	917,800	¢	917,800	\$	
Total revenues	\$	917,800	3	917,800	3	917,800	.	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		917,800		917,800		917,800		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(917,800) (917,800)		(917,800) (917,800)		(917,800) (917,800)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other		(917,800)		(917,800)		(917,800)		
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Orig	ginal		Final		Actual Amounts		/ariance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$		\$		\$	6,500	\$	6,500
State revenue	1,	,159,200		1,480,165		1,446,642		(33,523)
Federal revenue		849,263		898,941		676,071		(222,870)
Total revenues	2,	,008,463		2,379,106		2,129,213		(249,893)
Expenditures:								
Salaries	1,	,684,696		1,591,235		1,531,737		59,498
Other compensation		10,895		10,895		1,505		9,390
Fringe benefits		441,675		423,273		396,526		26,747
Supplies		216,138		491,102		399,309		91,793
Services		122,040		108,468		70,500		37,968
Professional and contracted services		122,961		175,765		107,596		68,169
Rent, utilities and maintenance		165,035		334,636		256,210		78,426
Interdepartmental allocations				12,750		6,261		6,489
Asset acquisitions		314,000		292,173		160,560		131,613
Total expenditures	3,	,077,440		3,440,297		2,930,204		510,093
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures	(1,	,068,977)		(1,061,191)		(800,991)		260,200
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	1,	,452,098		1,452,098		1,182,199		(269,899)
Transfers out	((383,121)		(390,907)		(381,208)		9,699
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,	,068,977		1,061,191		800,991		(260,200)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	•		¢		¢		¢	
sources over expenditures and other uses	φ		Φ		Φ		Ф	

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	7,821,352	\$	7,831,728	\$	4,552,861	\$ (3,278,867)
State revenue		11,245,725		12,874,448		11,560,863	(1,313,585)
Federal revenue		1,060,721		1,238,984		449,065	(789,919)
Patient service revenue		1,791,800		1,791,800		1,514,519	(277,281)
Other revenue		400,000		367,332		161,466	(205,866)
Total revenues		22,319,598		24,104,292		18,238,774	(5,865,518)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		14,178,273		14,776,521		11,668,013	3,108,508
Other compensation		150,490		227,496		197,721	29,775
Fringe benefits		4,427,966		4,279,003		3,356,990	922,013
Supplies		1,335,284		1,773,440		981,750	791,690
Services		326,534		531,711		264,915	266,796
Professional and contracted services		494,822		761,927		375,152	386,775
Rent, utilities and maintenance		542,429		600,311		458,649	141,662
Interdepartmental allocations				23,650		(11,214)	34,864
Asset acquisitions		2,585		2,585			2,585
Total expenditures		21,458,383		22,976,644		17,291,976	5,684,668
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		861,215		1,127,648		946,798	 (180,850)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		705,044		1,036,855		889,665	(147,190)
Transfers out		(1,566,259)		(2,164,503)		(1,836,463)	328,040
Total other financing sources (uses)		(861,215)		(1,127,648)		(946,798)	180,850
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$

	Budgeted Amounts						
	(Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$		\$	10,000	\$	4,666	\$ (5,334)
State revenue		999,200		1,236,324		770,414	(465,910)
Federal revenue		299,769		983,075		249,783	(733,292)
Total revenues		1,298,969		2,229,399		1,024,863	 (1,204,536)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		289,911		293,118		219,340	73,778
Fringe benefits		65,850		68,438		50,011	18,427
Supplies		22,231		48,543		34,002	14,541
Services		12,289		44,587		14,994	29,593
Professional and contracted services		939,010		1,783,464		726,387	1,057,077
Rent, utilities and maintenance		44,240		67,100		53,416	13,684
Asset acquisitions		6,500		6,500			6,500
Total expenditures		1,380,031		2,311,750		1,098,150	1,213,600
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		(81,062)		(82,351)		(73,287)	 9,064
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		98,525		101,406		79,657	(21,749)
Transfers out		(17,463)		(19,055)		(6,370)	12,685
Total other financing sources (uses)		81,062		82,351		73,287	(9,064)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	,	Variance
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$	69,557	\$	19,680	\$		\$	(19,680)
State revenue		8,701,263		8,967,432		8,590,015		(377,417)
Other revenue				10,150		10,150		
Total revenues		8,770,820		8,997,262		8,600,165		(397,097)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		1,809,325		1,778,852		1,655,261		123,591
Fringe benefits		567,561		537,380		497,197		40,183
Supplies		152,061		130,771		68,822		61,949
Services		2,039,491		2,701,358		2,589,834		111,524
Professional and contracted services		1,572,669		1,308,599		1,255,069		53,530
Rent, utilities and maintenance		2,762,104		2,653,740		2,592,875		60,865
Interdepartmental allocations		(143,303)		(132,673)		(67,016)		(65,657)
Asset acquisitions		10,912		27,911		16,999		10,912
Total expenditures		8,770,820		9,005,938		8,609,041		396,897
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures				(8,676)		(8,876)		(200)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		3,216		10,418		10,355		(63)
Transfers out		(3,216)		(1,742)		(1,479)		263
Total other financing sources (uses)				8,676		8,876		200
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other								
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

	Budgeted	Amou	unts		
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance
Revenues:					
State revenue	\$ 	\$	1,731,324	\$ 1,733,321	\$ 1,997
Federal revenue	 21,500,000		24,036,390	 20,495,470	 (3,540,920)
Total revenues	 21,500,000		25,767,714	22,228,791	 (3,538,923)
Expenditures:					
Salaries	8,723,734		8,976,607	8,976,607	
Other compensation			29,835	29,686	149
Fringe benefits	1,681,950		2,947,360	2,946,891	469
Supplies	666,566		3,216,536	1,909,243	1,307,293
Services	362,774		694,129	581,403	112,726
Professional and contracted services	9,358,536		6,864,648	6,280,976	583,672
Rent, utilities and maintenance	588,120		1,846,633	1,426,802	419,831
Interdepartmental allocations			86,950	70,226	16,724
Asset acquisitions	118,320		1,105,016	6,957	1,098,059
Total expenditures	21,500,000		25,767,714	22,228,791	3,538,923
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other					
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$

Budgeted Amounts								
(Original		Final			V	Variance	
\$	61,200	\$		\$		\$		
	86,700		86,700		85,000		(1,700)	
	549,661							
	697,561		86,700		85,000		(1,700)	
	884							
	4,556							
	726,780		86,700		85,000		1,700	
	732,220		86,700		85,000		1,700	
	(34,659)							
	34,659							
	34,659							
\$		\$		s		\$		
		Original \$ 61,200 86,700 549,661 697,561 884 4,556 726,780 732,220 (34,659) 34,659	Original \$ 61,200 \$ 86,700 549,661 697,561 884 4,556 726,780 732,220 (34,659) 34,659	Original Final \$ 61,200 \$ 86,700 86,700 549,661 697,561 86,700 884 726,780 86,700 732,220 86,700 (34,659) 34,659 34,659	Original Final A \$ 61,200 \$ \$ \$ 86,700 \$ 86,700 \$ 86,700 \$ 86,700 \$ 697,561 \$ 86,700 \$ 86,700 \$ 884 726,780 \$ 86,700 \$ 732,220 \$ 86,700 \$ 86,700 \$ 34,659 34,659 34,659 \$ 34,659 34,659 34,659	Original Final Actual Amounts \$ 61,200 \$ \$ \$ 66,700 \$ 85,000 549,661 697,561 \$ 86,700 \$ 85,000 884 4,556 726,780 \$ 86,700 \$ 85,000 732,220 \$ 86,700 \$ 85,000 (34,659) 34,659 34,659	Original Final Actual Amounts Value \$ 61,200 \$ \$ \$ 85,000 \$ 86,700 \$ 85,000 \$ 85,000 \$ 697,561 \$ 86,700 \$ 85,000 \$ 884 \$ 726,780 \$ 86,700 \$ 85,000 \$ 732,220 \$ 86,700 \$ 85,000	

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	\	⁷ ariance
Revenues:								
State revenue	\$	195,755	\$	195,755	\$	188,620	\$	(7,135)
Federal revenue		89,495		153,600		101,214		(52,386)
Total revenues		285,250		349,355		289,834		(59,521)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		266,353		271,091		264,763		6,328
Fringe benefits		77,080		79,291		73,868		5,423
Supplies		204		9,423		4,060		5,363
Services		300		12,903		12,361		542
Professional and contracted services		230		37,646		6,000		31,646
Rent, utilities and maintenance				3,600				3,600
Contingencies and restrictions		2,014		2,014				2,014
Total expenditures		346,181		415,968		361,052		54,916
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(60,931)		(66,613)		(71,218)		(4,605)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		60,931		66,613		71,218		4,605
Total other financing sources (uses)		60,931		66,613		71,218		4,605
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

		Budgetee	d Amour	nts					
	(Original		Final		Actual Amounts	V	Variance	
Revenues:	_				·				
State revenue	\$		\$	195,495	\$	140,054	\$	(55,441)	
Federal revenue		101,000		101,000		96,825		(4,175)	
Total revenues		101,000		296,495		236,879		(59,616)	
Expenditures:									
Salaries		77,075		231,714		199,242		32,472	
Fringe benefits		20,904		67,437		57,253		10,184	
Supplies		1,021		8,928		5,322		3,606	
Services		2,000		1,900		568		1,332	
Professional and contracted services				100				100	
Contingencies and restrictions				17,742				17,742	
Total expenditures		101,000		327,821		262,385		65,436	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
expenditures				(31,326)		(25,506)		5,820	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers in				31,326		25,506		(5,820)	
Total other financing sources (uses)				31,326		25,506		(5,820)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$		

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	 Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:						
Local revenue	\$	2,011,079	\$	2,011,079	\$ 215,539	\$ (1,795,540)
State revenue		7,056,967		7,015,034	 5,296,690	 (1,718,344)
Total revenues		9,068,046		9,026,113	5,512,229	(3,513,884)
Expenditures:						
Salaries		1,902,636		1,891,029	1,038,943	852,086
Other compensation				11,607	11,607	
Fringe benefits		464,896		464,896	279,513	185,383
Supplies		101,559		236,926	95,047	141,879
Services		138,840		115,905	42,514	73,391
Professional and contracted services		6,386,917		6,200,866	4,001,439	2,199,427
Rent, utilities and maintenance		211,104		213,336	181,670	31,666
Interdepartmental allocations				17,659	5,402	12,257
Intergovernmental expenditures		1,000		1,000		1,000
Asset acquisitions		5,000		16,795		16,795
Total expenditures		9,211,952		9,170,019	 5,656,135	 3,513,884
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over						
expenditures		(143,906)		(143,906)	 (143,906)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		756,427		756,427	287,078	(469,349)
Transfers out		(612,521)		(612,521)	(143,172)	469,349
Total other financing sources (uses)		143,906		143,906	143,906	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$ 	\$

	Budgeted Amounts							
	(Original		Final		Actual amounts	Variance	
Revenues:								
Local revenue	\$		\$	26,135	\$	26,135	\$	
State revenue				19,936				(19,936)
Federal revenue		164,843		634,923		490,613		(144,310)
Total revenues		164,843		680,994		516,748		(164,246)
Expenditures:								
Salaries		61,369		139,361		135,613		3,748
Other compensation		78,480		413,707		285,971		127,736
Fringe benefits		12,458		35,935		34,391		1,544
Supplies		17,572		136,857		73,018		63,839
Services		1,929		25,775		25,023		752
Professional and contracted services				300		254		46
Rent, utilities and maintenance				4,292		4,292		
Asset acquisitions		7,000		284				284
Total expenditures		178,808		756,511		558,562		197,949
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		(13,965)		(75,517)		(41,814)		33,703
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in		13,965		75,517		41,814		(33,703)
Total other financing sources (uses)		13,965		75,517		41,814		(33,703)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$	

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts			
	Original			Final	Actual Amounts	V	ariance
Revenues:							
Local revenue	\$	163,057	\$	78,029	\$ 73,977	\$	(4,052)
Federal revenue		179,399		235,649	182,154		(53,495)
Total revenues		342,456		313,678	256,131		(57,547)
Expenditures:							
Professional and contracted services		362,389		339,861	276,370		63,491
Total expenditures		362,389		339,861	276,370		63,491
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(19,933)		(26,183)	(20,239)		5,944
Other financing sources (uses):		10.022		26.102	20.220		(7.044)
Transfers in		19,933		26,183	 20,239		(5,944)
Total other financing sources (uses)		19,933		26,183	 20,239		(5,944)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	

	Budgeted Amounts						
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 Variance
Revenues:							
State revenue	\$	17,880,538	\$	19,073,297	\$	16,756,532	\$ (2,316,765)
Federal revenue		58,031		44,772		44,110	(662)
Other revenue		20,400		20,400		5,230	(15,170)
Total revenues		17,958,969		19,138,469		16,805,872	 (2,332,597)
Expenditures:							
Salaries		6,257,122		6,636,776		6,070,653	566,123
Other compensation				13,445		13,445	
Fringe benefits		1,835,924		2,176,435		1,741,727	434,708
Supplies		249,177		576,010		529,973	46,037
Services		21,850		33,523		33,248	275
Professional and contracted services		8,073,767		7,940,520		6,678,171	1,262,349
Rent, utilities and maintenance		328,020		377,020		329,628	47,392
Total expenditures		16,765,860		17,753,729		15,396,845	2,356,884
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
expenditures		1,193,109		1,384,740		1,409,027	 24,287
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in		91,487		151,106		126,224	(24,882)
Transfers out		(1,284,596)		(1,535,846)		(1,535,251)	595
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,193,109)		(1,384,740)		(1,409,027)	(24,287)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other							
sources over expenditures and other uses	\$		\$		\$		\$

 Budgeted	l Amour					
 Original		Final				Variance
\$ 	\$,	\$,	\$	
,		,		,		(7,734)
235,414		447,964		339,451		(108,513)
 126,666		146,718		157,669		10,951
 777,337		1,133,261		1,027,965		(105,296)
408,475		647,835		615,291		32,544
		7,087		6,407		680
100,921		151,225		144,210		7,015
40,362		46,621		46,591		30
9,500		17,308		17,308		
191,070		234,088		169,114		64,974
40,363		35,693		35,640		53
		7,175		7,175		
790,691		1,147,032		1,041,736		105,296
 (13,354)		(13,771)		(13,771)		
 13,354		13,771		13,771		
 13,354		13,771		13,771		
\$ 	\$		\$		\$	
\$	Original \$ 415,257 235,414 126,666 7777,337 408,475 100,921 40,362 9,500 191,070 40,363 790,691 (13,354)	Original \$ \$ 415,257 235,414 126,666 7777,337 408,475 100,921 40,362 9,500 191,070 40,363 790,691 (13,354)	Original Final \$ \$ 50,000 415,257 488,579 235,414 447,964 126,666 146,718 777,337 1,133,261 408,475 647,835 7,087 100,921 151,225 40,362 46,621 9,500 17,308 191,070 234,088 40,363 35,693 7,175 790,691 1,147,032 (13,354) (13,771) 13,354 13,771 13,354 13,771	Original Final A \$ \$ 50,000 \$ 415,257 488,579 235,414 447,964 126,666 146,718 7777,337 1,133,261 447,964 147,964 147,964 147,964 147,964 147,964 147,964 147,964 147,964 147,964 147,964 147,987 147	Original Final Actual Amounts \$ \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 415,257 488,579 480,845 235,414 447,964 339,451 126,666 146,718 157,669 157,669 7777,337 1,133,261 1,027,965 1,027,965 408,475 647,835 615,291 7,087 6,407 6,407 100,921 151,225 144,210 40,362 46,621 46,591 9,500 17,308 17,308 17,308 191,070 234,088 169,114 40,363 35,693 35,640 7,175 1,147,032 1,041,736 (13,354) (13,771) (13,771) 13,771 13,354 13,771 13,771 13,771	Original Final Actual Amounts \$ \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$ 415,257 488,579 480,845 480,845 235,414 447,964 339,451 157,669 157,669 157,669 1777,337 1,133,261 1,027,965 1,02

General Government Expenditures-By Function (a)

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	 Government (c) (e)	De	evelopment (c) (e)	 Services (c)	s Hospital (d)		Works (c) (d) (e)		Corrections (d)		Health Services
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	\$ 47,869,422 40,552,778 37,861,902 38,626,942 41,436,565 63,648,357 63,763,042 67,839,075 64,587,817 49,398,999	\$	4,639,714 5,247,925 6,745,541 7,427,303 7,224,882 5,668,597 6,295,725 7,081,518 7,003,541 6,110,142	\$ 24,467,248 26,720,394 28,362,244 28,489,861 31,605,493 	\$	22,566,667 22,566,667 20,566,667	\$	13,240,732 16,541,875 16,624,504 14,330,388 13,251,687 24,797,879 15,555,328 15,046,104 20,598,076 29,854,200	\$	36,290,302 37,445,809 38,847,538 40,336,749 41,955,709 43,803,348 948,137 937,223 790,715 371,598	\$ 31,137,130 32,835,709 32,563,099 35,936,190 38,127,890 43,137,942 46,778,955 50,403,756 49,965,324 50,395,188
Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Community Services (c)	Eı	Law nforcement (e)	Judicial		Elected Officials		Education (b)		Debt Service	Total
1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	\$ 23,989,986 16,422,972 17,789,648 20,074,946 18,442,864 37,818,138 38,184,799 39,404,929 39,850,995 40,915,126	1 1 1	58,152,738 63,811,629 73,101,092 82,581,009 92,984,379 98,736,137 24,313,403 38,385,312 26,543,491 27,315,702	\$ 33,820,313 34,967,508 35,735,045 38,630,653 39,252,137 42,068,173 47,550,875 48,701,932 49,854,301 50,796,275	\$	18,671,807 19,391,679 21,918,075 23,504,739 25,611,144 26,431,595 27,409,270 29,025,383 29,492,482 30,277,134	\$	96,887,889 103,219,352 107,798,229 118,226,270 148,930,842 155,849,170 301,622,626 320,530,670 321,953,079 325,859,655	\$	59,093,425 67,094,810 65,538,510 74,440,591 90,691,122 96,392,082 97,367,068 111,552,970 118,312,085 135,778,881	\$ 448,260,706 464,252,440 482,885,427 522,605,641 589,514,714 638,351,418 792,355,895 851,475,539 851,518,573 867,639,567

- (a) Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds of the primary government.
- (b) Education expenditures are those made to the City of Memphis Board of Education and the County Board of Education. The County Board of Education operations are reported as a discrete component unit. Prior to 2002, payments to the County Board of Education were reported as transfers and are not included in this schedule.
- (c) Several organizational changes were made in 2001. The General Services Division was eliminated. Support Services, Information Technology, Purchasing, and Archives were moved to General Government. The Fire Department and Security and Internal Investigation were moved to Public Works. In addition, the Department of Housing was moved from Community Service to Planning and Development.
- (d) In 2002 the Fire Department, which had been reported in Public Works, and the Corrections Division were reclassified as Enterprise Funds. In addition, payments made to component units are recorded as expenditures. In prior years, these payments were reported as "transfers" and are not included in the amounts for prior years. The Hospital amount is a subsidy to the Shelby County Health Care Corporation.
- (e) Several additional changes were made in 2005. Most of the operations of the Security and Internal Investigation Department were transferred from Public Works to Law Enforcement, In addition, the County began reporting the non-grant activities of Planning and Development, except for Housing, in the Consolidated Codes Enforcement Fund (an enterprise fund): previously, these activities had been reported in the General Fund in the Division of Planning and Development. Support Services and Archives were reclassified from General Government to Public Works.

General Government Revenues-By Source (a)

Fiscal Year	Local Taxes	Local Revenue (b)	State Revenue (b)	Federal Revenue	Patient Service Revenue	Elected Officials' Fees and Fines	Other Revenue	Total
1996	\$ 310,487,333	\$ 22,867,991	\$ 86,771,698	\$ 13,823,538	\$ 5,512,186	\$ 55,024,996	\$ 14,463,589	\$ 508,951,331
1997	333,724,157	26,316,425	82,509,507	14,262,810	4,303,568	45,348,704	14,143,087	520,608,258
1998	349,910,099	26,177,144	85,388,351	16,191,632	3,758,762	47,138,374	21,145,820	549,710,182
1999	385,058,126	46,212,749	100,314,969	19,228,728	2,919,111	45,446,063	10,486,579	609,666,325
2000	472,996,777	46,447,747	99,290,642	20,425,229	467,043	45,931,497	8,155,409	693,714,344
2001	489,927,614	49,027,219	101,276,356	25,877,749	764,939	47,641,570	11,241,860	725,757,307
2002	604,609,455	37,101,233	70,259,167	27,185,094	1,058,773	54,284,328	16,971,962	811,470,012
2003	620,977,188	38,190,862	72,583,287	26,894,944	1,425,748	54,335,743	882,004	815,289,776
2004	664,790,308	41,431,765	76,601,027	25,492,483	2,300,228	56,302,503	2,979,646	869,897,960
2005	672,036,081	36,294,945	82,228,928	26,481,217	2,012,041	56,155,830	6,223,466	881,432,508

⁽a) Includes general, special revenue, and debt service funds of the primary government.

⁽b) In 2002 the Fire Department and the Corrections Division were reclassified as Enterprise Funds.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Collections in Subsequent Fiscal Years	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
1996	1995	\$ 271,627,330	\$ 264,078,750	97.22%	\$ 7,374,839	\$ 271,453,589	99.94%	\$ 173,741	0.06%
1997	1996	285,239,370	272,826,625	95.65%	12,160,582	284,987,207	99.91%	252,163	0.09%
1998	1997	295,888,850	287,884,320	97.29%	7,532,928	295,417,248	99.84%	471,602	0.16%
1999	1998	335,566,440	329,543,247	98.21%	5,207,788	334,751,035	99.76%	815,405	0.24%
2000	1999	436,464,617	412,703,834	94.56%	21,260,269	433,964,103	99.43%	2,500,514	0.57%
2001	2000	448,614,194	427,388,176	95.27%	18,335,302	445,723,478	99.36%	2,890,716	0.64%
2002	2001	551,510,523	523,851,896	94.98%	22,186,877	546,038,773	99.01%	5,471,750	0.99%
2003	2002	557,807,850	526,168,220	94.33%	24,519,210	550,687,430	98.72%	7,120,420	1.28%
2004	2003	598,864,458	570,445,227	95.25%	16,315,895	586,761,122	97.98%	12,103,336	2.02%
2005	2004	608,786,018	577,008,988	94.78%	N/A	577,008,988	94.78%	31,777,030	5.22%

Construction Permits

	Residential (a)		ntial (a)	Non-Ro	eside	ntial (a)	Total			
Fiscal	Number			Number		·	Number			
Year	Issued		Valuation	Issued		Valuation	Issued		Valuation	
1996	3,739	\$	504,368,000	243	\$	221,448,000	3,982	\$	725,816,000	
1997	2,818		481,106,000	294		148,666,000	3,112		629,772,000	
1998	3,249		498,104,000	310		295,349,000	3,559		793,453,000	
1999	3,340		547,688,000	316		300,075,000	3,656		847,763,000	
2000	3,536		699,617,000	282		312,661,000	3,818		1,012,278,000	
2001	2,952		562,424,000	298		398,745,000	3,250		961,169,000	
2002	2,933		495,182,000	224		164,008,000	3,157		659,190,000	
2003	5,869		617,962,241	3,320		488,286,488	9,189		1,106,248,729	
2004	8,814		937,235,962	4,103		550,535,705	12,917		1,487,771,667	
2005	7,548		853,874,938	4,241		507,365,298	11,789		1,361,240,236	

⁽a) Prior to 2003 residential data excluded hotels, motels, additions, alterations and conversions. In addition, non-residential data included only commercial non-residential buildings and excluded hazardous storage facilities, churches, garages, carports, educational facilities, swimming pools and other structures not buildings. Comparable data for years prior to 2003 is not available, nor is data for 2003 and later available on the former basis.

Assessed and Estimated Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Estimated Value	 Assessed Value (a)	Ratio of Assessed Value to Estimated Value (%)
1996	1995	\$ 30,097,061,877	\$ 9,210,870,498	30.60%
1997	1996	31,004,448,171	9,221,084,680	29.74%
1998	1997	32,453,638,136	9,500,973,159	29.28%
1999	1998	40,946,345,385	12,449,671,662	30.40%
2000	1999	41,975,150,505	12,778,458,443	30.44%
2001	2000	42,391,918,209	12,811,769,490	30.22%
2002	2001	50,160,658,560	14,964,374,530	29.83%
2003	2002	50,944,337,077	15,233,633,424	29.90%
2004	2003	51,170,258,665	15,190,065,325	29.69%
2005	2004	51,388,472,610	15,156,208,029	29.49%

(a) Assessed value is the most current tax year value prepared by the County Property Assessor as of year-end. The State of Tennessee tax statues classify property as follows for computing assessed valuations:

Real Estate-Residential and Farms	25% of actual value
Real Estate- Commercial and Industrial	40% of actual value
Personal Property-Commercial and Industrial	30% of actual value
Tennessee Public Service Real and Personal Property	55% of actual value

Property Tax Rates-Direct and Overlapping Governments

Fiscal Year (a)	Tax Year	eneral Fund	Education (b)		Debt Service Fund		7	Total (c)		Memphis, Tennessee (d)		Γotal
1996	1995	\$ 1.31	\$	1.51	\$	0.34	\$	3.16	\$	3.18	\$	6.34
1997	1996	1.31		1.51		0.34		3.16		3.18		6.34
1998	1997	1.31		1.51		0.34		3.16		3.18		6.34
1999	1998	1.17		1.35		0.30		2.82		2.77		5.59
2000	1999	1.38		1.65		0.51		3.54		2.77		6.31
2001	2000	1.31		1.69		0.54		3.54		3.37		6.91
2002	2001	1.25		2.03		0.51		3.79		3.23		7.02
2003	2002	1.25		2.03		0.51		3.79		3.23		7.02
2004	2003	1.43		2.03		0.58		4.04		3.23		7.27
2005	2004	1.31		2.03		0.70		4.04		3.23		7.27

- (a) Taxes assessed in one fiscal year are for the benefit of the following fiscal year.
- (b) The portion of property taxes designated for education are allocated between the Shelby County Board of Education and the City of Memphis Board of Education based on average daily attendance. Beginning in 2003 an additional \$0.05 tax rate funds only Rural School Bonds and is applied only to taxpayers living outside the City of Memphis. This additional \$0.05 is not included in this schedule.
- (c) Rates are applied per \$100 of assessed valuation.
- (d) The City of Memphis is considered an overlapping government because approximately three-fourths of the County's population resides in the City of Memphis. There are six other cities in the County which have been excluded from this schedule.

Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Population (in thousands)	Assessed Value (in millions)	Net Bonded Debt (in thousands)	Percentage of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
1996	1995	865.2	\$ 9,211	\$ 743,715	8.07%	\$ 859.59
1997	1996	871.5	9,221	725,285	7.87%	832.22
1998	1997	873.5	9,501	893,797	9.41%	1,023.29
1999	1998	865.9	12,450	887,994	7.13%	1,025.52
2000	1999	868.8	12,778	1,033,072	8.08%	1,189.08
2001	2000	897.5	12,812	996,907	7.78%	1,110.79
2002	2001	896.0	14,964	1,106,692	7.40%	1,235.13
2003	2002	903.2	15,234	1,220,172	8.01%	1,350.94
2004	2003	906.2	15,091	1,317,097	8.73%	1,453.43
2005	2004	908.2	15,156	1,537,190	10.14%	1,692.57

Tax Rate Limitations:

The ad valorem (real estate and personal property) tax levy is without legal limit. All prior limitations and restrictions, whether restrictive as to total dollar amount or restrictive as to specific uses or a combination of the two, were repealed under paragraph 67-643 of the Property Assessment and Classification Act of 1973 (TCA).

Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures For General Bonded Debt To General Government Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Bond Principal		Principal Interest		 Total Debt Service	Total General Government Expenditures	to Total General Government Expenditures		
1996	\$	19,815,000	\$	38,960,105	\$ 58,775,105	\$ 448,260,706	13.11%		
1997		21,970,000		42,722,765	64,692,765	464,252,440	13.93%		
1998		21,330,000		39,412,139	60,742,139	482,885,427	12.58%		
1999		27,390,000		42,490,486	69,880,486	552,605,641	12.65%		
2000		36,435,000		49,971,630	86,406,630	589,514,714	14.66%		
2001		40,585,000		51,093,014	91,678,014	638,351,418	14.36%		
2002		44,125,000		52,606,584	96,731,584	792,355,895	12.21%		
2003		49,650,000		61,404,778	111,054,778	851,475,539	13.04%		
2004		53,654,138		64,648,910	118,303,048	851,518,573	13.89%		
2005		57,560,007		66,695,921	124,299,928	867,639,567	14.33%		

Schedule of Direct and Overlapping Debt

June 30, 2005

Direct Debt	
Total bonded debt	\$ 1,537,189,948
Less debt service funds	29,241,588
Net direct debt	1,507,948,360
Overlapping Debt	
City of Memphis	901,952,000
City of Germantown	24,913,175
City of Bartlett	20,505,000
City of Collierville	26,170,430
Town of Arlington	105,000
Town of Millington	3,145,900
Total overlapping debt	976,791,505
Total direct and overlapping debt (a)	\$ 2,484,739,865

⁽a) The County has no legal debt margin.

Date of Incorporation	1819
Form of government	Mayor-Commission
Area	783 square miles
Number of municipalities in Shelby County	Seven

EDUCATION

	Shelby County	City of Memphis
Number of schools	46	191
Employees:		
Professional	3,159	8,527
Support	1,636	7,944
Enrollment	44,847	119,021

In addition, there are 119 private elementary and secondary schools with a total enrollment of 29,558.

TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS OF SHELBY COUNTY Fiscal 2005 Assessments

Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	A	Assessed Value	% of Total Assessed Value
Federal Express Corporation	Distribution Services	\$	366,735,073	2.42%
Bellsouth Telecommunications	Communications		182,464,170	1.20%
Belz Enterprises	Commercial Real Estate		83,166,650	0.55%
Wolfchase Galleria LTD PHSP	Retail Marketing		53,899,240	0.36%
Union Planters National Bank	Financial Services		35,762,770	0.24%
Amisub (SFH) Inc.	Health Care		32,889,680	0.22%
Northwest Airlines	Transportation		32,099,591	0.21%
Mid-American Apartment LP	Residential Real Estate		30,535,785	0.20%
First Tennessee Bank	Financial Services		28,294,175	0.19%
Premcor Refining Company	Oil Refining		24,646,770	0.16%
Total Assessed Valuation of Top Ten T	Taxpayers		870,493,904	5.74%
Balance of Assessed Valuation			14,285,714,125	94.26%
Total Assessed Valuation		\$	15,156,208,029	100.00%

(continued)

Demographic Statistics

<u>Year</u>	Population (a)	er Capita Income (f)	School Enrollment (c)
1995	865,918	\$ 25,301	155,519
1996	871,505	26,309	156,420
1997	873,458	27,246	159,538
1998	865,900	28,984	161,726
1999	868,800	29,803	162,370
2000	897,472	30,496	162,348
2001	896,013	31,916	163,169
2002	903,186	33,141	162,926
2003	906,178	34,087	163,897
2004	908,200	(g)	163,868

	Unemployment	Demand Deposits, Shelby County	Retail
Year	Rate (d)	Banks (a) (b) (e)	Sales (a) (b)
1995	4.9%	\$ 2,962,627,000	\$ 10,298,000,000
1996	4.4%	3,524,434,000	10,340,655,000
1997	4.7%	3,262,754,000	9,107,000,000
1998	3.8%	5,894,737,000	11,615,000,000
1999	3.8%	4,487,667,000	9,779,952,000
2000	3.9%	5,020,429,000	11,531,574,000
2001	4.2%	6,144,801,000	11,453,758,000
2002	5.3%	7,324,634,000	11,441,954,462
2003	6.4%	7,000,963,601	11,815,261,795
2004	6.2%	7,200,337,000	12,457,752,554

Sources:

- (a) University of Memphis Bureau of Business and Economic Research
- (b) Memphis and Shelby County Library
- (c) Memphis and Shelby County Boards of Education
- (d) U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; average of monthly rates for the year
- (e) Federal Reserve Bank
- (f) United States Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (g) Information not available

Schedule of Salaries and Fidelity Bonds

June 30, 2005

Official	Designation	Salary Amount	Bond Expiration Date	Bond Amount
Mayor and Staff				
A C Wharton, Jr.	Mayor	\$ 150,000	09/01/06	\$ 100,000
John T. Fowlkes, Jr.	Chief Administrative Officer	132,600	09/01/06	100,000
James F. Huntzicker	Director of Administration and Finance	132,592	09/01/06	100,000
Ted C. Fox	Director of Public Works	115,000	09/01/06	100,000
Yvonne Smith Madlock	Director of Health Services	103,896	09/01/06	25,000
Linda C. Rendtorff	Director of Community Services	103,896	09/01/06	25,000
George M. Little	Director of Corrections	103,896	09/01/06	100,000
Court Clerks				
Kenny W. Armstrong	Chancery Court Clerk and Master	99,602	01/01/09	1,060,000
Jimmy Moore	Circuit Court Clerk	99,602	09/01/06	60,000
William R. Key	Criminal Court Clerk	99,602	09/01/06	65,000
William C. Turner	General Sessions Court Clerk	99,602	09/01/08	60,000
Chris R. Thomas	Probate Court Clerk	99,602	09/01/06	60,000
Steve Stamson	Juvenile Court Clerk	99,602	09/01/06	60,000
Others				
Mark H. Luttrell, Jr.	Sheriff	109,562	09/01/06	50,000
Jayne S. Creson	County Clerk	99,602	09/01/06	95,000
Thomas F. Leatherwood	Register	99,602	09/01/06	25,000
Robert D. Patterson, Sr.	Trustee	99,602	09/01/06	18,747,600
Rita Clark	Assessor	99,602	09/01/08	10,000
All Employees	Employee Theft Coverage		09/01/05	900,000 per claim